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Established 1887

-Majlis to Debate Impeachment of Iranian President

TEHRAN — The Majlis decided Tuesday to debate the impeachment of President Abolhassan Bani-Sadr. The impeachment debate was expected to begin Wednesday and the final vote was expected in about a week.

Iranian state radio reported, meanwhile, that eight of the president's aides had been arrested. A bomb went off during the night at Mr. Bani-Sadr's house but damage was minor and no injuries were reported, a presidential spokesman said. The president was believed to be staying in his office. which was surrounded by Islamic Revolutionary Guards.

"The president has stated publicly that his life is in danger and his office is presently surrounded by armed men," a spokesman for Mr. Bani-Sadr said, without elabo-

As fundamentalist pressure for the overthrow of the 47-year-old president mounted, Mr. Bani-Sadr's cultural adviser, Mousavi Garmaroudi, resigned by virtue of his Islamic duty," the Iranian

news agency reported. There were unconfirmed reports that Mehdi Bazargan, Iran's first post-revolution premier and a strong supporter of Mr. Bani-Sadr, would be arrested. But a spokes man for the prosecutor general, Ayatollah Musavi Ardebili, denied that an arrest warrant had been is-

Suspicious Activity

The state radio quoted a statement from the Revolutionary Guards that the eight Bani-Sadr aides, members of the president's information office, were arrested at a house here following reports about "some suspicious coming eight were detained as they were cut off.

gathering places of the members and the leadership of recent conspiracies," the statement was quot-

ed as saying. In the Majlis, 138 of 183 deputies present in the 270-seat chamber voted with double urgency tence to remain president. About

By David K. Shipler

JERUSALEM - The stylishly dressed men and

women would blend into a crowd on the streets of

New York. But the blue numerals still are tatooed

on their forearms, and now and then there is a man among them who may point to a scar where a

Survivors of the Holocaust, who opened their

gathering in Jerusalem Monday night, came to-

gether in a mingling of sorrow and joy, in hopeful search of friends and relatives long lost, in a mood

to bear witness to themselves and the world. Five thousand assembled at Yad va-Shem, the

memorial and museum devoted to the Jewish vic-

tims of the Nazi camps, in Jerusalem. Each took a

single rose to toss in solitary silence onto the great

stone floor of the Hall of Remembrance, where

the names of the death camps are engraved: Da-

Here and there in the darkened hall, Ione fig-

ures stood bent, staring into an ancient memory, covering a face with a hand, brushing moist eyes

roughly with a sleeve and then taking a stride out

into the sunlight, where groups of survivors clustered in bursts of conversation and tales of

war and suffering. There was laughter, too, as

As darkness fell, they heard Israel's president,

Yitzhak Navon, admonish them: "It's your duty

to tell and retell the vivid evidence of your horri-

ble experiences to your children and grandchil-(Continued on Page 2, Col.1)

friends found one another and survivors celebrat-

chan, Auschwitz, Buchenwald, Bergen-Belsen...'
Soon the names were obscured by flowers.

Nazi pistol butt smashed his face.

1775

rial Posi

American Property

TAIRE BILL

CAIS-ANGLA

3,000 Party of God militants gathered outside the Majlis shouting Death to Bani-Sadr

The clerics and their front man, Premier Mohammed Ali Rajai, have steadily extended their hold on the government since winning control of the Majlis in the elections a year ago. Mr. Bani-Sadr, the standard-bearer of the moderate, leftist and secular factions in the Iranian revolution, suffered a grave setback in the power struggle last week when Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini, leader of the revolution, removed him as commander in chief of the armed forces.

The clerics then called for a Majlis debate on Mr. Bani-Sadr's

The 81-year-old Ayatollah Khomeini offered a reprieve in a broadcast speech Monday, de-manding that Mr. Bani-Sadr express "repentance" on radio and television for recent street clashes between his followers and the supporters of the Islamic Republican

Instead Mr. Bani-Sadr proposed a televised debate between himself and his hard-line opponents. But the ayatollah rejected the same proposal earlier this year, saying it would cause divisions harmful to the Iranian war effort against Iraq.

Single Supporter

The Majlis vote followed a debate in which only one deputy spoke up for the embattled presi-

"I know this much, that under present conditions, opposing dou-ble urgency of this bill is political suicide," said Hojati Kermani, adding nevertheless, "I am against

The Majlis speaker, Hojato-leslam Hashemi Rafsanjani, orand goings." The radio said the, dered Mr. Kermani's microphone

trying to destroy documents. The deputies approved a de-"Watch was kept, and it became tailed plan for the impeachment clear that this house was one of the debate, giving Mr. Bani-Sadr 10 debate, giving Mr. Bani-Sadr 10 hours to defend himself against his political opponents, who would also have 10 hours to argue that he

Voting on the president's lack of competence must take place in open session of the Majlis and will the assembly's highest priority — be binding by absolute majority to discuss Mr. Bani-Sadr's compevote," the approved debate plan

Sorrow, Joy Mark Holocaust Reunion



Deng Xiaoping, Communist Party vice chairman, greets U.S. Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig Jr., right, at the Great Hall of the People in Peking before a meeting on Tuesday.

U.S. Will Supply Peking With Weapons, Haig Says

By Don Oberdorfer and Michael Weisskopf

Washington Post Service PEKING — The United States has agreed for the first time to supply arms to the People's Republic of China, Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig Jr. announced Tuesday night after three days of wide-ranging talks with Chinese

Mr. Haig said the decision had been made in Washington to remove China from the munitions control restrictions preventing any sale of lethal weapons to China, which was considered the United States' most implacable foe in the

Chinese arms requests, once the restrictions are lifted, will be considered on "a case-by-case basis" after consultation with Congress indicated that potential Chinese

of the Chinese general staff.

The arms decision, taken in the context of what U.S. and Chinese officials described here as growing coordination and cooperation against the Soviet Union, is likely to prompt a strong response from Moscow, China's archrival and

moving slowly toward a close mili-tary relationship with China, especially since the visit here in January, 1980, by the defense secretary at that time, Harold Brown, shortly after the Soviet intervention in Áfehanistan. But until now Washington's limit was the supply of dual use technology and "military support equipment" such as radar, trucks and transport aircraft.

Reagan Decision

The decision to tell the Chinese leaders that the United States is prepared to make them eligible to purchase arms was made by President Reagan shortly before Mr. of "unusual significance."

according to U.S. sources.

Mr. Haig gave no indication Tuesday night whether the administration is considering govern-ment financing or other military aid in connection with Chinese arms purchases. These currently are barred by U.S. law. Mr. Haig neighbor.

The United States has been did say that the Reagan administration intends to ask Congress to amend U.S. laws "which lump the People's Republic of China with the Soviet Bloc."

Apparently because of Chinese sensibilities, Mr. Haig stopped well short of describing the Washington-Peking relationship as an alliance. After completing his talks, he said he informed Chinese leaders that the United States in-tends to treat China "as a friendly nation with which the United States is not allied but with which it shares many interests."

At a banquet for the Chinese earlier in the evening, Mr. Haig detogether to oppose efforts by other nations to achieve global or region-al hegemony." Mr. Haig said in a toast at a banquet for Chinese Foreign Minister Huang Hua. The banquet came after a two-hour meeting between Mr. Haig and Deng Xiaoping, vice chairman of the Chinese Communist Party.

Although Mr. Haig, making the first high-level visit by a Reagan administration official to China, mentioned no countries, the statement was an obvious reference to the Soviet Union and Vietnam.

Mr. Haig indicated progress had been made on the impasse over the thorny Taiwan question, saying that "during my visit I assured China's leaders that we intend to develop our relations in accordance with the joint communiqué on the establishment of diplomatic relations between us."

The communiqué issued in December, 1978, states that Peking is (Continued on Page 2, Col. 5)

Reagan, Citing Threats to Israel, Calls for 'Real Peace' in Mideast

WASHINGTON — President Reagan, declaring that "real peace" in the Middle East "is long overdue," also said Tuesday that he could understand why Israel believed its attack on the Iraqi nuclear reactor was a defensive action.

"We can recognize that very possibly Israel, in conducting that it because of this atmosphere mission, believed it was a defensive move," Mr. Reagan said. He declined to say what further action the United States might take—in addition to the previously announced suspension of F-16 deliveries—because Israel used U.S.-supplied planes in the raid.

Mr. Pennan was receiving at his Mr. Reagan was speaking at his

first news conference since the March 30 assassination attempt against him. His last press conference was March 6. He said he had decided to permit the People's Republic of China ing relations with Peking.

Mr. Reagan said this moves China "to the same status as many other countries, and not necessarily military allies of ours in making certain technology and certain de-

Budget Cuts Denounced

By Robert C. Siner

WASHINGTON - President Reagan attacked House Democrats on Tuesday for ignoring a "mandate from the people" by to buy lethal U.S. military equip-ment, as announced in Peking gram and return to spending poligram and return to spending poli-November election.

In a statement opening his first press conference since the March 30 attempt on his life, the president demanded that Congress "live up to its original commitment and deliver to my desk before the August recess" both the spending and tax cut bills that make up the heart of the administration's economic program.

In the sternly worded statement,

Mr. Reagan condemned Democratic-controlled House committees for trying to thwart the will of Congress, expressed in the budget resolution of last month, by making "unconscionable" budget cuts

that could not be accepted. He called on the House leadership to "revise the committee work so that it honestly and responsibly achieves the original spending goals" and warned that if this was not done, his administration would support a substitute budget resolution on the House floor.

No 'Academic Exercise'

The hard work of Congress in passing the bipartisan budget resolution was not an academic ex-ercise," he said. "It was a solemn commitment that transformed a mandate from the people into a compact with the people." Earlier Tuesday, the Senate

Budget Committee voted unani-mously to send a bill containing \$39.6 billion in 1982 spending cuts to the full Senate next week with a

by Secretary of State Alexander I think this is part of the normal M. Haig Jr., as a means of improvprocess of improving relations there.

> Reagan said in reference to the Israeli raid. "that Israel had reason for concern in view of the past history of Iraq, which has never signed a cease-fire or recognized Israel as a nation, has never joined in any peace effort ... does not even recognize the existence of Israel as a country."
>
> But he added: "I think the big-

> gest thing that comes out of what happened is the fact that this is further evidence that real peace, a settlement of all of the Mideast problems, is long overdue ... This is a compelling reason why we should once and for all settle this matter and have a stable peace."

He was asked whether he agreed with Arab leaders who said that because of the Israeli attack on the Iraqi reactor and the mild U.S. response to it, the peace effort of his Middle East troubleshooter, Philip C. Habib, appeared doomed.

"I hope it isn't." Mr. Reagan responded. "I think he has done a miraculous job so far, when you think that when we sent him there. the Syrians and the Israelis, literhad the weapons o ked, ready for war, and it's been several weeks now and no war has hap-

"It would be just further tragic evidence if this latest happening should turn this off, but until he comes home and says 'I give up.' I am going to believe that we can do

Offensive Weapons'

Noting Israel's threat to take military action to destroy Syrian ground-to-air missiles in Lebanon, reporter asked whether Mr. Reagan would consider such action a violation of the U.S. law restricting the use of U.S.-supplied weapons to defensive purposes

Mr. Reagan said he could not answer that now, but he added that he would "hate to see this happen." He added that the Syrian missiles "are offensive weapons no question about which direction they are aimed." But he said Israeli action "would end our prospects of trying to bring peace to Leba-non, I know. We are going to try to use every effort we can on either side to see there isn't a firing of

He was asked whether he felt it (Continued on Page 2, Col. 5)

The Unsocialists

France's new Socialist regime

has hit the fashionable set in Paris like a cold shower, or so

they say. The traditional June

season this year isn't what it

used to be. A year ago, the capital ran out of orchestras and orchids, black ties and

ball gowns. Now, some jet

setters are weeping into their champagne. But if the French are ducking out, Paris-based

foreigners are still giving par-ties, although they have cut

down. A recent large party, a

guest reported, was just as

glamorous as ever except, sigh,

no orchestra. Another famous

hostess sent an invitation for

k te June but the tenue, this

time, is de ville - meaning

goodbye ball gowns. Page 6.

INSIDE

EXCHANGING VIEWS - Yehuda Blum, Israel's UN delegate, talked with his U.S. coun-

attack on an Iraqi nuclear reactor. France and Britain Tuesday spoke against the attack and said that they would support a demand for Israeli reparations for the damages. Details, Page 2.

Poles Rampage at Rail Station; **Solidarity Condemns Violence**

WARSAW - Police detained 80 'have been expelled from the Polish persons after youths clashed with riot squads at the train station in causing the country's economic Katowice, southern Poland and and political crisis. Reuters quoted then thwarted a fresh outbreak of the official Polish news agency as violence, it was reported here Tuesday.

The incident was the second involving violence at the Katowice station and occurred amid what the official media have described as a general increase in "hooliganism" and violent crime.

The Polish news agency said the incident began late Monday, when two youths began fighting in the station. The fighting spread and windowpanes and clocks were smashed, it said.

Officer Injured

A station police officer was injured when he was hit by a bottle, and the station officers called for help, the agency said.

A contingent of motorized riot police arrived and quelled the disturbance about 90 minutes after it began, according to the news agen-cy. Witnesses and others helped lice track the youths, who had fled the station, it said.

trade union, a youth flourished a copy of the Solidarity weekly in his hand and sang the national an-"This was done to make it seem

that this action was carried out in the name of Solidarity," union spokesman Stanislaw Kruszynski said. "These people looked like drunkards, degenerates ... like hippies. In my opinion it was too soft an intervention and not suffi-

cent.

He said local opinion held that the violence "was organized, not accidental," adding that and the Solidarity chapter in Katowice appealed to the local citizenry "to counteract these provocations and acts of hooliganism and call on the authorities to act decidedly in cases of breaking the law."

Party Officials Expelled

The news agency said that police thwarted an "attempt to start an adventure" at the station at 10:30 Tuesday morning after beefing up regular police patrols there.

It also said that the provincial governor had instituted an "accelerated court procedure" to handle cases stemming from the incident.

Communist Party for their part in

[Charges were examined against 1,432 others, the agency said, citing findings of the Central Party Control Commission. The expulsions were for using posts for per-sonal profit, it said, adding that the commission also reviewed 20 cases in the central and provincial authorities, dismissing two persons and warning or punishing others.]

In other developments, the defense at the trial of four anti-Communist dissidents in Warsaw demanded the trial be postponed for at least a month to give them a chance to study the indictment. The defense of the four mem-

bers of the Confederation of Independent Poland also demanded changes in the indictment, which

precise. The indictment included charges such as operations aimed at overthrowing the regime and cutting the alliance with the Soviet

After a two-hour session, court adjourned until Wednesday to consider the proposal. The trial of the four, including

the group's leader and co-founder. Leszek Moczulski, began Monday.

Bonn Expresses Concern

BONN (Reuters) - The chief West German government spokesman, Kurt Becker, said after a Cabinet meeting Tuesday that Bonn was following developments in Poland with "greatest concern."

The recent letter from the Kremlin telling Polish leaders to curb the reformist drive had contributed to the West German government's unease, he said.

Soviet Propaganda Belies According to the Solidarity Poles' Pledges of Loyalty

By John Darnton

New York Times Service
WARSAW — The day after the Polish Communist Party Central Committee ended a meeting with no change in the moderate leadership but with a battery of resolutions promising to go on the offen-sive against "forces hostile to So-

NEWS ANALYSIS

cialism," the Soviet reaction could be read in a six-line dispatch by

Leaflets attacking Moscow and the Polish party were still circulating, the press agency said, despite the pledges to stop them. In other words, the Poles' promises were empty air and nothing was really being done.

It is impossible to disprove the Tass dispatch — after all, on some corner in some provincial town, maybe someone was handing out pieces of paper. But it certainly was not the case, as the item seemed to suggest, that all Poland was awash in leaflets exhorting

people to rise up against their Soviet oppressors.

In reality, the "forces" that

Moscow deems bostile have been quiescent lately. KOR, the dissident group that helped the Solidarity union at its inception, has effectively stopped political activi-ties and its 30 organizers are considering formally disbanding now that their role as a yeast for the workers' revolt seems finished.

Change Within Party

The movement for "horizontal structures" within the party, as opposed to the orthodox Soviet model of party centralism, also seems to have lost some steam and the "horizontalists" apparently will be in a distinct minority at the watershed party congress scheduled in July. One of the movement's chief organizers. Zbigniew Iwanow, of Torun, has dropped out. "I have lost all sentiments concerning the party." he told a local newspaper last week. "Too many people in the party do not

Solidarity itself, while still in a (Continued on Page 2, Col. 7)

Habib in Syria; Press Calls Mission Futile

By David B. Ottaway

Washington Post Service BEIRUT - Philip C. Habib, the U.S. special representative to the Middle East, met Tuesday for two hours with President Hafez al-Assad of Syria amid mounting indi-

 Israeli diplomats maneuver to try to influence U.S. policy. Story, Page 2.

cations that his effort to arrange a peaceful settlement to the Syrian missile crisis was making little

headway. There was no official word on what the two men had discussed. But the state-run newspaper Tichrin described his mission as "futile" and "no longer useful" while repeating once again the Syrian position that "it will not withdraw its missiles from Lebanon because

they are defensive weapons." The missiles - Soviet-made, ground-to-air SAM-6s - appeared in late April in Lebanon's Bekaa Valley after Israeli jets shot down two Syrian helicopters there, touching off the present crisis and fears of another Mideast war.

Prime Minister Menachem Begin of Israel has repeatedly said that if Mr. Habib cannot get Syrian agreement to remove the missiles, Israel will send planes to de-

In the past several days, he has again indicated that his patience with the Habib mission is growing short, and that if the U.S. envoy does not bring word of a Syrian readiness to withdraw the missiles when he comes to Tel Aviv. Israel will act to remove them.

Although his movements have been kept secret, Mr. Habib may go to Israel as early as Wednesday. according to reports here.

Mr. Habib arrived in Damascus, on Monday night from Saudi Arabia, where he met with Prince Fahd, the day-to-day ruler of the kingdom; Prince Sultan, the national guard commander, and Prince Saud al-Faisal, the Saudi foreign minister.

The United States had been

counting on Saudi Arabia help to

persuade Syria of the need for a

compromise to avoid a military

confrontation with Israel. But

statements from Saudi officials

and the press there suggest that the kingdom, although a close ally of the United States, is no longer in a that Israel used intelligence informood to exercise its influence with made planes on the Iraqi nuclear reactor outside Baghdad.

REMEMBERING - A survivor of Nazi

concentration camps tossed a rose onto the

floor of the Hall of Remembrance, Israel's

Holocaust memorial, where the names of

the German death camps are engraved.

prospects for the Habib mission These comments stand in sharp contrast to official U.S. comments that Mr. Habib's talks with Saudi leaders were "very useful."

In an interview Sunday on U.S.

television, Prince Saud called the

Whether Mr. Habib is making any progress in his quest for a compromise solution is impossible to tell in the absence of any substantive comment from any of the participants. But some observers here said the fact the Syrian gov-ernment kept its silence after Mr. Assad's meeting with Mr. Habib could be a sign that it was still willing to give the U.S. envoy a chance

U.S. Role Denied

to achieve a settlement.

The second second with the second second

TEL AVTY (UPI) — Yehoshua United States ... which blesses all Saguy, the Israeli chief of military Israeli actions and aggressions."

ports in the Israeli press Monday mation gathered by the United Syria on Washington's behalf fol- States in reaching its decision to lowing the Israeli raid with U.S.- attack the French-built Iraqi reac-

Israel maintains that intelligence

it received proved that the reactor near Baghdad was to be used to

make nuclear weapons. It says a

secret underground nuclear plant

was destroyed in the raid. France's Atomic Energy Commission has dismissed as "plain fiction" the Israeli claim about a secret weapons plant.

DAMASCUS (AP) -- Syria

would regard any Israeli attack on the Syrian anti-aircraft missiles in eastern Lebanon as "direct aggression" by the United States, the Syrian state radio said Tuesday. The broadcast said that Israel

was "the strategic assistant of the

Syrian Position

Oatar

Qatar has become a key element of the policy of cooperation that has united the Gulf states. A special supplement on Qatar appears on pages 7S-

Israeli Envoys Struggle to Sway U.S. Reaction After Raid in Iraq

By Leslie H. Gelb New York Times Service

WASHINGTON - In intense behind-the-scenes maneuvering to influence U.S. policy, Israeli diplomats are telling their congressional supporters and U.S. government officials that the Reagan adminisnecessary to restore suspended deliveries of military planes.

According to Israeli diplomats, Israel fears that President Reagan may have been maneuvered into a position where, against his own in-stincts, he will have to ask Israel

position on removing Syrian missiles from Lebanon.

on an Iraqi nuclear reactor.

France, Britain Criticize Israel in UN for Iraq Raid

By Bernard D. Nossiter New York Times Service

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y. -France and Britain have joined the procession of states in the UN Seits assault on Iraq's nuclear reac-

permanent members with veto power, declined Monday to support an Arab demand to embargo arms for Israel Instead, France urged that the council condemn the Israeli action and compel Isra-

Jews Recall Nazi Horror

(Continued from Page 1)

dren, to your friends, colleagues, comrades from school to school. Document it. Write it. Tell it ver-

archives, tape cassettes recorded with their personal accounts of their experiences under the Nazis. And a workshop was conducted for children of survivors who will collect such tapes, through interviewing from detailed questionnaires, many others who did not make their own recordings, or did

not come. Robert Clary, an American actor, came partly out of indignation at those who denied the Nazi ter-ror. Born in Paris, he was deported at the age of 16 to the first of four concentration camps, an ordeal that ended with a winter death march as the Germans fell back toward the end of the war. "Four thousand started out," he said. "Fourteen hundred lived."

"The intellectuals, the Ph.D.'s writing things denying the Holo-caust." Mr. Clary said, "they have the gall to say the ovens were there to bake bread. I lost 13 of my family. How could they say such a

IMF Also to Bar PLO at Meeting

Readers
WASHINGTON — The International Monetary Fund has voted to bar the Palestine Liberation Organization from sitting in as ob-servers at the joint IMF-World Bank annual meeting in September, monetary sources said.

The decision was made Monday night after several hours of debate by the IMF executive board and is identical to a resolution reached Friday by the World Bank.

The U.S. had lobbied to keep the PLO out of the meeting on Sept. 27 in Washington. The PLO has been attempting to be admitted to the annual meeting for the past two years.

Australia Phone Service United Press International

SYDNEY - About 26.000 telecommunications workers accepted a new wage contract Tuesday, ending work disruptions that has crippled communications throughout Australia for several weeks. Officials of the government-run telecommunications system, Telecom, said that services should be back to normal by the end of the week if a second union approves the contract Wednesday.

for concessions it will not make. These would include opening up its own nuclear reactor for international inspection, dropping its opposition to the sale of radar planes to Saudi Arabia, or moderating its

The Israelis say that the tration has put itself and Israel in a maneuvering is being done by Secquandary over what steps may be retary of Defense Caspar W. Weinberger and that it could result in further Israeli-U.S. tension, Mr. Reagan stopped shipment of four F-16 fighter-bombers to Israel after it used F-16s in the June 7 raid

The Pentagon has denied

United States in vetoing such a proposal and France may abstain when the measure comes to a vote

that the U.S. wanted to speak as late as possible in the debate, UPI

The nonaligned nations had originally called for military and

economic sanctions and for Israel

der International Atomic Energy

Agency safeguards." The IAEA in-

spects nuclear plants of states sign-

ing the nonproliferation treaty to

The Soviet Union, with China,

the other permanent council mem-

ber, is pressing for the strongest possible resolution to divide the United States from the Arabs.

Monday, Oleg A. Troyanovsky,

the Soviet delegate, repeatedly pic-tured Washington as the source

and inspiration of Israel's attack.

Mr. Troyanovsky insisted that

Egypt, the one Arab nation with

which Israel has a peace treaty,

Israel "would not have dared to

challenge the entire international

"place its nuclear facilities un-

U.S. diplomats have indicated that Washington would accept language rebuking Israel, provided that it can be voted upon separatecurity Council censuring Israel for

However the two nations, both [Meanwhile, nonaligned delegates have dropped demands for mandatory sanctions against Israel, hoping for a compromise Security Council resolution condemning the Israeli attack, United Press International reported Tuesday. el to pay lraq reparations for the [The council debated the raid Britain said it would sup-

for a fourth day while efforts conport such a move. tinued behind closed doors to for-This was taken by diplomats mulate an acceptable way to cen-sure Israel. Nonaligned diplomats here as a sign that neither country will back the Arab plea for sanctions and compulsory inspection of Israel's nuclear installations. made in the negotiations and expressed cautious hope for a con-Britain is expected to join the The U.S. delegate, Jeane Kirk-patrick, conferred with Western European delegates and Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim and said

bally. Don't let it be forgotten.

"Already now there are people bearing the titles of professors who

claim that the Holocaust never existed, it was sheer Zionist propaganda. Incredible as it sounds. that's what we hear. And the number of books piling up claiming that the Holocaust never took

The four-day gathering is intended to remember the slain, re-joice in the survivors and transfer the legacy to the second genera-tion, the children of those who survived. Recent questions about the occurrence of the Nazi genocide obviously motivated many who

community unless it were convinced of the understanding and There was a long line of people virtual encouragement for its addepositing, with the Yad va-Shem venturistic and expansionist policies from Washington." characterized the assault as an "irresponsible act" that "obstructs the road towards a just, peaceful

Sir Anthony Parsons, the British delegate, warned that Israel's raid "has very serious implications for the international nuclear safeguards system." It "amounts to an attack on the IAEA safeguards re-

The IAEA in Vienna has said it has inspected Irao's nuclear facilities and found no weapons production. Israel is not inspected because it has not signed the nonproliferation treaty.

2 Arab Nations Plan to Build Nuclear Plants

Reaters

DAMASCUS — Syria is planning to build a nuclear power plant to generate electricity and reduce the high cost of importing fuel, according to the country's

minister for electric power.

The minister, Omar Yousef, made the announcement Monday at the opening session of the first Arab nuclear conference, which is taking place in Damascus a bit more than a week after Israeli jets destroyed an Iraqi nuclear reactor outside Baghdad. Mr. Yousef said. the Syrian nuclear plant would be finished by 1991.

The United Arab Emirates said it was also planning to use atomic power to generate electricity. The electricity and water minister for the Emirates, Hamed bin Nasser al-Oweiss, said an expert from the International Atomic Energy Agency had arrived in Abu Dhabi four months ago to prepare a study on the proposed nuclear installation. The power plant would probably be built by 1990, the

minister added. Ten Arab countries - not including Iraq — and the Palestine Liberation Organization are taking part in the conference. Also participating are government and scientific organizations from several Western nations, Japan and India, along with representatives of the Arab League and the IAEA.

charges by Mr. Begin that Mr. Weinberger recommended more than the suspension of F-16 de-

Administration officials say that it was the Israeli strike against the reactor that put everyone in a quandary, and that it is the Israelis who are now doing the maneuver-ing to head off what an official termed "imagined" problems.

As for the Syrian anti-aircraft missiles in Lebanon, Israeli diplomats fear that the administration is no longer calling for a complete withdrawal of the weapons. Asked about this, a White House official did not deay the possibility. "What missiles are removed is subject to interpretation," the official

As Israeli diplomats portray it, the situation may be out of Mr. Reagan's control. While telling Israel that no "fundamental re-evaluation" of relations was in pros-pect, he told Congress that the Is-raeli attack might be a "substantial violation" of law. This goes further than any previous judgment about Israeli use of U.S.-supplied arms, and the Israelis fear that Mr. Reagan will have to show he got something in return for setting those words aside and lifting the

Compromise Feared

When Israeli forces moved into Lebanon in 1978, the Carter administration simply mentioned a possible violation, without going to Congress, and the prospect of further action was dropped when Israel agreed to remove its troops.

As evidence of slippage in the president's pledge to bring about the withdrawal of all Syrian missiles from Lebanon, Israeli diplo-"slow progress" was being mats point to State Department assertions that Syria had been moving SAM-6 ground-to-air mis-siles in and out of Lebanon before the recent crisis. The Israelis conclude that the United States may be trying to work out a compromise that would allow some mis-

siles to remain in Lebanon. The diplomats also cite the new Saudi Arabian proposals, which they say are really U.S. proposals, calling for a phased withdrawal of Syrian missiles. By the Israeli interpretation, the proposal does not specify all missiles and does not call for withdrawal of any missiles ensure that they are not making until the end of a long process.

Pre-Election Tension

While they seek to influence U.S. policy, Israeli diplomats have been bemoaning their predica-ment. They say they are hearing U.S. officials and private citizens express reservations about the raid. And they complain of a highly charged atmosphere in Israel caused by the coming elections.

The diplomats say the elections affect their reporting of what is going on in Washington. They worry that if they report anything could be leaked to the press by pro-Begin or anti-Begin forces.

Mr. Begin comes in for criticism by the diplomats for not being in charge of his own policies but drifting from one mood to another, and especially for aggravating the reaction in the United States

BRUSSELS — The European

Economic Communityhas again taken up the issue of a general ban

on the use of hormones for live-

stock but could not decide on the

mild compromise in Luxembourg,

but France, which has the toughest

legislation against hormones,

misel would be only a half-solu-tion," said French Agriculture

Minister Edith Cresson, "and, in

the interest of consumers, I cannot accept it."

of synthetic hormones and to al-

low national legislations to deal

Reuters

MOSCOW — The Soviet Union has promised that it will continue to give priority to Argentina as a supplier of foreign grain, according to senior Argentine officials.

The officials said here Monday

that the two countries had agreed

to postpone until the end of the

year any discussion on expanding

the minimum levels of Soviet grain

purchases that were set in a five-

year agreement signed last year. Trade Minister Carlos Garcia

Martinez said he was extremely

satisfied with his meetings with

Premier Nikolai Tikhonov and

other Soviet officials. Argentina re-

placed the United States as Mos-

cow's main source of foreign grain

when President Jimmy Carter im-

posed an embargo following the

Soviet intervention in Afghanistan

in December, 1979. The ban was

lifted by President Reagan in

Argentina Sees

The proposal was to ban the use

This [proposed EEC compro-

said French Agriculture

blocked the decision.



Two policemen with rubber whips beat a woman outside a Catholic church in Soweto.

10 Injured During Soweto Riot Commemorations

SOWETO, South Africa — Police fired tear gas at a church in this black township Tuesday, forcing hundreds of people away from the main commemorative service for Tuesday's fifth anniversary of the bloody Soweto race riots.

A police bulletin said 10 persons were injured and at least 100 buses were damaged in Soweto during the heroes day" commemoration marking the protest on June 16, 1976, by Soweto black high school stu-

kaans instead of English as the primary teaching language. By the time the nationwide turnoil ended in August, 1976, 614 persons had died.

A police spokesman said police fired tear gas after some stoning incidents behind the Regina Mundi Roman Catholic church. A witness said people who had seen the police action told her it was unprovoked.

Many stores and businesses were closed in this sprawling black township of 1.5 million

persons on the edge of Johannesburg. But a planned mass work boycott by the black labor force apparently was un-successful. However, attendance at mixed-race schools in major cities was reported very

Meanwhile, a 10-year-old girl was killed in a black township outside Durban when a bus ran her over as the driver attempted to drive away from youths hurling stones at the bus from the side of the road, the South African Press Association Report-

2 Researchers Get Suspended Sentences For Publishing Norway's Military Secrets India Cautions U.S. on F-16 Sale to Pakistan

By John C. Ausland

International Herald Tribune OSLO - Two researchers, Nils Petter Gleditsch of Norway and Owen R. Wilkes of New Zealand, were found guilty and given sus-pended sentences of six months each by city court Tuesday for collecting and publishing secret information about military electronic installations in Norway.

Mr. Gleditsch, a researcher for the International Peace Research Institute here, and Mr. Wilkes, a researcher at the Stockholm Peace Research Institute, were also fined 10,000 kroner (\$1,715) each and ordered to pay 10,000 kroner each in legal costs. The two institutions study security issues from a Scandinavian perspective.

The prosecuting attorney, Jostein Erstad, had sought sen-tences of eight months each for the two men, charging that they had violated Norwegian law by making available to foreign powers information vital to Norway's defense.

Mr. Gleditsch and Mr. Wilkes Norwegian intelligence installations, which was published in 1979. They said that their information about electronic listening posts was obtained from open sources, but the government said that the men had "pooled" infor-mation scattered through public that the men had documents about secret activities

with natural hormones. However,

while some countries European

countries also ban natural hor-

mones, other do not. France bans

all hormones and is supported by

European consumer associations,

which are urging a ban throughout

Growth Stimulant

for a solution to the the problem of

hormones, which are used to stim-

ulate growth in livestock, last Sep-

tember, after consumer groups

started boycotting veal across Eu-

rope, claiming that it was the meat that contained the most hormones.

and governments hurriedly met to

seek a way to solve the problem.

They decided in principle to ban all hormones and this placated

consumers, who resumed buying

principle, with no measures of en-

Split on Streamlining

Members of the European Parlia-

ment called Tuesday for the Com-

mon Market's agriculture policy to

be streamlined, but they were

British Conservative, Sir Henry Plumb, won broad backing from

the assembly's center-right majori-

the left, which said the report

British Labor member Barbara

Castle, representing the assembly's

Socialist group, said that the policy

was principally benefiting rich pro-ducers and wealthy regions and should be replaced by selective di-

A report on the policy from a

sharply split on how to do it.

failed to tackle basic issues.

STRASBOURG (Reuters)

Prices immediately collapsed

EEC governments began to look

EEC Fails to Reach Accord

On Ban of Meat Hormones

Monday, nine of the EEC minis- the EEC. They believe that hor-

Soviet Grain Pact

But this did not prevent in of hormones in cattle breeding, of hormones in cattle breeding, since the decision was only one of

ters were prepared to agree on a mones are carcinogenic.

to reach conclusions that could harm national security.

During the three-week trial, the defense lawyer. Ole Jacob Bae, in-sisted that the Soviet Union had learned nothing of importance from the study. He maintained that the authorities were upset because of their concern with keeping the report from the Norwegian people, and not because the infor-mation had been helpful to the Soviet Union.

The prosecution's case rested largely on the testimony of Gen. Sverre Hamre, Norway's defense chief. He maintained that the Gleditsch-Wilkes study had made defense secrets available to the Soviet Union and that it represented. an unacceptable threat to Norweigian security. His testimony was reinforced by intelligence experts, including two appointed

But Anders Hellebust, formerly a major in Norwegian military in-telligence and another expert witness appointed by the court, testi-fied that he did not believe that the Soviet Union had learned anything significant by the release of the information.

The long list of witnesses called by Mr. Bae included Defense Minister Thorvald Stoltenberg, For-eign Minister Knut Frydenlund, and Church and Education Minister Einar Foerde. Mr. Stoltenberg and Mr. Frydenlund testified while still under their oaths of secrecy.

When asked on whose initiative the installations were built, Mr. Frydenlund replied, "I have no problem with confirming that they were established on the initiative of the United States." Mr. Stoltenberg emphasized, however, that the installations are owned and oper-

U.S. Will Supply Peking With Weapons, Haig Says

(Continued from Page 1)

the sole government of China and allows unofficial contacts between the United States and Taiwan.

Attitude Changes

Despite stern warnings in recent weeks that continued U.S. arms sales to Taiwan would result in a strong reaction from Peking, the Chinese seemed willing after the Haig visit to at least temporarily shelve the issue while bilateral relations progress in other areas.

Mr. Deng, reputed to be the most powerful figure in China, met

Reagan Cites Israeli Fears

(Continued from Page 1)

was "appropriate," in the circumstances, for Israel to refuse to sign the nuclear nonproliferation treaty requiring its nuclear establishment to submit to inspection by the International Atomic Energy Agency. Mr. Reagan said he had not thought much about that.

Right to Exist

He added: "On the other hand. how many countries do we know that have signed it that very possibly are going ahead with nuclear weapons? It's ... something that doesn't lend itself to verification." Mr. Reagan continued: "It is difficult for me to envision Israel as being a threat to its neighbors. It is a nation that from the very beginning has lived under the

threat from neighbors [who] did

not recognize its right to exist as a

nation. He said U.S. policy is "unquali fied - we are opposed to proliferation of nuclear weapons and do everything to prevent it." But he said this should not "carry over into the development of nuclear power for peaceful purposes," although that posed its own difficul-ties when 'you have at least opened a crack in the door where someone can proceed in the devel-

opment of weapons. But I am not only opposed to the proliferation of nuclear weapons. As I have said many times, I would like to enter into negotiations leading toward a definite verifiable reduction of nuclear weapons worldwide,"

with Mr. Haig in the Great Hall of the People. A U.S. spokesman said Mr. Deng had sent greetings through Mr. Haig to Mr. Reagan, Vice President Bush and former Presidents Richard M. Nixon and

Gerald R. Ford. The omission of

former President Jimmy Carter

was unexplained. Mr. Haig presented Premier Zhao Ziyang with a letter from Mr. Reagan inviting the premier to visit the United States at a convenient time. Mr. Haig said there will be further exchanges later on the possibility of a trip to China by Mr. Reagan.

On Wednesday morning Mr. Haig was to fly on to Manila to a

foreign ministers' meeting of the Association of Southeast Asian Nations, five non-Communist countries friendly to the United States.

The decision to supply U.S. arms to China may be controversial with those nations, some of which consider China the main long-term threat to their own se-

Perhaps in an attempt to provide reassurance, Mr. Haig said Tuesday night that the United States expects the evolution of an arms supply relationship with China "will be slow and measured and prudent."

Ambulance Strike Called Off in London The Associated Press

LONDON — London ambu lance workers returned to work Tuesday after a 24-hour strike, but they were set to join a nationwide strike Wednesday by Britain's 17,000 ambulance workers.

Police, Red Cross and special vehicles were called in when nearly 90 percent of the capital's 2,200 ambulance workers refused to answer emergency calls. Army vehicles were on standby.

Ships Collide off Sicily The Associated Press

TRAPANI, Sicily — Two Greek freighters collided Tuesday in dense fog about 80 miles (128 kilometers) southwest of Sicily, maritime officials reported. There were no serious injuries, officials said, but one of the ships, the 8,634-ton Charity, was heavily damaged and had to be abandoned.

(Continued from Page 1) tug-of-war between those who want to work for change inside the system and those who want to stay

outside, proved its flexibility when it suspended a strike threat last week to allow the Central Committee to debate a Soviet warning letter without additional pressures. Lech Walesa told autoworkers in Warsaw to "leave politics to others

tion and greater democracy in Poland is losing force. On the contrary, the movement has matured and affected all aspects of national life and all major institutions, including the party itself, so there is little need for radicalism. A consensus has formed that change must come. The debate is about what kind of change and how far it should go.

As well, the speeches of Polish leaders and of the Eastern bloc widespread economic misery tettes to toilet paper, with patience and stoicism.

The difficulty for the Polish

WORLD NEWS BRIEFS

Queen Rides in Open to Ascot Races

ASCOT, England - Queen Elizabeth II rode in an open carriage on Ascot race course under heavy and unusally visible security in the monarch's first public appearance since a teen-ager fired a starter's pistol loaded with blanks at her Saturday.

For most of the ride, the queen - with Prince Philip at her side, and members of the royal family in other carriages — was about 20 yards from the cheering crowd of about 60,000 people lining racetrack rails. Policemen standing 10 yards apart along the rails had their backs to the queen and faced the crowds, looking for any suspicious movements. Detectives also mingled among the racegoers.

The royal procession marked the start of Ascot week, the most stylish event in the British racing calendar. The queen brushed aside advice that she travel under cover. "The queen feels that if she is going to a public engagement, the public must be able to see her," a member of the royal

Spain Hints at Legal Action Against Press

MADRID - The Spanish government responded to the latest police irregularity Tuesday by accusing the press of an "insidious campaign" against the paramilitary Civil Guard and hinting at legal action against

The commotion was over Emilio Duran's expulsion from the Civil Guard after he fatally shot an unarmed man last weekend in a discoteque fracas outside Madrid. The security office of the Interior Ministry said that Mr. Duran had been fully disciplined, but there have been public calls for his prosecution.

A note from security office said that a full investigation was under way to discover "those behind these campaigns" against the Civil Guard. It said the government reserved the right to apply legal action.

Spain Abortion Trial Resumes Amid Protest

BILBAO, Spain — Feminists calling for liberalization of Spain's tough anti-abortion law demonstrated outside the law courts here Tuesday as the trial of 11 women on abortion charges resumed after a 20-month

The judge suspended it again because three defendants did not appear. Lawyers defending the women, all from the poor Bilbao suburb of Basauri, said two had not been officially summoned while the third had left Spain. The judge issued a warrant for the arrest and provisional

detention of the two women still in Bilbao. Outside the court, police broke up a demonstration by several hundred persons, most of them women, who shouted for the defendants to be acquitted and an end to abortion trials.

New York Times Service

NEW DELHI - An Indian Foreign Ministry spokesman said Tuesday that the U.S. decision to sell F-16 fighter-bombers to Pakistan would affect the military balance in South Asia. The spokesman also said that the U.S. decision "could undermine the

serious effort that is under way to strengthen the process of normalization of relations between India and Pakistan." The announced sale, part of a five-year, \$3-billion economic and military aid package, was announced Monday. The decision "could introduce immediately a new level of weapons sophistication into the region which would affect the existing balance," the Indian spokesman said.

Iran, Iraq Exchange Wounded War Prisoners

The Associated Press GENEVA — For the first time since fighting broke out last September, Iraq and Iran exchanged badly wounded prisoners of war on Tuesday, the Geneva-based International Committee of the Red Cross amounced. The exchange, organized by the Red Cross, took place on Cyprus. Iwenty-five wounded prisoners were returned to Iran, 17 to Iraq, the

The Iranians had proposed the repatriation, the Red Cross said, adding, however, that there were no plans for further exchanges between the warring Gulf neighbors.

Legislator Claims Drugs Found in Nimitz Dead

From Agency Dispatches WASHINGTON — A congressman charged Tuesday that autopsies revealed that most of the 14 servicemen killed in last month's crash on

Rep. Joseph Addabbo, Democrat of New York, said his House Defense Appropriations Subcommittee will hold hearings Thursday to ask Navy officials about the possibility that illegal drug use contributed to the crash of the EA-6B jet on the flight deck. Rep. Addabbo did not say

what drugs were found or in what concentrations. Navy Secretary John Lehman denied "categorically" that drug use had anything to do with the crash of a radar-jamming plane on the world's. largest warship with a crew of nearly 6,000, which was conducting exercises about 60 miles off the Florida coast when the accident occurred.

Soviet Propaganda Belies Poles' Pledges of Loyalty

— what we need most is peace."

None of this should suggest that
the tremendous push for liberaliza-

It is perhaps this realization more than anything else that has alarmed Moscow, which has seized upon isolated manifestations of anti-Soviet feeling to back its claim that conspiratorial forces are working to dislodge Poland from the Communist world.

press give the impression that the entire fabric of social order is rapidly becoming unraveled in Poland. True, crime is on the increase - to be expected during a time of but this is a long way from the "anarchy" and "chaos" portrayed in the speeches and commentaries, The Polish people have endured economic deprivation, standing in long lines for everything from ciga-

leadership is that, by accepting without reservation the Soviet

propaganda in an attempt to prove it is loyal and nonrevisionist, it has committed itself to fighting phan-tom battles. It will be hard put to uncover, much less prosecute, cases of covert subversion.

Solidarity is not crawling with neocapitalist agents of imperialism; it does contain some hotheads who get angry when the government does not live up to promises. Polish society is not riddled with agents and hostile forces; it is united, patriotic and supportive of a mass movement that vows repeatedly that it is not out to overthrow socialism, just to make it a little

#PF

more acceptable. At the same time, Solidarity has made it clear that it will not allow the party or the government to roll back any of its hard-won gains. Here there is room for conflict What disturbs the Soviet Union, some suspect, is not so much the occasional leaflet that attacks the Polish United Workers Party, the official name for the Communist. organization, as the fact that the Polish press has opened up to a remarkable flow of honest, at times even objective, information.

The letter from the Soviet Central Committee raised the stakes considerably. It did not achieve its evident objective — the overturn-ing of Stanislaw Kania's leadership - but it will make that leadership search for some way to show con-

Mount Etna Erupts

The Associated Press CATANIA, Sicily — Mount Ema erupted Tuesday in a powerful explosion from a crater on the western slope, authorities reported. The State Institute of Voicanology here said the crater was spewing only intense smoke and that there no was lava flow nor any seismic activity. Mount Etna is Europe's most active volcano.



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New White House Staff Criticized As Inadequate in Foreign Affairs

and Lee Lescaze Washington Post Service

WASHINGTON - Edwin Meese 3d, a student of management technique who is fond of drawing organizational flow charts, designed the policy-making system for the Rengan White House and decided to break with tradition by having the national security adviser report to him instead of directly to the president.

Now, after four months in office, some officials in the White House and other national security agencies think Mr. Meese made a major mistake. They are concluding reluctantly that the presiden-tial counselor is overextended and, as a result, the administration's ability to handle foreign policy questions suffers.

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In the domestic arena, the trio of Mr. Meese, the White House counselor, James A. Baker 3d, chief of staff, and Michael K. Deaver, deputy chief of staff, communicates and coordinates smoothly. But the administration's start in foreign policy has been

Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig Jr. and the senior White House staff have had their wellpublicized clashes, which appear to have subsided, reportedly at the insistence of the president.

Criticism of Allen

National security adviser Richard V. Allen, who runs the National Security Council staff, is criticized by some in the White House and at the State Department for failing to win the confidence of those at the top in the White House, except perhaps Mr. Meese, and for not developing the reliable analytical information the president should have.

The criticism of Mr. Meese is voiced less often, because of Mr. Meese's influence and power and also because he is genuinely liked by most of those who deal with him. But many feel that Mr. Meese has stretched himself too thin, a weakness that shows up most clearly in complex foreign policy

"What Mr. Meese needs is a Mr. Meese who can devote himself exclusively to foreign policy issues," said a highly placed official not in

President Reagan and Mr. Meese publicly proclaimed that this administration would reduce the stature of the White House national security adviser in order to avoid the conflicting signals that cananated from past administrations. Some now worry that they succeeded beyond their wildest s I mard in Nr.

Compounding the problem, said three senior administration officials, is the NSC staff. "It's a weak staff. We have to get more quality people in," said one. In an attempt to fill the gap in the White House decision-making system, some senior officials have turned to Vice President Bush. Mr. Bush has been a prominent role. An ad hoc group, nameless so far, has formed around Mr. Bush and met in an effort to help coordinate foreign

critics of the foreign policy pro-cess say decisions careen from issue to issue without the central focus that has been imposed on

"What we need to do is to pull priorities together. We have to start asking the hard questions," said a senior official. For example: Is El Salvador still an issue? What should be done about U.S.-China relations, an important policy that has been on the back burner since

Zigs and Zags

Soviet policy, despite assurances from White House policy-makers that a clear message has been sent to Moscow, appears to be a series of zigs and zags like the often-de-nounced Carter administration

The Reagan anti-Soviet rhetoric has been strong, but for domestic reasons the most dramatic anti-So-viet action by Carter — the grain embargo in response to the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan — was lifted by Mr. Reagan. In addition, the administration has moved toward talks on limiting nuclear weapons based in Europe, talks that Moscow wants, and the Russians have been reinvolved in the Mideast diplomatic negotiations after their ally, Syria, moved anti-aircraft missiles into Lebanon.

Other early foreign policy decisions appear to have been produced by differing processes.

This politically assure adminis-This politically astute adminis-

tration looks most politically inept on its decision to sell a package of Air Force equipment, including ra-dar reconnaissance planes known as AWACS, to Saudi Arabia. Senior White House aides say they will win the required congressional approval of the sale, but it is shaping up as what one called "a classic

political battle." In the Senate, Republican after Republican has gone on record with serious reservations about the sale. And the list includes Reagan supporters without large Jewish

Free Trade

Another decision, the attempt to balance Mr. Reagan's longstanding commitment to free trade with his campaign promise to help the U.S. auto industry, resulted in a



"voluntary" Japanese pledge to re-duce exports of cars to the United States. The pledge occurred, how-ever, only after the disagreements in the Cabinet were aired in a series of conflicting statements that led one senior White house adviser to say the handling of the auto im-

ports question had been thoroughly fouled up. Mr. Allen took himself out of the discussions over auto imports in order to avoid the appearance of conflict of interest. Before joining the administration Mr. Allen represented the Japanese auto company Nissan, maker of Dat-

Mr. Meese rejects suggestions that the National Security Council staff has been throttled back too far or that he and Mr. Allen have not succeeded in creating the right framework. Mr. Meese is pleased with the organization and says there is no need to alter it.

In public, Mr. Reagan, Mr. Haig, Mr. Allen and the trio of Mr. Meese, Mr. Baker and Mr. Deaver make no complaints about the foreign policy process.

Mr. Reagan went out of his way

to proclaim the recent NATO ministerial meeting in Rome a "triumph." The visit here of Japanese Premier Zenko Suzuki was considered a success although it led to strains inside the Suzuki government that brought about the resignation of the foreign minister.

We do not have a coherent foreign policy," said a Reagan inti-mate who has studied the process. We have some themes — the Russians are bad, the Brits are good —

but there is not a foreign policy framework comparable to what Reagan has done on the economic program ... Above all, we need a National Security Council. What we have is a disaster waiting for a place to happen."

No 'Biblical Scheme'

"We do indeed know where we're going," Mr. Allen said. "But we don't have a Biblical scheme, a blueprint complete in every detail, telling us that we have to be at

such a point by July 1 and at another point by Aug. 1."

Some of those who deal with
Mr. Allen find him disorganized
and lacking in detailed, professional information. Reporters criticize

his briefings.
As to Mr. Haig, after his conflict with the White House senior staff over organization of foreign poli-cy, he has become less inclined to confrontation. Mr. Haig's natural instincts are to fight for turf, and his basic early problem with the White House was that the president does not like turf fights.

Mr. Meese has what Mr. Haig

— an intimate understanding of the Reagan approach and an easygoing disposition. But Mr. Mrese also lacks what Mr. Haig has — a foreign policy background and friendships with the leaders of many allied nations.

One aid to communication between the White House and the State Department has been the presence of William P. Clark, the deputy secretary of state who was Mr. Reagan's first chief of staff during his years as governor of



Edwin Meese 3d

California. Mr. Clark is the only person who is both the president's man and Mr. Haig's, and he also is a close friend of Mr. Meese, Mr. Deaver and Defense Secretary

Caspar W. Weinberger. Mr. Clark represents Mr. Haig at the Tuesday and Thursday national security briefings for the president and also substitutes for his boss whenever Mr. Haig is out of Washington. In addition, Mr. Clark is on the telephone to members of the trio several times a day. Mr. Deaver described Mr. Clark's role as "indispensable."

But the question remains whether the administration can manage foreign policy in a real crisis with a jerry-built structure that some of its own leading players do

CLA Revision Notes Growth, Ferocity Of World Terror Incidents Since 1968

By George Lardner Jr.

Washington Post Service
WASHINGTON — The CIA, in new annual report that listed thousands more international terrorist incidents than it had counted previously, has warned that such attacks are growing bloodier

The number of terrorist incidents apparently aimed at causing casualties - most notably assassi nation attempts — increased dra-matically in 1980," the agency said, attributing much of the rise to well-planned campaigns by Libya and other governments and organizations in the Middle East. Even more dramatic was the overall rise in CIA statistics on ter-

keeping computerized records on terrorism. The agency said that its previous data had been too dependent on "U.S. sources" and that it now is satisified that its records are "complete and current." The report also listed several new categories, including "threats" and "hoaxes," which had never

Old Numbers Replaced

The CIA study did not make special mention of that but did announce, in a footnote, that "statistics in this publication replace all statistics in our previous surveys."

As a result, the agency's Nation-Foreign Assessment Center,

was both a careful straddle of the

controversy in his first presidential

mention of voting rights and a for-

mal reiteration of what his aides

some of the act's provisions, in

particular those provisions which

impose burdens unequally upon different parts of the nation," Mr.

Reagan said. "But I am sensitive

also to the fact that the spirit of the act marks this nation's com-

mitment to full equality for all

Americans, regardless of race, col-

or or national origin.
"Because my administration in-

tends to maintain that commit-

ment, the question before us in the

months ahead will not be whether

protect are worthy of protection,

the most appropriate means of

complete the Justice Department's

report on the act by Oct. 1.

The Voting Rights Act, which its supporters hall as perhaps the most successful civil rights legisla-

tion in U.S. history, has been extended twice — in 1970 and 1975.

The Associated Press

Soviet Union's far eastern Kam-

chatka peninsula has erupted, sending a column of ashes 8 kilom-eters (5 miles) high and spreading

a stream of lava up to 400 meters

wide, Tass reported Tuesday.

MOSCOW - A volcano on the

Soviet Volcano Erupts

has atta

"I am sensitive to the controver-

have been saying.

Reagan Requests Review Of Voting Act Provisions

Washington Post Service

WASHINGTON -- President Reagan has asked the Justice Department to determine whether the Voting Rights Act — key provisions of which expire in 1982 — is still the best way of protecting the political rights of minority Ameri-

In Mr. Reagan's first statement on the civil rights legislation, he made clear in a letter Monday to Attorney General William French Smith that he is of two minds about the act and his support for renewal in its current form should not be taken for granted.

Mr. Reagan said the 1965 act made "a massive contribution" to achieving political equality for blacks and Mexican-Americans, but echoed the concern he voiced during his presidential campaign that it imposes unequal burdens on some parts of the nation.

One of the provisions expiring next year requires nine states—
Alabama, Alaska, Arizona, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, South
Carolina, Texas and Virginia and parts of 13 others to get approval from the attorney general or the U.S. District Court in Washngton before making any change in their election laws or practices. Those areas have a demonstrated propensity for discrimination, according to the act.

Thurmond Opposed

Sen. Strom Thurmond of South Carolina, Republican chairman of the Senate Judiciary Committee, is among those critical of the Voting Rights Act for treating the South unfairly. He favors repeal on the

Another foe of the act, Rep. Henry J. Hyde, Republican of Ili-nois, has said: "The time has come for us to recognize that it is outrageous to require local officials to come to Washington to pre-clear [election] laws."

Civil rights leaders have been equally adament that, without the clearance provision, the voting rights of blacks and Spanishspeaking Americans would slip

Mr. Reagan's top aides have said recently that the administra-tion is reviewing the act. Mr. Reagan's letter asking Mr. Smith to assess the legislation therefore



which produced the report, said there were 6,714 international terrorist incidents from 1968 through 1980, including 760 last year. By contrast, last year's report said there had been only 3,336

such incidents from 1968 through 1979, with a peak of 413 in 1976. The 6,714 total includes 1,008 threats, 58 hoaxes and 121 cases of "conspiracy," another new catego-ry. The revision coincides with a new emphasis, within the administration and on Capitol Hill, on

dangers of worldwide terrorism. **Americans Targeted**

According to the CIA, citizens of the United States, especially businessmen, remain a primary target of terrorist attacks, particularly in the Middle East and Latin America. Six Americans in El Salvador, two in Turkey, one in the Philippines and one on the occu-pied West Bank were killed in international terrorist attacks last year, and 94 Americans were

wounded, the report said. The next "most victimized nationalities" were, in order, Israelis, Russians, Turks. Iraqis and Li-byans, the CIA said. This was a notable change from 1979 when the favorite targets were Americans. British and French

"Last year marked the first year that a large number of deadly terrorist attacks were carried out by national governments," the study said. "The Libyan government's assassination campaign against dissidents living in Europe and the exchange of terrorist attacks on diplomats in the Middle East were the most noteworthy examples."

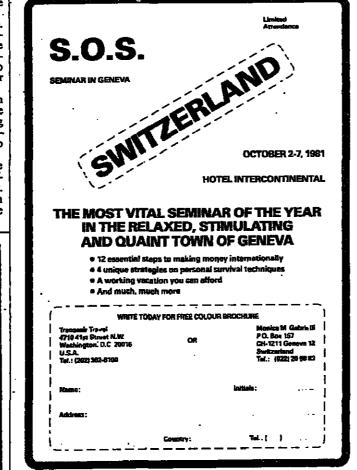
Rightist Activity

The CIA also noted a sharp increase in rightist terrorist activity in Europe, with bloody attacks at the rights which the act seeks to the Munich Oktoberfest and at the but whether the act continues to be railroad station in Bologna, Italy, ranking among the worst terrorist incidents recorded. guaranteeing those rights," he said. Mr. Reagan asked Mr. Smith to

The CIA said that the Russians are deeply engaged in support of revolutionary violence and that such violence frequently entails acts of international terrorism."

As for the Libya, where the Russians sell large quantities of arms, the CIA called the regime of Moamer Qadhafi "the most prominent state sponsor of and partici-pant in international terrorism."

In addition to a clear and consistent pattern of Libyan aid to almost every major international terrorist group, the report said, "our records list 14 attacks by Libyan assassination teams in Europe and the United States" last year.



Japan Denies U.S. Request On Defenses

Military Increases Called Too Costly

By William Chapman Washington Post Service

TOKYO - Japan's defense chief Tuesday rejected the most recent U.S. proposals calling for a considerable increase in Japanese mili-

tary preparations.
Joji Omura, director-general of the Defense Agency, said after a Cabinet meeting that he would have to reject any plans for military increases beyond Japan's cur-The latest U.S. suggestions, he

added, amount to "much more" than the levels set in that plan. Mr. Omura was referring to U.S. suggestions set forth last week at Hawaii, where military and diplo-matic officials from both countries conferred about Japan's state of military preparedness.

The defense chief's comments seemed to herald a disappointing result in the higher level meetings later this month in Washington. where Mr. Omura is scheduled to: meet Defense Secretary Caspar W. Weinberger. He said Tuesday that he will have to tell Mr. Weinberger that Japan will not go beyond cur-

rent buildup plans. His remarks also represented another step away from the generalized promises that Premier Zenko Suzuki had made during a visit to Washington last month, where he pledged Japan would make greater efforts in the military field.

The meetings in Hawaii and Washington had been planned to work out details of what once appeared to be a greater Japan military commitment in light of the Reagan administration's desire for an allied response to Soviet military advances.

But since the Washington summit meeting, Mr. Suzuki has backed off, claiming that he had not promised any new commitments with Mr. Reagan. He has also fixed a budget limit for next year that leaves little financial

room for higher military spending. Mr. Suzuki was placed on the defensive at home after the Washington summit meeting. He was criticized for bowing to U.S. demands, of secretly planning a full-fledged military alliance with the United States, and the dispute ended with the resignation of his

foreign minister.

That episode was quickly fol-lowed by the bitter dispute over whether U.S. ships carry nuclear weapons into Japanese ports. A general anti-military climate emerged that made it difficult for anyone in the government to seek an enlargement of Japan's forces.

U.S. and Japanese officials refused Tuesday to spell out exactly what increases the American delegation sought in Hawaii last week. However, they are believed to have called for very significant increases in air and sea forces in line with the U.S. view that Japan should take on a bigger military role in the Pacific Ocean.

Doctors Strike in Spain

MADRID - About 90 percent of the doctors in Spain's state hos-pitals began an indefinite strike Tuesday to back demands for better pay and working conditions, union officials said. The union said that urgent cases were not being

President Marcos votes in his home town of Batac as his three children watch.

Marcos Gains Re-Election in Landslide

By Henry Kamm New York Times Service

MANILA - President Ferdinand E. Marcos, running virtually without opposition, was re-elected Tuesday by an overwhelming majority. The voting was the first for the presidency since 1969.

Incomplete returns late Tuesday night gave the president 88 percent of the vote total, far ahead of Alejo Santos of the Nacionalista Party, on whose ticket Mr. Marcos was first elected in 1965. Bartolome C. Cabangbang, who advocated admission of the Philippines as the 51st U.S. state, received 4 percent of the vote in incomplete returns.

In 1969, Mr. Marcos was elected for a second and constitutionally last, four-year term. However, in 1972, the president declared martial law and remained in office after his mandate expired in 1974. He lifted martial law last January. In a plebiscite in April, he gained approval for a six-year presidential term without limitation on the number of terms, and called Tues-

In addition to the president, Mr. Santos and Mr. Cabangbang, 10 candidates representing largely themselves also ran.

A coalition of the premartial-law leaders of the Nacionalista and

all major newspapers, television and radio stations gave the opposition no chance of an effective cam-The president campaigned strenuously, with the help of his wife. Human Settlements Minister Imelda R. Marcos, against the boycott

Liberal parties campaigned for a

Afghan 'Fatherland' Front Is Inaugurated by Karmal

NEW DELHI — President Ba-brak Karmal of Afghanistan has inaugurated a much publicized national front organization aimed at combating disunity and broadening support for his Soviet-installed regime against the Moslem insur-

In a keynote address to the assembly of the National Fatherland Front, the president said its formation was "a great and historic step toward national unity," the gov-ernment radio reported.

rection.

The front was announced by Mr. Karmal last Dec. 27 on the first anniversary of the Soviet military intervention that brought him to power. It was officially sched-

Premiers Reject Aborigine Probe

SYDNEY — The premiers of West Australia and Queensland, the two Australian states most often accused of racism against aborigines, have refused to meet a World Council of Churches (WCC) delegation investigating aboriginal conditions in the coun-

Sir Charles Court, premier of West Australia, said the group was trying to generate propaganda and create divisions in Australia.

Johannes Bjelke-Petersen, premier of Queensland, said he was launching an investigation to expose the actions of the WCC, which he said gave large sums of money to terrorists. The WCC delegation was invited to Australia by the Australian Council of ChurchNew Year's Day in March. But sharp differences between the Parcham and Khalq Marxist Party factions reportedly held up its forlnauguration of the front fol-

tionality group were represented in

the organizational assembly pat-

lowed closely a major shuffle in Kabul in which Mr. Karmal, 54, apparently tightened his control over the government and party. **Broad Representation** The broadcast monitored in India said that Afghans from every walk of life and tribal and na-

terned on Afghanistan's traditional Lova Jirga, or great tribal coun-The assembly elected Saleh Mohammed Zeary, a member of the Afghan Revolutionary Coun-

cil, as president of the executive committee of the front, the broad-cast reported. Mr. Zeary is a member of the Khalq faction that lost power to Mr. Karmal's Parcham group in the Soviet-backed coup. . Four vice presidents and 23 members of the executive commit-

tee were also elected, the Pushtu language broadcast said. The vice presidents are Sulaiman Laiq, a close ally of Mr. Karmal who was appointed minister of tribes and nationalities last Thursday; Sayed Afehani, Najmuddin Kawiani and Sayed Ahram Paigir.

Mr. Karmal said: "The committee is to be responsible for uniting all the social classes, organizations, tribes, nationality groups, and so-cial and national personalities of Afghan society around the national fatherland front," the broadcast reported. :

over politics and government for 16 years, as well as his hold over

movement rather than against his opponents. Members of the commission on elections and regional and local officials declared the boycott drive a failure. Preliminary totals were said to show that 80 to 90 percent of the electorate voted.

Under the present constitution, adopted under martial law, voting is compulsory. Mr. Marcos throughout the campaign empha-sized the penalties, which include imprisonment, but suggested that those who abstained in the April plebiscite but turned out Tuesday might expect forgiveness. More than 6 million voters abstained in the plebiscite, out of an electorate of about 24 million.

Reconciliation Pledged

Interviewed after voting in his native province of llocos Norte, Mr. Marcos said his victory would usher in a period of "reunification and reconciliation." The president did not elaborate on his surprising use of terms that suggested a deeply divided nation.

Eleven soldiers were reported killed in two ambushes during the day. The killings were laid to members of the Maoist New Peoples Army. Mr. Marcos pledged on Tuesday an intensification of military operations against the rebels, as well as the Moro National Liberation Front, which seeks autonomy for the Moslem population of the southernmost islands.

The 63-year-old president will be inaugurated at the end of the month. Invitations to the ceremony were extended even before the

Norway Doctors Urge Ban on Tobacco Use

OSLO - The Norwegian medi-Cal doctors association has are the government to ban the use of tobacco by the year 2000.

The director of the State Office for Tobacco Injuries said that it was the first time that any medical association in the world had advocated a tobacco ban. A spokesman for the Norwegian Tobacco Manufacturers Office said that the doctors' demand was "utterly unrealis-

Inflation up.

hange and Money Markets disappointing trend i

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U.S. Interest Rates and Europe

on a collision course over interest rates and the Bank for International Settlements (BIS) has come down squarely on the side of the Europeans. It isn't that the BIS is opposed to an all-out fight against inflation by the Reagan administration, which implies high rates. It is rather that the bank, which is owned by its member central banks, fears that the social and political costs of battling inflation with strictly monetary means will be intolerable. The argument runs as follows: Europeans respond to the high U.S. rates by raising their own rates to keep money from flowing into dollar investments. That squeezes the European economies, some of which are already recession-bound, forcing up already high unemployment rates. And when those rates pass a certain unpredictable point, social disruption with the attendant political pain will result.

The United States is aware of Europe's displeasure. Prime ministers and foreign ministers have trooped to Washington and complained. But the United States has made it clear that it plans to keep interest rates high. Murray L. Weidenbaum, chairman of the U.S. Council of Economic Advisers, told a gathering in Paris recently that the United States had no intention of reducing interest rates until inflation was brought under control. Mr. Weidenbaum also indicated that the United States was not interested in negotiating with the Europeans and Japanese over interest rates at the upcoming Ottawa economic summit in July or at any other time or in any other place.

The Europeans, having heard Mr. Weidenbaum's rather intransigent-sounding warning, have decided, nevertheless, to make a discreet approach to the United States in Ot-

Western Europe and the United States are tawa. Ironically, British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher, who has been trying to solve her own country's economic ills with a monetarist approach, is in the EEC chair and must deliver the message. The recommendation can be expected to follow the general outlines of the BIS report, which suggests that some fiscal measures be taken so that interest rates can be allowed to fall. The bank even calls attention to the fact that incomes policies, short of full wage and price controls, are being used effectively in several countries, including West Germany. But the Reagan monetarists and supply-siders are unlikely to buy any kind of controls or guidelines, at least in the near future.

European leaders, including French Finance Minister Jacques Delors, have said that the United States cannot expect the Europeans to go along like good little allies on defense and foreign policy initiatives and then ignore the impact of high U.S. interest rates on their economies. But life is more complicated than that. First of all, the effect is not uniform. There are those who say that the French franc, for example, is just where it should be against the dollar and that the French aren't really all that concerned about the U.S. rates because the West German mark is taking the real heat.

The critical points, though, are the following: Industrial economies are interlocked; mutual interests are affected by shifts in U.S. interest rates; those rate shifts affect the strength of the dollar and therefore the price of oil and everybody's energy bill, since oil is priced in dollars. As a result, interest rates seem not only an appropriate subject for discussion between the United States and its al-

lies, but a necessary one.
INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE.

What Kind of Defense?

The alacrity with which Congress is authorizing a whopping two-year increase in the military budget — 28 percent, after inflation - reflects a consensus that more defense is needed. But even if the nation can afford that much more, it is not yet clear that the Reagan administration will spend it wisely. The costs and strategies of the country's biggest peacetime buildup are finally stirring public interest — assisted by CBS's commendable dedication of five prime hours to the subject this week.

The administration's \$1.3 trillion defense plan for the next five years is still only a budget in search of a mission that is yet to be fully defined. As so far outlined, its main objectives seem sound. But the forces, weaponry and industrial capacity that it implies could soon make it a mission in search of a budget. Without military economies, the cost is likely to exceed even the 70-percent increase in real annual appropriations that is projected from 1980 to 1986 — a leap from 5 to 7 percent of a rising gross national product.

The evolving strategy rightly shifts the emphasis toward the most likely military contingencies. It continues to prepare for the greatest but least likely dangers — a strategic nuclear conflict or a short, high-intensity war in Europe. But it also seeks new capabilities for protracted conventional war in several regions at once. That requires reshaping some heavy NATO-oriented forces and equipment for mobility and desert war, revitalizing reserves, expanding stockpiles. It means restoring industry's ability to mobilize, as urged by Under Secretary of Defense Ikle.

The Soviet Union can fight a long war in several theaters. It has acquired the ability to project force far beyond its borders. Gulf oil is the most vital Western interest thus endangered. But others could be threatened by local instabilities and by Moscow's buildup, by its new bases in the Middle East, Africa and Asia, and its proclaimed right to intervene on the side of assorted "national liberation movements."

The Gulf will remain the hardest area to protect until America builds adequate air and sealift units and bases there. Forces flown in during a crisis could be overrun, as Defense Secretary Weinberger acknowledges. America would thus have to respond in other areas, where naval superiority counts for more. But Europe would need reinforcement, even if it remained at peace, to deter Soviet retaliation there.

In theory, American forces are now structured to cope with a major war in Europe and a lesser conflict elsewhere, as in Korea. But that is true only in theory. The Gulf is much harder to defend than South Korea. And a multi-theater conventional war would far exceed America's capacities.

A recent study by Prof. William Kaufmann of MIT shows that the Reagan budget could close this gap — if the money were wisely spent. Only small increases in forces are needed. Most of the money should go for the state of preparation that experts call force readiness; for improvements in manpower and reserve units; for transport, stockpiles, mobilization preparations and for less sophisticated weapons.

But even Reagan's new funds won't be nearly enough if, as the 1982 budget suggests, huge sums are spent on unnecessary supercarriers, a 600-ship fleet, decrepit battleships, across-the-board pay increases, a revived B-1 bomber and, with SALT delayed, a new strategic weapons race. The consensus for more spending is unlikely to survive such extrava-

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Party's Not Over Yet in Poland

Make no mistake about it: The poison pen with which the Kremlin has addressed Poland's leaders is but the other end of a terrible sword. The pen, too, aims to force the Polish people to abandon their revolutionary experiment. The Russians appear to have decided that the top Polish leaders - Stanislaw Kania, the party chief, and Wojciech Jaruzelski, the premier - are weak-willed and heterodox and must be replaced. Yet for the moment, Warsaw has demurred and called instead for a concentration on economic revival under the direction of the present leaders.

The conflict may come to a head within a month, as the Polish Communist Party approaches a critical congress. The movement for "renewal" that burst forth last summer from the Lenin Shipyard in Gdansk has become a powerful force even in the citadels of

The latest Soviet threat is not a response to any major strikes or sit-ins. The Polish workers are more quiet than at any point in almost a year. With minor exceptions, their Solidarity union has honored the government's April plea for two months of labor peace. And the union appears increasingly sensitive to the government's external political needs.

The issue now, quite starkly, is ferment within the party, which the Kremlin deems even more dangerous than labor unrest. An orthodox, hierarchical party is Moscow's main instrument of imperial rule in Eastern

Europe. A party reformed from below would give revolutionary meaning to the cry to let "Poland be Poland." The party congress, if it proceeds as planned in July, could commit the party to this subversive course with new rules and even secret elections.

The Soviet leaders delude themselves if they really blame the personality or doctrinal inadequacies of the Kania-Jaruzelski team for the party's rapid transformation. These leaders took over a regime whose authority had crumbled. Their reassertion of some central control was in fact a considerable achievement, but it required significant accommodation to the spirit of the Solidarity movement. More dogmatic leaders would have foundered altogether. Permitting some party democracy and decentralization was a necessary price for restoring social peace and preserving a Polish buffer between the Soviet Army and a hostile Polish population.

It may be too much to expect Soviet gratitude for such a salvage operation, but realism may yet win out in Mr. Brezhnev's Kremlin. He will do all he can to brake the evolution in Poland's party, alternating between threatening letters and military maneuvers. But if he pushes too hard and tips the balance in Poland's Politburo against flexibility and pragmatism, he will inherit the direct confrontation he has tried for so long and so sensibly to avoid. Better, even for the Russians, to let Poland be Poland.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

In the International Edition

Seventy-Five Years Ago June 17, 1906

LONDON - London has of late become a city of bad smells and fearful noises. That terrific innovation known as the motor omnibus is at the bottom of it all. When there were only private automobiles, the odor was bad enough. But the huge, clumsily built motor buses bring both smell and noise, and their noise is unlimited.

Fifty Years Ago June 17, 1931

CHICAGO - Al Capone, Chicago's most bailyhooed badman, pleaded guilty this afternoon to having defrauded the government through falsifying income-tax returns and conspiring to violate the Prohibition amendment. Capone's appearance was expected to open a costly legal fight against the government's charges.



Southern African Realities

By Anthony Lewis

W ASHINGTON — The Reagan administration has had a hard time adjusting the simplicities of campaign rhetoric to the awkward realities of foreign

in much of the world - the

Middle East, as a notable example — there is as yet simply nothing that amounts to a Reagan policy. But in one area there is a clear new direction. That is Africa. In part by intention, in part by embarrassing leaks, the administration's ideas on how to proceed there are on the table. They offer an early and interesting test of re-alism, on the part not only of the Reagan policymakers but also of the other interests involved.

Common Interests

The much-advertised shift is lier relations with South Africa: less condemnation of its racism, less confrontation, more attempts to persuade and to recognize common interests. The assistant secretary of state for African affairs, Chester Crocker, is now on his second visit to South Africa. This time he is accompanying the No. 2 man in the department, Deputy Secretary William Clark.

The changed diplomatic attitude toward South Africa has aroused sharp criticism from black African leaders and from a number of American groups. There is obviously reason for concern in the possibility of the United States identifying itself with a state based on white supremacy. But the issue is not as simple as that.

The first priority of the Reagan people in Africa, as of their predessors, is to find an internationally acceptable path to independence for Namibia. That is the huge land ruled by South Africa for the last 60 years as South-West Africa. A low-level guerrilla war has been

simmering there for years. A Western plan for elections, supervised by the United Nations and leading to independence, was one of the notable examples of leadership by the Carter adminis-tration. But in the end, last winter, South Africa said no - and by all signs its government has never re-ally made a decision to get out of

Sanctions

What, then, can be done about Namibia? One course, pressed by African states, is to apply econom ic sanctions to South Africa. I think that idea is a dangerous illusion. There is no reason whatever to think that sanctions would work against a country as strong and economically self-sufficient as South Africa.

The victims of sanctions would actually be the dependent black states nearby — as Robert Mugabe of Zimbabwe has been realistic enough to say out loud.

The alternative Reagan idea is to work for arrangements to assure a certain stability in an independ-ent Namibia, and then to convince South Africa that letting go on those terms would really be in its interests. At the same time, in the Reagan view, steps should be taken for a political reconciliation in Angola that would, along with a Namibian settlement, see the Cuban troops in Angola go home. Can it work? Given the long his-

tory of suspicion and war, the odds are against it. But the fact is that for those who want an independent Namibia, the Reagan administration and its policy are the only game in town. Nothing else - not sanctions, not angry speeches can possibly convince the party that above all has to be convinced, South Africa.

One test will be of the realism of South African leaders - and their understanding of the American system. Some of them have reacted to the Reagan policy on Namibia in angry disappointment. They eviwisely going on from South Africa to visit him.

be the Reagan policy.
Jesse Helms is a powerful figure in Washington, all right, but any American government has to deal with other realities, too: American interests in black Africa, the American public's dislike of South African racism, the views of our European allies. Helms has just lost by a vote of 84 to 7 his fight to block Chester Crocker's confirmation as assistant secretary, and that happened because the White House would not give way. Deputy Secretary Clark is personally close to President Reagan: His visit with

Crocker ought to carry a message. But realism is also required from the "front-line" African states in-volved in the Namibian problem. They may find Ronald Reagan less congenial than other American politicians, but he is president and as a conservative he has a chance of convincing South Africa that it should leave Namihia. Robert Mugabe surely appreciates that, and Clark and Crocker are

The black Africans are worried that South Africa may use the new American approach to delay any real decision for years more. That is a reasonable concern, given the record, and the Reagan people know it. They have told Pretoria that above all they want a candid and early statement of South African intentions. They have to demonstrate that they will not let the

Finally, the Reagan administra-tion must be realistic about Ango-la. By asking for repeal of congres-sional prohibitions on covert action there, and talking of the need for Angolan political change, the administration looked as if it believed the United States could unilaterally impose its views.

That is fantasy, and the Reagan policymakers do not in fact believe it. They should make clear that they have a more limited, more practical view of what is necessary and possible to get the Cuban troops out of Angola.

\$2.1981, The New York Times.

explosive situation in the southern

Mediterranean and the forceful

policy pursued by Israel, which is

perceived in Rome as a U.S. ally in the Middle East, now point, how-ever, to a potential threat coming

At least three factors have con-

tributed to create this new situa-

tion. First, the presence of a pow-erful modern Soviet fleet, which

still has no adequate naval bases in

the Mediterranean, but may rely

on the missile sites and on a net-

work of air bases under construc-

tion in Libya capable of receiving

large contingents of airlifted forces

The second factor is the progres-

sive Soviet penetration in northern

Africa, mainly through Col.

Moamer Qadhafi's initiatives,

which may destabilize that area

and increase the threat from the

south. And a third factor is cer-

tainly the more active military pos-

ture of the United States in south-

As a consequence, another the-

ater of potential military opera-

tions, as important as the Europe-

an one, becomes a reality south of

Italy. The problem is that, in spite

of Italian and NATO efforts, the

southern part of the peninsula ap-

pears most exposed, militarily, in

vide the Italian political world.

There is a reluctance to deal with

the politico-military problems that

are involved and may affect rela-tions with the United States. Yet,

the premier who will succeed the

present caretaker government can-

not avoid taking a stand on these

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These are issues that deeply di-

his new scenario.

from the south.

of the Red Army.

west Asia

Italy and the New Theater Of Mediterranean Tension

By Enrico Jacchia from the north. The increasingly

ROME — The bombing of Iraq's nuclear site has taken the Italian caretaker government as much by surprise as everyone else. It has also introduced a new element into a political crisis that is already sufficiently complex. The underlying concern is the

politico-military situation in the southern Mediterranean. The Italian government has tried hard to maintain the best possible relations with all the Arab states of the Middle East. The oil flow from Libya has increased to a

substantial percentage of the Italian global import, while Iraq has ome an important buyer of Italian products, in particular military hardware. Although careful to comply with the rules of the Nuclear Nonproli-

feration Treaty, the Rome government, with its delivery of nuclear technology to Iraq, has risked straining U.S.-Italian nuclear cooperation.

Chain of U.S. Bases

But Rome has been quite cooperative with Washington on another sensitive matter in the same geographical area. The building up of a powerful chain of American aero-naval bases facing the Rus-sians in southwest Asia requires the use of large logistic facilities in the Mediterranean

The Italian peninsula provides ideal conditions for that purpose and a fresh round of bilateral negotiations with U.S. representatives on this subject has progressed smoothly during the past months. Smoothly but discreetly, because the Rome government wants to keep a low profile on matters concerning its military posture in the southern Mediterranean, the Middle East and the Gulf.

The Israeli raid has obviously projected the Middle East question on the foreground again. The powerful Italian Communist Party has grabbed this opportunity to press its views on these sensitive issues, right when negotiations for the formation of a new government are at a critical point.

The government that will come out of the present crisis is bound to face, unwillingly, a number of politico-military problems, which certainly existed before, but are exacerbated now by the mounting tension in the Middle East.

Italy's military posture for the past 25 years has been essentially directed to face a threat coming -Letters----

The Israeli Raid on Iraq's Reactor

tial threat to Israel. Many Israelis also feel threstened by demo-graphic trends which will lead to their being outnumbered by the Palestinians in their midst in the future. Would you also "understand" Isreali genocide of the Palestinians? Is there, indeed, any action Israel might take which you would object to? This Israeli raid, along with the mass explusion of Palestinian civilian population from areas coveted by Israelis seeking increased Lebensraum over the past decades remind one of nothing more than Hitler's trampling on others in quest of Nazi hegemony in Europe. Would you equally "understand" an Iraqi raid on Israei's nuclear facility. which, unlike the Iraqi one, is not open to international inspection? Israeli military dominance of its

H. CLARK GRISWOLD. London.

rael, that are threatened.

neighbors for the past 30 years shows that it is they, not "tiny" Is-

As a European resident for 10 years, I read with interest the editorials on the Israeli raid. The International Herald Tribune's thoughtful remarks, contrasted with the surprisingly regional ones of The New York Times and The Washington Post, spoke eloquent-ly of the IHT's "mid-Atlantic" view of world events.

RICHARD D. GRAHAM.

Who will answer these questions: Why does an important oil-exporting country like lraq need expensive nuclear power as a source of energy, when it can fill its needs

with cheap oil?
Why, therefore, does France, and to a lesser degree Italy, supply nuclear equipment to such a coun-

Why do those who criticize Israel for the destruction of the Iraqi nuclear plant not propose an alternative practical course of action

Why does Iraq now cry "wolf," when in September of last year, not in a pro-emptive attack of self-defense, but as an act of brutal ag-

gression, they invaded Iran?
Why is it lawful and responsible for the United States to invade Iran with aircraft and men for the liberation of a few hostages, but unlawful and irresponsible for Israel to destroy a plant that was capable of providing the means for the total destruction of Israel and its population?
Could this be the answer to

these questions: It has nothing to do with international law and morality, but with international hypocrisy. For nations do what they consider to

be in their national interest. A. NEUMAN. Montreal.

od argument in support of the Israeli raid in Iraq. However, it fails to take into account these two

1. Today, the policies of the Israeli government are one of the main obstacles to an efficient settlement of the problems of the occupied territories and of the Pales-

2. To terminate Osirak's exis-tence is one thing. To boast about it and to insult other countries is much more than bad taste. It humiliates Iraq, and, through it, all the Arabs. Furthermore, it makes the position of the United States, Egypt, France and of all the countries that would rather not hear and see anything much more embarrassing. Finally, it strengthens the image of Israel as a warlike irresponsible state (much like Saddam Hussein's Iraq) that shows little interest in peace-making Mr. Begin may have had some electoral reasons for behaving the way he did, but this should not prevent the U.S. government from making him pay a price for his dangerous

oratory. ROBERT DUJARRIC.

The U.S. commitment to Israel — both morally and materially — is now so great that it is doubtful if even the most outrageous behavior on the part of that state would draw more than a mild rebuke from Washington.

It is unfortunate, however, that Israel has felt sufficiently confi-dent of the traditional U.S.-Israeli friendship to launch an unpro-voked attack on a neighboring country under the dubious color of "pre-emptive strike." Prime Minister Begin, now widely known as a fanatic, now seems to be definitely paranoid. For to justify his "pre-emptive strike" on what would seem to be highly conjectural and poorly supported fears of a "second Holocaust" is hardly the lan-

guage of a same main. Surely, every Arab state is fully aware that a nuclear attack on Israel would not only, in all likelihood, kill as many Arabs as Israelis, but would be immediately followed by direct military retaliation by the United States.

issues. Both the Italian left and I appland the well-balanced editorials you print from The Washington Post and The New York

Your editorial (IHT, June 10) finds the Israeli raid on Iraq "understandable" because of a potentialist, who, after several weaseling paragraphs, reaches the truly astounding conclusion that the Israeh attack has probably saved thousands of Iraqi lives that would have been lost if the attack had taken place a few months later! Is he nominating Prime Minister Begin for the Nobel Peace Prize?

JOHN BARNARD ROBINSON. Chescrex-sur-Nyon, Switzerland.

First, I wish to congratulate the IHT on your clear statement. To The Washington Post and The New York Times, please allow

1) Nowhere did I read the word 'survival" for Israel. 2) Nowhere did I read that Israel has ever threatened to destroy the Arab world.

me some remarks:

3) Nowhere did I find that the editorialists, both of The Washington Post and The New York Times, point out why Iraq, one of the biggest oil producers and exporters of the world, has equipped itself with a nuclear reactor if it is not to build a nuclear weapon and not to produce a new energy absolutely unnecessary for that coun-

J. FRANCO.

May I point out a slight understatement in the final sentence of James Reston's article; "Jerusalem and the Bomb" (IHT, June 11). He says; "Israel may have set up a precedent for all nations to act on their own to bomb their oppo-

ments at will ..."

May I remind Mr. Reston that Iraq is Israel's deadly enemy, is in a state of war with Israel, has never recognized Israel's existance, has never signed even an armistice agreement after fighting several wars against it and has recently stated publicly that the "peaceful energy generated by the atomic plant" will be used only against the "Zionist entity."

JOHN NIMAN.

Israel knocks out Iraq's future atomic bomb factory and the West breathes a sigh of relief in private while condemning Israel in public. Enough hypocrisy: Menachem Begin should be thanked.

SHELDON PINE. Lucerne, Switzerland

London.

William Safire's article (IHT, June 12) on the Pentagon's overreaction to the destruction of Iraq's nuclear capability by Israel raises some serious questions about the suitability of Caspar Weinberger as secretary of de-fense. Please allow me to ask publicly what so many people are asking in private: How can a former senior executive of the Bechtel Corp. deal dispassionately with sensitive matters affecting Saudi The IHT's editorial makes a Arabia? I am not suggesting for a moment any inpropriety on the part of the secretary for defense All I am saying is that years of commercial dealings with the Saudis are bound to create certain psychological patterns and habits of thinking that may not always be appropriate in the infinitely more complex field of international rela-

> Mr. Weinberger is, of course, not Jewish but many people believe that his ancestors might have been. Could this be why he appears a little overanxious to demonstrate his lack of sympathy for the predicament of the Jewish

LIONEL BLOCH

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in Hea

ā

In spite of being an Arab, I con-gratulate and appland the way the raid was carried out. Crossing such a long distance in Iraqi territory to destroy such an installation shows a very advanced military ability.

London

Barcelona.

To us the Arabs, particularly to Iraq, it is a sorrow, a typical defeat. I thought the demolishing of the Egyptian sirports in 1967 was the last time Arabs would be so careless. After this raid I hope the Arab world will realize that more co-operation and strategy are needed, because without it we will remain desenseless forever, we will remain humiliated forever.

ASHUR AHMED AL-MUGBEL

Your astonishing one-sided editorial about Israeli's raid on the Iraqi reactor is disgusting. You can't justify Israeh's raid unless you believe that Israel should possess nuclear monopoly in the area, assuming that Iraq intended to make nuclear bombs, which is not the case, as evidenced by UN supervision.

This raid proves Israeli's determination to be the guardian, the only power of the area, and to conquer more land. Israel by this and other acts proves that it doesn't really care about establishing a peaceful coexistence with the Arab world.

Your article clearly show how blindly one-sided you are.

KHALED ALZAMEL Alkhobar, Sandi Arabia.

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Stephen Klaidman

1980

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Student Leaders, Separated by Race But United by Goals, Held in S. Africa

By Cynthia Stevens

JOHANNESBURG - Aziz Jardine, a detained student leader, reportedly had welts on his back when security police brought him in handcuffs to his home in a mixed-race township to search his

The 18-year-old high school student of mixed race, the youngest of 13 children, told his mother he had not been able to wash for three

The initial treatment of University of Cape Town student leader Andrew Boraine, 22, son of a prominent opposition member in the all-white Parliament, apparently was not so rough. His indefinite detention - also under the Internal Security Act - was no less heartbreaking for his family, how-ever, and all the more frustrating for critics of the white-minority

government's seurity legislation. Mr. Jardine and Mr. Bornine, along with two black university student leaders, are among at least 152 persons believed to be held without trial in South Africa.

Different Backgrounds

There are few similarities in the backgrounds of the two young men because under the country's 30-year-old racial segregation laws, South Africans live and are educated, at least through secondary

school, with people of their own and equal economic opportunity

of festivities leading up to the May 31 Republic Day, which apparently landed them in jail.

[Nothing has been said about the reason for Andrew's arrest last and mixed-race pupils in Cape month but it is presumed to be related to a rally the student leader addressed at the University of Witwatersrand in Johannesburg at which some students, mainly blacks, burned a South African flag. The New York Times report-

[A series of bombings, attributed to the banned African National Congress, also coincided with the official celebrations.

company has presented a conspiracy theory in which campus activism, flag burning and terrorism as different aspects of a single menacing phenomenon. The security police has long sought links between white student groups and black underground movements, the Times reported.)

For the student leaders, there was no cause to celebrate in a country that denies political rights

black, Jewish or whatever else."

there is a difference between races,

this type of problem is bound to come about," he said. "It is rather

S. Africa Churchman

The Associated Press

JOHANNESBURG — A Baptist

inister, the Rev. James Gaxele,

43, drowned as he prepared to

baptize four new church members in the Silver Park River, the Rand

Another Baptist minister at the baptism said, "Mr. Gazele stepped

in the river and prayed for a min-ute. He said, 'Lord, I am coming to

baptize these people in the name of the Father, the Son and the

Holy Spirit' As he said the words

'Holy Spirit' he sank into the mud.

I thought he was still praying -

then I realized that he was drown-

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Daily Mail reported Tuesday.

Drowns at Baptism

"But if you build up strength,

and socially, feeling

Afrikaners Fear Exposing Black Past, Debretts Says

politically

LONDON - Afrikaners, South Africa's ruling white minority, are reluctant to have their lineages traced for fear these will show black ancestors, according to the head of Debrett's Peerage.

"They are just not interested and they have made it clear to us why," Harold Brooks-Baker, managing director of the London publishing house said Monday. Debrett's is best known for tracing the genealogies of Britain's aristoc-

The Afrikaners, the descendants of South Africa's Dutch settlers, comprise 60 percent of the 4.4 million white minority and rule South Africa with a policy of apartheid, or race separation.

"Many Afrikaners have told us that the problem with conducting research into their families is the possibility of mixed ancestry being exposed," Mr. Brooks-Baker said.

Women Left Behind

"It is because the original Dutch settlers were real pioneers," he said. "Unlike the English, they did not take their women with them
... The inevitable happened so Afrikaner families often have at least one black ancestor."

Mr. Brooks-Baker estimated that 35 to 40 percent of Afrikaners have some black blood.

Mr. Brooks-Baker said the Afrikaner's fear of looking up the family tree has emerged during the last few years, when Debrett's has promoted its services in South Africa.

While there were few takers among the Afrikaners, he said. Debrett's has many clients among English-speaking South Africans.

Debrett's found no fear of turning up black ancestors among other clients in Europe, the United States, South America, Australia and New Zealand, Mr. Brooks-

And to many "blue bloods," he said, the suggestion of a black ancestor was glamorous. "Most members of the aristocracy find it rather glamorous to have black blood in their lineages."

Mr. Brooks-Baker said that Josephine Bonaparte, wife of Em-peror Napoleon I, had ancestors from the West Indian island of Martinique and was "proud" of it. She died in 1814.

"And if you tell an English aris-tocrat that he has Negro blood in his family tree, he is invariably proud of the fact," he said, adding:

Donald E. Ross Dies; a Pioneer In Health Plans

Los Angeles Times Service PASADENA, Calif. — Dr. Don-ald E. Ross, 88, who with the late

aid E. Ross, 88, who with the late Dr. H. Clifford Loos pioneered the prepaid health care field a half century ago, died Monday.

Dr. Ross and Dr. Loos, who died in 1960 at 78, began their Ross-Loos, Medical Group in 1929. Five years later, they were expelled by the Los Angeles County Medical Association because many documents. cal Association because many doctors felt they were violating profes-sional ethics. They were ordered reinstated, however, when the Judcial Council of the American Medical Association investigated and found no proof of the charges.

John G. Dinkeloo

NEW YORK (NYT) - John G. Dinkeloo, 63, an associate of the late Eero Saarinen and a partner in the firm of Kevin Roche, John Dinkeloo & Associates, architects of the Oakland (Calif.) Museum and, in New York, the Ford Foundation headquarters and 1 United Nations Plaza, died Monday.

James Webster

STRATFORD-UPON-AVON, England (AP) — James Webster, 56, author of more than 200 books on literacy for adults and children, was killed Monday when his glider crashed during a competition. In 1964 Mr. Webster established Britain's first clinic for children with

What the student leaders have in common is opposition to the ruling as National Party of the Dutch-descended Afrikaners; specifically, their efforts to organize boycotts

Mixed-Race Protests

The state-owned broadcasting

Threat of Banning

about a month.

Alex Boraine, the liberal Progressive Federal Party spokesman on education, said after a visit to Andrew at a prison in Pretoria that his son was concerned about the possibility of being banned. Andrew is president of the National Union of South African Students. "In Europe and in all stable communities, people are only too hap-py to talk about their ancestry, be

The government imposes banning orders against its critics to prevent them from being quoted, meeting with more than one person at a time and to forbid them attendance at public gatherings. The Institute of Race Relations a private, anti-apartheid research body - said 161 persons, most of them black, are known to be

Jardine, told South African report-

ers that when police escorted him

home they demanded to know the

"He asked me to bring him his history book, and I had to hold it

while he turned the pages because he still had the handcuffs on. He

found the section on the Russian

revolution and found the reference

and showed them it was part of the

"One policeman said he had never been taught that at school,

but the major told them to forget

it. I think he was embarrassed that it was in the school history book."

After a visit to Modder Bee Pris-

on east of Johannesburg, Mrs. Jar-

dine reported that her son was well. She said police had advised her that he would be held for

history syllabus," she said.

source of something he said.

Alex Boraine said his visit "reinforced my long-held view that bannings and imprisonment without trial are the symptoms of a very sick society. These summary punishments are inflicted on those who find the South African society abhorrent and are prepared to speak out against it."

When first taken into custody, Aziz Jardine and Andrew Boraine were held under an act that denied them access to lawyers, courts or their parents for two weeks. Now they are held under the terms of the Internal Security Act, which allows them two 30-minute, noncontact meetings a week and unlimited access to lawyers.

to the 23 million blacks, Asians and people of mixed-race, known Mr. Jardine's detention in late May sparked protests in townships west of Johannesburg early this month by mixed-race colleagues who demanded his release. Reports of police brutality against the demonstrators prompted Asian Town and Durban to protest, resulting in the closure of four schools for a week and suspension of more than 700 students. Mr. Jardine's mother, Fatima

> Rajiv Gandhi, son of Indian Prime Minister Indira Gandhi. was welcomed by his wife and daughter at New Delhi airport Tuesday after his successful campaign for a seat in Parliament.

Rajiv Gandhi Welcomed By Backers in New Delhi

NEW DELHI - Rajiv Gandhi. son of Prime Minister Indira Gandhi and a powerful new figure in Indian politics, returned triumphantly to the capital Tuesday after easily winning his own seat in Parliament.

Mr. Gandhi, 39, led his mother's ruling Congress (I) Party to victory in weekend by-election results. The Congress Party captured five parliamentary seats, a gain of one over opposition parties, with ballots in wo more races still to be counted.

Mr. Gandhi, who had campaigned day and night for a month across the sun-scorched north Indian plain, was greeted at New Delhi airport by his Italian-born wife, Sonia, and a throng of youthful party workers chanting, "Long live Indira Gandhi. long live Rajiv Gandhi."

The style was reminiscent of noisy rallies for his late younger brother, Sanjay, whose vacant par-liamentary seat he won. But Rajiv Gandhi, who has promised a new style of more serious politics, commanded the chanters, "Stop this

In state assembly by-elections, Mrs. Gandhi's party won all 12 seats announced in Uttar Pradesh. Bihar and Karnataka states. It also gained one assembly seat in Com-

munist-ruled West Bengal state,

trailing the Marxist Communist Party two seats to four. Rajiv Gandhi received 100,000 more votes than Sanjay had, with a total of 258,884 votes, 84 percent of the 307,523 cast. The nearest of his 13 foes polled only 21,188.

Sanjay Gandhi was killed in a plane crash while doing air stunts

Active Missile Lost in Bavaria

BONN - West German police and air force helicopters searched Tuesday for an air-to-air missile that was accidentally dropped from a fighter aircraft over north-

ern Bavaria.
The U.S.-designed Sidewinder, painted white and nearly 3 meters (9 feet) long, could explode if touched, an air force spokesman warned in a radio interview.

The missile was lost Monday by a Phantom fighter during a training flight over the Nuremberg area, but the pilot did not notice it was missing until after he landed. The spokesman said that a technical fault was almost certainly the cause of the incident.

War II, radar and anti-radar technologies have come to dominate human warfare, but a scientific study suggests that human achievements in electronic warfare are incomparably cruder than the equipment used by bats and moths locked in struggle for survival. In a report published by the

journal American Scientist, biologists M. Brock Fenton of Carleton University, Ottawa, and James H. nitch of the echo to estimate velocity and direction. Fullard of the University of Toronto conclude that bats and moths constantly improve their tactics to gain short-lived advan-tage over each other. Donald Griffin of Rockefeller

University made the landmark dis-covery in the 1930s that bats navigate and locate prey by listening to the echoes of sounds they emit while flying. More recently it was discovered that the hearing organs of moths can detect the approach of a bat long before the bat detects the prey. Prof. Fullard says some moths have apparently developed jamming signals that sound enough like bat echoes to confuse an attacking bat and induce it to veer away sharply.

By Malcolm W. Browne

New York Times Service

2 Auditory Neurons

"The amount of information that a moth can receive, process and use in making complex survival decisions is staggering, consider-ing its very limited equipment." Prof. Fullard said.

A moth's hearing organ is likely to be on its thorax, but may also be on its abdomen or in its mouth. "Information from that organ must get into the animal's central nervous system via no more than two auditory neurons," Prof. Fullard said. "That's far too few to allow it to distinguish between frequencies, but the physiological ap-paratus itself is often tuned to be sensitive only to those frequencies likely to be emitted by a bat. It is less an ear than a bat detector."

The cries of a bat are mostly far above the range of sound audible to a human being. People can hear sound from about 20 vibrations per second up to about 18,000 vierations per second. The sounds a bat emits to locate obstacles and prey may extend to as many as 230,000 vibrations per second.

Bats vary the length of their alls, sometimes sending out pulses of sound less than one-thousandth of a second long as they move in on their prey, and making lastminute course adjustments to compensate for the prey's violent eva-

But the main variations in bat calls involve frequency and harmonies. Bats use different kinds of sound to obtain different kinds of

Bats and Moths Found to Outdo Radar

NEW YORK - Since World information about targets. One bat call is a steady tone that allows the bat to estimate the speed of its prey and the direction of its flight. The system exploits the Doppler effect that causes the familiar fall in pitch of an automobile horn as it passes a listener and recedes. The bat call is reflected from the target insect, and the bat's brain compares the pitch of the sound it sends out with the

> Another kind of call is required for accurate location of the target. and this employs frequency modulation or change of pitch. Echoes from falling-pitch calls are heard slightly differently by the bat's two ears, and its brain interprets the difference in terms of the heading and range of the prey.

How does a moth jam such complex acoustical systems? "It's not a perfect job," Prof. Fullard said. The dogbane tiger moth has a blister-like protrusion called a tymbal on the side of its thorax. which buckles under pressure from the flight muscle, making a popping sound. When you compare the acoustical energy distribution in that sound with the echo location call of the big brown bat, they seem remarkably similar.

"When a bat hears this click, he might realize, if he had time to think about it, that it's not really his own echo. But there isn't time. The bat is flying at perhaps 5 me-

Pakistan to Flog, Fine Subversives

United Press Interna ISLAMABAD, Pakistan - Pres ident Mohammed Zia ul-Haq has issued a new regulation giving martial law authorities broad powers to fine, flog and imprison for up to five years anyone involved in agitation or subversive activity.

The regulation covers civil servants and employees of government corporations such as Pakistan International Airlines, the national steel corporation and banks. It empowers military authorities to dismiss or prematurely retire a person from service or, if a military officer, to strip him of rank.

The new regulation apparently was prompted by an employees' work slowdown at the airline. The Pakistan Times reported Sunday that the company was "facing extremely serious difficulties resulting from poor management and union activities," and implying that some cabin crews were engaged in smuggling.

During Life-or-Death Aerial Skirmishes ters a second, a sound like an echo has penetrated his physiological filters, and he has a thousandth of a second or so to decide what to do. He can't risk the possibility of crashing into a tree, so he swerves,

and the moth survives." Moths have learned to vary behavior during an attack so as to prevent bats from anticipating their moves. When a moth hears a distant bat sending out search sounds, it flees in the opposite direction. When the bat's sounds are

loud enough to signify imminent attack, the moth folds its wings and dives for the ground. The bat detectors of moths are usually tuned to the frequencies of the average bats in the neighborhood, and when a new type of bat turns up it may have a tremendous advantage in catching moths deaf to its signals, until natural selection catches up and properly tuned

moths evolve. "It's a very dynamic process," Prof. Fullard said, "because the bat and moth populations are constantly changing and their relationships change. Most insectivorous bats eat a wide variety of insects besides moths, but in spring, lactating mother bats seem to have a marked preference for moths. That increases predation pressure and forces adaptation on the

moths. It's a never-ending cycle. "But the amazing thing is the sheer volume of information processing and profound neurological decisions handled by both the bats and the moths, using a very limited number of nerve cells. They exhibit a degree of economy and sophistication that could be the envy of human aerial warfare strategists."

DIAMONDS





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Paul Newman Gives Vivid Portrayal of Police Life

By Thomas Quinn Curtiss

International Herald Tribune DARIS — The cinema customarily shies at hot-potato issues, but it appears to be edging into the 1980s with a newfound candor.

Exhibit A this week is Paul Newman's latest vehicle, "Fort Apache, The Broux" (billed in France as "Le Policeman"), with its bold, sweeping examination of crime at large in a mean New York City quarter. Its protagonist is our old friend the cop with a con-science, but he has been drawn with an unadorned honesty that makes him absolutely believable.

The script is free of most of the cliches. No pretty, blonde social worker invades the gashouse district to preach the golden rule to hoodlums nor does a kindly clergyman pop up to propose baseball as a remedy for juvenile delinquency. The honest policeman does, true enough, have a confidante in a trained nurse of whom he is enamored and to whom he tells his troubles, but she breaks the rule of keeping supper on the stove while he is out making midnight arrests.

In large measure the scenario is realistic, almost to the documentary degree. A prostitute of the neighborhood, demented by drugs, murders two patrolmen as they inspect the streets in their car. An indiscriminate roundup of suspects causes a protest riot and in its course a Puerto Rican youth is pushed off a roof by two of New York's finest. The bland dismissal of this killing — as though murder of the sort were in a day's work -fires the protagonist with such indignation that he, after years of service, turns in his badge.

Daniel Petrie has directed intelligently, extracting the cinematic maximum from the material. He has succeeded in conveying the throb of suppressed violence that ticks like a time bomb in the sleazy quarter and bestows a reality on its wretched inhabitants, while sustaining the surface excitement of the narrative. As the disgusted police officer, Newman contributes a top-flight performance aided by a sturdy supporting company. It is an extraordinarily well-balanced sample of American moviemaking.

(At the Marignan-Concorde, the Quintette-Pathe and the Gaumont Les Halles in English.)

Raymond Depardon's "Reporters" covers the daily duties of press photographers of the Gamma agency, recorded by hand-held cameras as they cover news events.

The missions on which they are dispatched are singularly timely, concerned mainly with the recent French presidential campaign. Mitterrand and Rocard are snapped at rallies, Marchais accepting nomination as the Communist candidate, Giscard d'Esta-

Show folk and social celebrities are en in sacred orders in earlier times. constantly being "shot": Mireille Mathieu, Gene Kelly, Mireille Darc, Richard Gere, trying to escape the inquiring cameras; Jean-Luc Godard pontificating at the

Much of this might be viewed much of it has been - on television, but in the editing an occasional caricaturing touch lends humor and viewpoint. The wrangles between staff and editor on assignments and vacations are overlong. (At the Saint-André-des-Arts.

The Canadian film "Ticket to Heaven," is another instance of the cinema's rare entry into controverany sort. Produced by Ronald Cohen and directed by R.L. Thomas, it deals with the pro-selyting of religious cults, of their entrapment of unwary youngsters, the brainwashing, accompanied by a weakening diet and drugs, and the subsequent reluctance of the captured to regain their liberty.

The screen has treated the subject only - and then superficially - in a poor movie about the Jonestown mass suicide, but it is certainly a matter of current inter-

How closely this fiction resembles the facts of actual cases one ing at an Elysée reception, Chirac can only guess, but it has chilling making the rounds of shopkeepers, plausibility. Diderot, in "La Reli-

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and the clown Coluche making his bid. gieuse," told of a young girl forced to become a nun, and family ty-All, however, is not politics. rants imprisoned anwanted wom-The practice here is reversed.

A Toronto schoolteacher in his early 20s, uncertain of his future and disappointed in a love affair, goes to California on holiday. An old acquaintance, seeking to cheer him up, introduces him to a set of strange but jolly young people and he is unwittingly converted to a weird faith and sinks into brainless submission. The efforts of his family and friends to break the hold of the cultists supplies the action of the story's second half.

There is effective acting by Nick Manuso as the victim of woozy soul-saving, by Saul Rubinek as the practical-minded nightclub entertainer who organizes his liberation, and by Meg Foster as a sinister high priestess. Thomas' direction supplies a gripping thriller on an intriguing contemporary theme. Ticket to Heaven" was shown at the Cannes festival out of competition and impressed many reviewers. It is probably to be included in the Venice festival's program in August and will be generlly released thereafter.

Arts Agenda

BRUSSELS — The final production of the season at the Theatre Royal de la Mannole, Maurice Huteman's 22d and final season at director of the theater, is "La Muelle," a "total" spectade song and densed by members of the theater's various units — the Belgian National Opera, the Ballet of the 20th Century, the Opera Studio and Madra — and using mariet feason a venicity of maries. ry, the Opera stocke and meters—can in-ing mark from a variety of operas. Mesocice Bejart and Bernard De Coster are the joint stage directors, Thierry Bosquet is the design-er, and Ronald Zollman the conductor. Per-

PARIS — The Colck Hook Dance Theater will present "The Kalfe Against the Wove," for five dancers and three musicians, June 17 at the Paris Massum of Modern Art (16 Avenue de New York). Choreography is by Doris Saiden and Wesely Shankin and the music by Eric Watson.

WEST BERLIN --- The world premiere of "Wor and Pouce," a new ballet by Volery Panov based as the Tolstoy novel and set to source selected from works of Tchailwysky, Pamor based on the Tolstoy novel case ser to assist selected from works of Tchailloysky, will have its premiere June 27 by the bailet of the Deutsche Oper. The work, in three cuts and 30 scenes, will have a cast headed by Golitan Pamorou as Natusha, Frent Augustyn and Panov attenuiting as Pierre, Vicalizah Gefvan as Prince Andre, Heidren Schwanz as Helen, and Panov and Sandor Nemethy otherstation as Nemoleon. Sets are by dismately and Panov and School remainly dismately as Napoleon. Sets are by Goother Schneider-Glamssen and costemes by Leo Bei, and Michael Heise will conduct. Later performances are scheduled for June 28, 30, July 2 and 5.

ANGERS — The American choroographer Viola Farber will succeed Alwin Nikolais in September as director of the French Contro

LONDON — A new production of "Don Giovanni" will be the opening event of a three-week Mazart factives from July 6 to 26 at the Royal Opena House, Covent Gorden. The feetival will also include performances of The festival will also include performances of "The Marriage of Figure" and "Cost Fon Tutte," three Sweday evening concerts of the string quintets and piono quartets by the Amarleus Quartet, with William Glock and Rainer Moog, and Wednesday lunchtime concerts of wind music by members of the orchestra. "Dan Glovanni" will be conducted by Colin Davis and staged by Peter Wood, with sets and controlled to William Dudies.

of the traditional Paris season. In June last with it anymore."

year, Paris ran out of orchestras and orchids, Sure Sign of Something black ties and ball gowns. No more. First hit are the very tich, who now call themselves the nouneaux pauvres. But they still drink champagne. The nouveaux riches drink beer — at Maxim's, what's more. Maxim's, by the way, is still full, but it's not the

same crowd somehow. Less preppy, so to speak. You have a lot of rich foreigners, big spenders who were buying airplanes at the Paris Air Show or watching their horses win at Longchamp, plus a sprinkling of habitués, looking about nervously to see who, of the club, is still around. The new poor have ways of telling you

Lifestyles___

By Hebe Dorsey

International Herald Tribune

DARIS - To dance or not to dance, that it

has been like a cold shower, a slap in the face

is the question. The new Socialist regime

their problems that make you want to cry. Like the duchess who announced that her husband had decided to close down the country house and fire 80 servants. "We'll just have to cope," she said. How many servants did they have before? The deadpan, isthere-any-other-way answer was 130.

Protecting the Homestead

Still on the château circuit, a baron was confiding over lobster the other night how things were, yes, getting tough. He was not really worried about "the little house" with its scant three acres, no, that was safe enough, but the château, my dear, the château. Never mind. Since the time of the French Revolution, which the baron quite seriously likened to the present, they've learned

'Nouveaux Pauvres' Mourn Paris Social Life Another friend said well, that's it, never again will I be able to put 20.000-franc bills for Saint Laurent dresses through the accounting department. No way I can charge that to business. "My husband," not to mention their accountant, "simply won't put up

When a friend who used to order Dior couture, the same outfit in three different colors, can be found buying Ungaros on sale, you know for sure that something has changed in Paris. The same friend announced recently that she has just received her bill from Dior and that she will never again make such purchases. "What for, dashrling. What's the point of buying ball gowns if I have nowhere to wear them.

If the French are ducking out (let's face it, they're always looking for a chance not to spend money) Paris-based foreigners are still giving parties. But even they have cut down on the bravado. A recent large party, a guest reported, was just as glamorous as ever except, sigh, no orchestra. Another famous hostess sent an invitation for late June but the tenue, this time, is de ville - meaning goodbye ball gowns.

People are wondering what's going to happen to the lofty world of couture. The collecions will be shown as usual at the end of July. Heads of fashion houses tell you publicly that nothing has changed yet and we just have to wait and see. But privately they are moaning. A lot of orders have been canceled and, if the truth be told, at Prince Charles British Embassy ball last week, many women were wearing last year's red dresses - the same they wore at Nelson Seabra's Red Ball. Not to mention that they also were them at last month's Lido Red Dress premiere. It is not just the very rich who are com-

plaining. Ordinary people from the bour-geoisie are miffed too. Such as that white-haired, upper-middle-class woman who announced in a very distingue and uptight voice at the hairdresser the other day that "my son will simply have to wrap his tails up in mothballs now. When the president of france receives the diplomatic corps in veston, you know there won't be much room for tails anymore." A well-known horse-racing journalist admitted that at Chantilly's Prix de Diane last weekend that there, too, fashion decorum has gone by the wayside. "I'd brought my bowler along," he said, "but I quickly left it at the checkroom." Which looked funny since he was still wearing tails.

Bad Time for Flowers

Florists, decorators and caterers are also fit to be tied. "All the florists at Rungis are desperate," said a decorator who at this time of year would normally be buying flowers by the truckload at the central market. Advertising agencies, who used to push a product a day at party after party, have been told to cool it. Weddings, traditionally held in June, are still being held but now, unless you are a close friend of the family, all you get is what is known as a faire part, which, as somebody who got one put it, "means I must send a gift

but I don't get to go to the wedding."

So what is one to do? You can do what all the politicos are already doing and that is, start looking into the Mitterrand clan. You have no idea how many obscure Mitterrands are already turning up at dinner parties and fancy racing events.

Personalities

Success Formula: Piano Lessons and Ignored Mail

ualist American shunned his fa-

ther's big business, Sprague Electronics, by buying into National

company had a gross of \$3 million a year. He and his partners shook

up management and eventually added a few zeros to that. He's be-

of the company's 35,000 employ-ees, only one has been with it long-

But he does not deal with daily

management; only certain sales,

finance and strategy questions

Unfortunately, the freedom of time this allowed him got him into

some unmanageable real-life trou-

ble in the movie business. He had

to sell two-thirds of his 3-percent

stock interest in National Semi-

conductor (it is now worth four

times what it was worth in 1973) to

finance and produce "Step-penwolf," the film of Hermann Hesse's novel that starred Domi-

nique Sanda and Max von Sydow.

Haines, the director, an intellectu-

al who had written the screenplay

for the film of James Joyce's "Uly-

sees," when Haines beat him at chess. This does not happen so of-

ten. Haines had never directed be-

fore, but Sprague wanted to find

out what made him tick. The film

cost \$1.8 million and has been de

scribed by critics as a "great fail-

ure," although Sprague would argue with the adjective. "It was the

most expensive game of chess I ever played. I didn't learn enough

about or have enough fun in the

movie business in relation to the

To learn about and have some

Sprague was hooked by Fred

By Michael Zwerin national Herold Tribune

DARIS --- Peter Sprague used to take piano lessons upstairs in East Side Manhattan town house from which he runs his empire. He could duck a lot of routine calls that way. His secretary would say: "Sorry, Mr. Sprague is taking his piano lesson."

"You'd be amazed how fast that scared people off," said Sprague, 42, looking extremely pleased, and at the same time sorry to have been forced by mundane pressures to have stopped the lessons. One of Sprague's most impressive achievements is running a business empire with only one employee. He does this by "not answering my mail. Most paper work people do doesn't really have to be done."

Sprague loves trouble, challenge, solving the insolvable. Once everything is going well, he'll be out looking for more trouble to get into. Business has got to be interesting and fun for Sprague, and the trouble-fun-learning factor is as important to him as the figures.

Ongoing Education

"I want to learn about something I know nothing about," he said recently when here for the Paris Air Show ("to look at some executive jets"). "I have not yet gotten bored with what's going on about a some case." about me, and I don't think my edncation stopped the day I graduated from Yale."

His latest venture, which he laughingly describes as "a scam to get free plane tickets," is installing custom-made slot machines on Singapore Airlines planes, beginning next month.
"Let's call them fruit machines;

it sounds somewhat less rapacious than slot machines," he said, flip-ping one of his "inangural flight" chips in the air like a Mississippi gambler, which, with his beard, dark glasses and rancous laugh, he resembles.

Loss of Eight Seats

"David Flexer, who invented inflight movies, came to me with the idea. We'll put eight machines on the back of each of their 747s. It will cost them eight seats but they hope to get their load factor up by 5 per cent or so. Some passengers are going to look at a 10-hour flight and say wouldn't it be fun to have a mini-casino on the back of the plane. We'll change any currency, so if you get on the plane with \$11 worth of yen and know you're never going back to Japan, well, don't put them in a drawer. You might as well give them to us. We'll take them."

He set up a Cayman Islands corporation called — and as he pro-nounces it, he looks at you with the pride of an author who has

come up with a really poetic book title—the Silver Lining Corp.

Sprague found the silver lining early. His first job was stringing for United Press International in Moscow on a summer vacation, and he just happened to be around to take that well-known kitchendebate photograph of Nixon and Khrushchev. Then this classic rugged-individ-

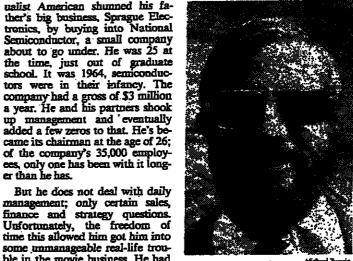
Royal Ballet Opens in N.Y

NEW YORK — Britain's Royal Ballet, celebrating its 50th anniversary, opened a three-week season at the Metropolitan Opera on Monday night with a perform-ance of "The Sleeping Beauty."

Lesley Collier danced Princess Aurora and Stephen Jefferies Prince Florimund. This is the pair that Prince Charles will see dance in this work when he attends it Wednesday night. The Lilac Fairy was danced by Marguerite Porter

and the Bluebird pas de deux by Wayne Eagling and Merle Park. Ashley Lawrence conducted the orchestra. The season, part of the company's 16th tour of North America, will include three American premieres plus "Hamlet," not seen here since the company's first U.S. tour in 1949

After the New York season ends on July 4, the company will also appear in Toronto. Washington and Boston.



Entrepreneur Peter Sprague.

mayor of New York City, in a Manhattan district so utterly Democratic that no other Republican candidate could be found. It was

All of this activity has been hard on his personal life, since Sprague splits his week between Sutton Place in Manhattan and Lenox, Mass., where his wife and four sons live. But he obviously feels close to his family, speaking of them often, and he laughs: "Tve been married longer than any of cause I spend so little time with

He spent even less time with his family than usual in 1975, when he lined up two British partners to rescue the ailing British luxury car company Aston Martin, because: "One hundred and sixty-eight indi-viduals and institutions told me it fun with politics, Sprague ran for Congress on the Republican ticket against Ed Koch, a Democrat now couldn't be done." The company turns out a maximum of one handmade car a day.

"Running one of them into a wall for a bumper test is very painful, financially, emotionally and physically," Spragne has been quoted as saying. But the fun part of the business was "building high-quality, limited-edition cars. Aston Martin clearly is an anachronism. I felt I was preserving an art form."
He sold his interest last year because "for five years we were constantly within one month of going out of business. You can't live with that kind of tension. Anyway, in the beginning I said I just wanted to prove it could be saved, leave it in better condition than I found it and get on with life. That's what I think I did." He is still Aston Martin's U.S. distributor.

On to Genetic Engineering

In between he took Advent, a company that makes large-screen television sets, out of receivership; it went in again, he saved it again.

Now he's looking into genetic engineering. "I don't know any-thing about it, but as an entreprenent I have carte blanche to stick my nose into this whole new world. It's fascinating, and it gives me an excuse to spend time with some really fascinating people. So I'm learning and at the same time not just wasting time, I know that at some point I'm going to jump into it. I didn't know anything about the semiconductor world when I started either, but I certainlearn how the economics work how to take advantage of all the ingenuity being focused in this area; how to build a factory to produce a strain of wheat that does not need nitrogen fertilizer for ex-

"I see genetic engineering as having the same enormous potential the semiconductor business had when I got into that. I'd kind of like to do it one more time."

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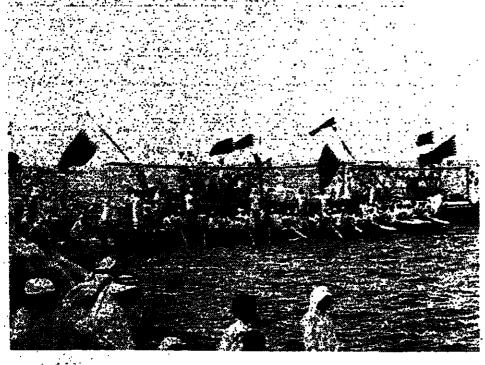
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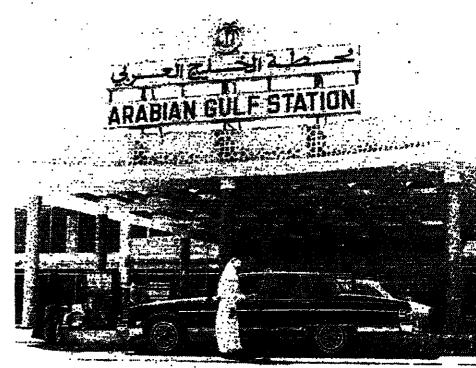
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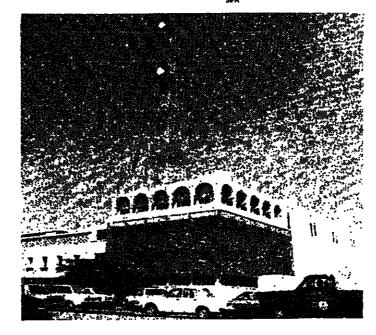
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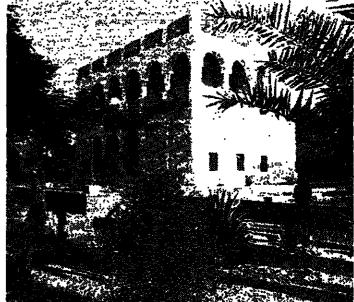
PARIS, JUNE, 1981

A SPECIAL SUPPLEMENT

VARIETY

A small nation, Qatar nevertheless has many facets, as these photos show: Above, from left, a festive boat race: an experimental tomato farm, and a gas station in Doha. At right, the headquarters of the Qatar telephone system, and, far right, the national museum.





Small Nation Is Cornerstone of Gulf Cooperation Policy

By Ken Whittingham

THE SECURITY, stability and future prosperity of the oil-rich Gulf region lie not in the shadow of superpower protection or in the presence of a regional "policeman," but in cooperation between the states of the

This concept became official policy for six Arab Gulf states - Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, the United Arab Emirates. Qatar, Bahrain and Oman — when their heads of state as-sembled in Abu Dhabi in May to sign an ac-cord establishing the Gulf Cooperation

This policy is not a result of recent upheavals in the Gulf — the revolution in Iran and the Iraqi-Iranian war — although such events have undoubtedly added impetus to the initiative. The emir of Qatar, Sheikh Khalifa bin Hamad al-Tham, stated his belief in unity as the only way forward when he proclaimed in-dependence in September, 1971, as Britain prepared to withdraw from the Gulf. He affirmed "our firm belief that our unity

in this region is a fateful necessity dictated by our higher common interest and demanded by those deep-rooted bonds that hold us together." That formed the basis of a political strategy patiently followed by the Qatar gov-

now bearing fruit. The state of Qatar has been ideally placed as the main promoter and supporter of the concept of Gulf cooperation. Situated at the heart of the Gulf, Qatar has a small popula-tion and a modest oil output of 500,000 bar-

rels a day.

During the heady days of economic boom in the Gulf in the mid-1970s, this conservative Islamic country was largely ignored by

the international media as attention was focused on the West's scramble for petroleum in the U.A.E., Kirwait and Saudi Arabia. Qatar pressed quietly and cautiously ahead with a long-term strategy for industrialization and social reconstruction. Indeed, many observers felt that Qatar, through excessive cau-tion, was missing the tide of development that

was flooding the Gulf.

But Qatar was able to progress at its own pace with its self-imposed priorities, and more importantly was ideally placed to foster the concept of Gulf cooperation. Being small in terms of wealth and political influence, Qatar could not be accused, as others had been, of trying to dominate the region. That is not to say that Qutar's interest in Gulf cooperation is purely altruistic. Regional unity is vital to Qatar's survival.

The logic behind Qatar's regional policy is straightforward. The Gulf is a homogenous region tied by a common language, culture, religion and even genealogy. Thus, the basis for common interest exists. But as each state develops its economic infrastructure, there is a clear risk that duplication of output and overproduction on a regional basis could involvė neighboring states in a commercial war and consequent political troubles.

The alternative is easier. If the states of the region cooperate in planning their economic advance, they form a formidable exporting unit capable of competing on the international markets. More importantly, in a region lacking foodstuffs and raw materials, they form a powerful importing cooperative able through the strength of demand to resist world inflation.

Through joint economic interest, the politi-



Sheikh Khalifa bin Hamad al-Thani

cal stability of each state becomes of paramount importance to its neighbors. No state in the Gulf can defend itself alone against a powerful external threat, but together their military resources are stronger, and backed by the possibility of powerful economic sanc-

This long-standing dream of regional coop-

eration is now a practical reality, with joint projects and participation agreements being signed by the six Gulf states almost daily.

While Qatar's political strategy had been centered mainly on the need for regional strength as a basis for all other action, it has not ignored wider problems. As the state has grown in stature regionally, so has its importance in international affairs, and the capital of Doha has recently appeared on the itinerary of virtually every major political visitor to the lower Gulf.

Qatar's foreign policy is operated in alliance with common-interest groups — the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. the Arab League, the Islamic Conference Organization and the nonaligned movement. In addition, Qatar has shown itself keen to pro-mote bilateral relations, particularly with other small developing states.

Within the Arab world, Qatar endorses the view put forward at the Arab summit meeting in Amman last year that inter-Arab disputes will not be solved as long as there is a great disparity between the rich and the poor. Qatar is a willing contributor to the fund for the Arab Development Decade - a plan for promoting development in Sudan, Syria and with vast agricultural potential This kind of aid is particularly favored, as it involves investing revenue to acquire access to desperately needed food resources, without the risk of political embargoes such as the one that was until recently imposed on Iran.

At the same time, Qatar, along with the other Gulf states, will be helping to create future markets for its own products by developing the economic base of the Arab world. Much the same strategy applies to aid for

the African continent through the numerous aid funds specializing in that part of the world. It is not merely a question of quid pro quo, with a political commitment to the Arab cause posed as the price of aid. There is a firm and stated desire to see a new economic order established in which economic cooperation is based not on a profit motive but on the mutual interest of rich and poor.

This concept is fundamental to Islam, the faith that dominates life in Qatar. Under the tenets of Islamic law, the charging of interest on loans is forbidden. The increasing awareness in the Arab and Islamic worlds of the extent to which the development of the Third, World has been delayed by interest repayments has reinforced the desire to return to Islamic principles in international dealings. Thus, joint investment projects and long-term grants with at most a token interest rate are

From a Western viewpoint, Qatar's politi-cal philosophy may appear naive. Indeed, it is easy to point to attempts at cooperation with-in the Arab world that have proved disastrous. But there are a number of sound reasons why the latest moves should not be dis-

First, the Gulf states find themselves in a unique situation. Never before has a region risen so quickly from underdevelopment to a position of international economic importance and dominance, while at the same time remaining dependent on the outside world for technology, manpower and raw materials. To capitalize on their present prosperity, the Gulf oil producers must invest in countries

(Continued on Page 8S)

Doha Grows Like Flower In the Desert

ON THE WESTERN extremity of the bay of Doha stands a white, pyramid-shaped building. The Sheraton Hotel and conference center stands guard over one of the most re-markable development projects in the Gulf as the New District of Doha, popularly known as the West Bay project, springs out of the sandy

It is all the more remarkable for the fact that

In the last three months the municipal authorities in Doha have taken great strides toward improving the appearance of the capital. New buildings line the seafront, roads are being improved and trees are being planted.

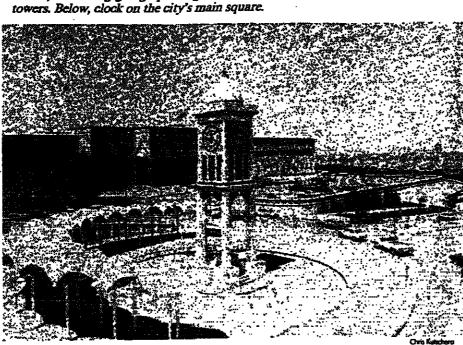
seven years ago there was no ground on which to build. The sweep of Doha's coastline simply ended in salt marshes interrupted by the occasional reef or rocky outcrop. After seven years of dredging at a cost of about \$87 million, the bay has been completed, with 740 hectares of reclaimed land. This provides the site for Doha's model town development, the framework for urban renewal in the 1980s.

The new residential area is designed to be an integral part of the city, linked to the arterial road system even before the houses, shops and offices are built. The New District of Doha will accommodate about 60,000 people in high-standard housing grouped around community centers containing shops, mosques and social facilities. For the first time in Qatar, every element of the project has been subject to the most rigorous government control.

The consultant who conceived the plan, William F. Perreira, tried to combine the best in U.S. municipal planning with the social requirements of a traditional Islamic society. Thus, maximum privacy is ensured for each housing unit, and the Friday mosque holds a central position.



Above, a building going up alongside one of Doha's many blue-and-white water



To ensure that the area is an active part of the city, and not merely an elegant dormitory suburb, all embassies will be moved to a specially reserved area overlooking the bay. The Japanese and Kuwaiti embassies are already on their new sites. Government offices will also move into the district. The Qatar General Petroleum Corp., which controls the oil industry and its subsidiaries, will soon move into its new tower block offices.

Commercial ventures are also showing greater interest as the building begins. The Salaam Studios complex — including department store, gallery and restaurants - will open later this year.

The housing will mostly be offered to Qatari civil servants on extremely favorable government loans. This has raised some questions. Will the older parts of the city become like the (Continued on Page 9S)

Qataris Look to Both Past, **Future in Cultural Growth**

EVERY NATION NEEDS roots, and none more than a nation experiencing develop-ment at a frightening pace, a process that in-volves importing technology and ideas from

Although young Qataris enjoy their visits to London and Paris, fast cars and Western pop music, they are for the most part more comfortable in Qatar with their own culture and entertainment.

National Theater

Any occasion worthy of celebration brings crowds of Qataris, young and old, to a bare tract of land alongside the National Museum. one of Doha's best-known landmarks. From sundown until late in the night, singers and poets entertain with songs of life at sea in the pearl-fishing boats or stories of desert life, and spectators join sword dances and dabkas.

The songs and dances are handed down from parent to child, but with the pressure of modern living and the influence of television and hi-fi, the ability of the young to memorize vast repertoires of song and poetry is decreas-

ing fast.

Last year, the Institute of Music was established under the direction of musician Ab-dulhamid Naameh. The institute will teach both Western and Arabic music theory, but will also try to ensure that young people learn to play traditional instruments like the qanun and the nai.

Mohammed Awad, director of the theater

department of the Ministry of Information and Culture, is looking to the future rather than the past, for Qatar has no tradition of drama or representational arts. In September, a new National Theater, which stands on the Corniche as part of the Ministry of Information complex, will open, but this will not be a showcase for Qatari theater productions - at

Young Artists

Mr. Awad has had to start from the beginning, working with children to teach them how to move, how to use their voices, all the preliminaries for an approach to the stage. He says that the rigidity of the Arabic educational system does not allow the children to learn selfexpression, vital to acting.

He has presented a number of plays with young Qataris, who were willing to spend six nights a week in rehearsals learning from this genial director. He believes that he has found a few talented children who within a number of years could form the basis of a real theater

The fine arts movement is also very young, for it has no place in tradition. Islamic inscriptions and ornamental carvings are seen every-where, but artistic representation of real life

Every summer, however, three young artists who have received training in fine arts insti-tutes in the Arab world and Britain set up their canvases at their own expense on street corners or public places throughout the nation to try to show people what art is. In one experiment, they set up their easels in a small fishing vil-lage and began to paint the scene before them. Soon a crowd of children had gathered, and eventually most of the residents came to see how their village appeared on the canvases. Their initiative is simple but important; unfortunately, it has received little attention from the government.

Where archaeology is concerned, however, the government has shown great interest in dis-covering the past of this desert peninsula. During the last four years, a French archaeological mission has spent a few months each winter exploring sites in the north of the country in search of evidence of past civilizations.

Because of the short period spent on excavation, the progress is slow. The most important find to date is a skeleton estimated to date from around 5,000 B.C. Evidence of a buried town on the northeast coast has also been discovered. This will require further study be-cause no mention of a town in that location has been discovered in literary or historical sources.

The government is concerned not only with the distant past. With development rapidly removing many traces of the recent past, all traditional artifacts are worthy of interest and

find a place in the museum.

Recently, a girl in Al Khawr, Qatar's second-largest town, stumbled across a cache of silver rupee coins while playing in a pile of sand. Local people rushed to seize souvenirs of the 100-year-old "treasure," and the government department of antiquities was hardpressed to persuade them to surrender their booty to the museum.

There are many plans to record what remains of Qatar's traditional architecture and other forms of heritage before they are lost under the pressure of development and the ravages of the harsh climate.

The Oataris on the whole are not nostalgic people. The old times were hard, dangerous and often hungry, and no one wants to face such hardship again. But neither do they want to forget, and they want to be sure that their children know their roots.

- KEN WHITTINGHAM

Natural Gas **Future Key** To Economy

A S QATAR'S OIL wells begin to reach maturity, natural gas is the key to the nation's economic future, and the complex that is the cornerstone of this shift began production

this year. U.S. consultants who attended a recent energy symposium in Doha organized by the U.S. Department of Energy were optimistic

about Qatar's economic future.

G.A. Speir and J.R. Weyler told Qatar's oil industry leaders that their vast reserves of gas could support liquid natural gas projects worth at least \$500 million a year.

The two consultants, from Roy M. Huffing-ton Inc., which has established liquid natural gas projects in Indonesia, estimated the potential earning period of Qatar's Northwest Dome gas field — which is "non-associated," that is, not associated with petroleum — at between 120 and 500 years. The field, one of the largest reservoirs of gas discovered in the world, holds an estimated 300 trillion cubic feet and possi-

bly much more. On Feb. 23. Sheikh Khalifa hin Hamad al-Thani, accompanied by Andre Giraud, then the French industry minister, inaugurated the enormous petrochemical complex and natural gas liquids (NGL) plants at Umm Sai'd. The two complexes, which together have cost about

\$1.3 billion, are the first of their kind in the Through the NGL plants, the waste of flared-off gas - which was running at the rate of nearly 1,000 cubic feet per barrel — has ended. Qatar used to flare off about 68 percent of associated gas from onshore fields; this has

been reduced to 5 percent or less, which must be flared for technical reasons. In the offshore fields, 30 percent is flared but this soon will be Plant Rebuilt

The NGL's 1 and 2 plants went on stream earlier last year, NGL-1 having been rebuilt following a fire that destroyed it in 1977 (the causes are under investigation and litigation). The NGL plants supply much of the raw material for Qatar's industries, such as steel and fertilizers, and for power generating stations.

Propane, methane and butane are exported

to Japan while enriched ethane gas provides the feedstock for Oatar Petrochemicals Co. When the feed is at full capacity, the petro-chemicals plant will produce 280,000 metric tons a year of ethylene, 140,000 tons of low-density polyethylene and 46,000 tons of solid sulfur. An expansion is being planned for the production of high-density polyethylene.

This complex marks the completion of Qatar's industrialization plan begun in the mid-1960s, long before any of the other lower Gulf states had thought so far ahead. Vast sums of money have been spent on creating the industrial complex at Umm Sai'd, and the program has had its critics. There are those who criticize the record production achieved at the QASCO steel factory, managed by Kobe Steel of Japan: In such harsh conditions, what effect does working above capacity have on the life of the plant?

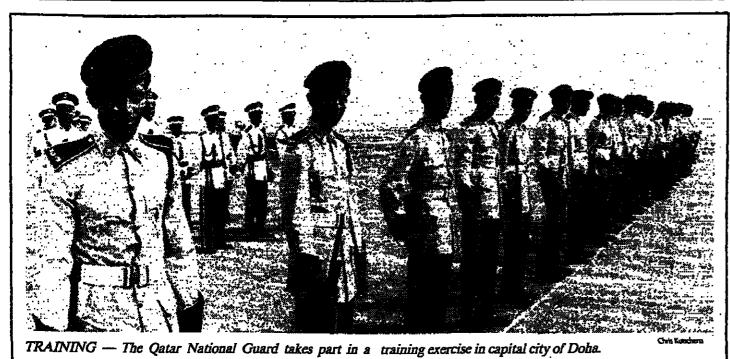
Questions were also being raised by some observers on the future of the petrochemicals plant, even before it went on stream. Saudi Arabia is building a much larger complex in Al Jubayl, and a total of 11 projects are planned for the Gulf region within the next decade. Do the markets exist?

Foresight Again, Qatar must be credited with foresight. The expensive petrochemicals project was established in partnership with CDF Chimie of France. That firm holds a 16-percent share in the QAPCO plant, while Qatar is a 40-percent shareholder in the COPENOR plant in Dunkerque. There is a close link between the two plants, and Qatar has trained its manpower and learned marketing techniques from the association with the French.

A further important safeguard was achieved last month when Saudi Industry Minister Ghazi Ghossaibi visited Qatar to sign an agreement on cooperation in the petrochemical and

In both of these areas of production, Saudi Arabia can far outdo its smaller neighbor. The agreements cover training, importation of raw materials and coordination of marketing strategy, thus ensuring that Qatar will be allowed its position in the regional market and that it will benefit from Saudi Arabia's greater purchasing power when importing raw materials for the steel industry.

While heavy industry presses ahead, no deci-(Continued on Page 8S)



Cornerstone Of Unity in

Gulf Region
(Continued from Page 7S)

that can provide them with their basic needs.

Clearly, the Gulf oil producers have a long-term interest in the recovery of the Western economy, since the West provides technology.

At the same time, the Gulf states must ensure their future food supply through the development of new agricultural exporting regions.

New Markets

Additionally, the Gulf states that have begun to industrialize cannot hope to compete equally with Japanese or Western manufacturers for markets, so they must develop new markets, which means assisting the development of Third World countries. Thus, the survival of the Gulf states after the supply of petroleum dwindles depends on the growth, not the exploitation, of others.

A major factor at present continues to threaten the stability of the Gulf: the question of Palestine. When Qatar and its Arab neighbors continually emphasize the need for a just international settlement of the issue, they are not mouthing political platitudes.

they are not mouthing political platitudes.

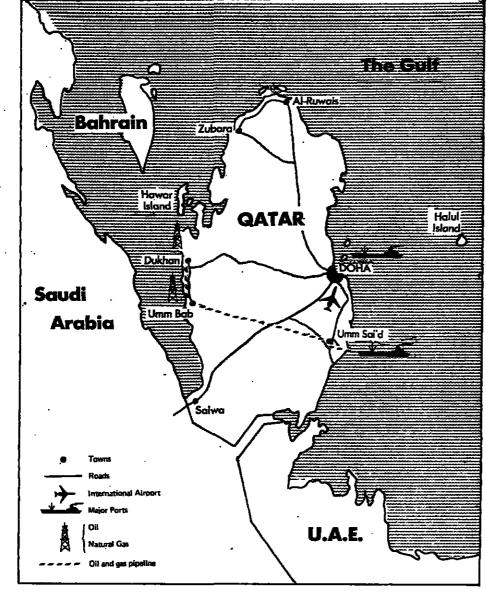
Qatar believes that the rights of the Palestinians are ignored by the West despite constant UN resolutions on the subject. The muted anger, or rather deep sadness, is directed specifically at successive U.S. administrations, for, rightly or wrongly, the Arabs perceive a radical and positive change in European attitudes to the Arab-Israeli conflict.

The Arabs are also fearful of the conse-

The Arabs are also fearful of the consequences of an endless struggle. The lack of a settlement costs them dearly in economic development. Money that should be spent on growing food is spent on arms. The Palestinian people are among the most educated in the area, and much of their energy and talent is dissipated because of the political situation. Moreover, the continuing struggle imposes political divisions on the Arab world.

olitical divisions on the Arab world.

The Gulf states want to — and must -



work with the United States on a business basis. They say that they would like friendship to be the basis, but this is difficult as

long as the United States supports Israel, which they see as the main obstacle to peace and prosperity in the Middle East.

OATAR

Natural Gas Future Key To Economy

(Continued from Page 7S)

sion has been made on developing the enormous gas field. It is thought likely, however, that tenders for constructing a liquid natural gas plant at Ras Laffan — the nearest onshore point to the Northwest Dome field — could go out in September.

The plant would cost an estimated \$4 billion, and Qatar General Petroleum Corp., the state holding company for the oil and gas industry, has been negotiating with British Petroleum. Wintershall, Mobil, Royal Dutch/Shell and CFP-Total, probably looking for an 80-20 percent partnership. One reason for the lack of urgency in developing the field is the great disparity between the current cost of oil and gas. So low is the price-of gas, said Ali M. Jaidah, managing director of Qatar General Petroleum, that little effort is being made to develop it.

With most of the heavy industrial projects now on stream, there are signs of a relaxation in the general economic climate, with the possibility of more government funds being fed into the marketplace through local contracts. For the last two years, the government has imposed a high level of financial restraint to hold down inflation, and the result was seen in unfinished buildings and a slowdown in the turnover of luxury goods.

Relaxation

Local businessmen say that the number of contracts being awarded for improvements to the environment and social development ensure that more cash will be available within the domestic economy rather than going abroad.

The government's current concern is to persuade local traders and businessmen to do their part for the economy to complement the government's heavy industry. What is required is small manufacturing units producing light industrial goods. A coordination committee, the Gulf Organization for Industrial Consulting, advises businessmen to set up projects for which a new market exists rather than to duplicate plants elsewhere in the Gulf.

The Qatar government earlier this year announced soft loans to cover up to 40 percent of project costs, and relatively long repayment periods. The offer brought 15 plans or projects from citizens, ranging from paints, tiles, lamps, batteries and water pumps to tissue paper and consumer goods.

Industrial Base

The director of Qatar's Chamber of Commerce, Kamal Ali Saleh, has long believed that the future for Qatar lies in industry rather than trade, but he says that it will take up to 10 years for a wide-ranging industrial base to develop, although he hopes to see at least 10 factories operating by the end of this year.



An electricity generating station at Ras Abu Fontas. The complex also includes a water desalinization plant.

Unlike larger projects where joint ventures are the norm, the government is encouraging full Qatari ownership. Moreover, it is pushing businessmen to keep their projects at a small feasible scale. The theory behind this is clear. There is domestic demand for light manufactured goods, particularly household items, and the successful entrepreneur can, with government assistance, make a handsome profit in competition with expensive imported products.

Qahtan R. Masri, assistant general manager of the Qatar National Bank, has frequently told businessmen that indigenous light industries would yield a better return on investment than unstable currency markets. It is a view endorsed by many foreign bankers in Qatar. And the case has been proved by a number of light industries set up in recent years in the United Arab Emirates.

Employment for Youths

But the importance of these industries is not only in keeping national capital working within the company. It is also that they will provide a source of employment for Qatari youth, but will not require large work forces necessitating the importation of labor from elsewhere. Qatar, like the rest of the Gulf, wishes to reduce its dependence on foreign labor, particularly as the pace of construction slows and the need for unskilled labor declines.

The transition from the mentality of a trader to that of a manufacturing entrepreneur will obviously take time, and for the moment at least, most Qataris operating in the private sector rely heavily on commercial activities, where despite the rising cost of imported manufactured goods there appears to be no slowdown.

The figures issued by the Cater National

The figures issued by the Qatar National Navigation and Transport Co. for 1980 show that imports of automobiles rose by 48 percent

while manufactured goods rose by 44 percent. Although Europe still holds the edge in the supply of manufactured goods, Japan heads the list of antomobile imports with 122,000 tons.

2 Major Factors

Two major factors are bound to have a positive effect on domestic trade within the next few months. As senior civil servants begin to move into the new housing complexes in the New District of Doha (West Bay), the demand for high quality furnishings and household goods will rise again.

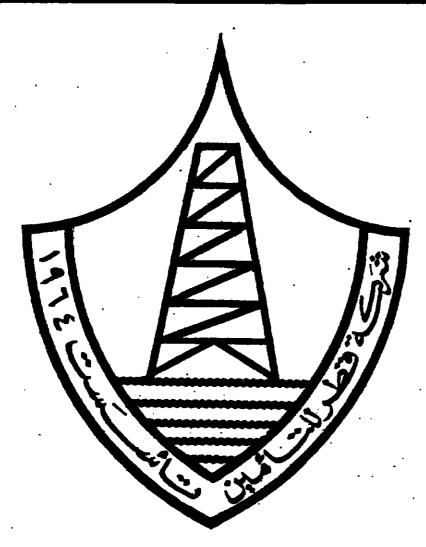
Moreover, as Doha develops into a leading

Moreover, as Doha develops into a leading government-to-government conference center in the Gulf region, the influx of large numbers of delegates will produce an impact in the marketplace. The general report from hotel managers in Doha is that occupancy both from conference delegates and visiting businessmen is substantially higher than last year, with a considerable increase in the latter category of visitors from France and the Far East.

The government, as the sole major source of national revenue, can readily control the money supply through payments on contracts, and any uplift in the economy will be watched most carefully. The government does not wish to see a spiral of inflation pushing rents and food prices beyond the means of the average citizen. Although rents are high in Doha — \$1,500 a month is not unusual for a medium-size apartment — there has been no significant increase in the last 12 months, and government subsidies have kept food prices down.

If the brake is being eased off the economy, it will be up to local businessmen to show that they are willing to invest at home and fulfill the government's industrial plans, rather than export their capital to make quick returns elsewhere.

—KEN WHITTINGHAM



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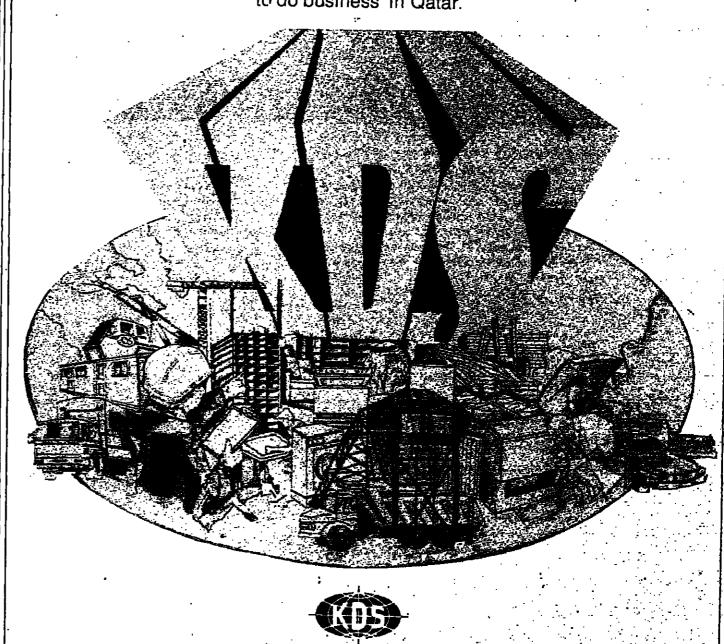
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OATAR

Facilities for Sports Are Being Improved

A new \$5-million indoor stadium will soon be handed over to Qatar's National Olympic Committee. The air-conditioned stadium, built by Societe Bermaho of France, will be used for a wide range of sports, from basketball to ymnastics. It is adjacent to the 60.000-seat Khalifa soccer stadium, where most top-class matches

In addition, work has begun on construction of a sports complex for al-Abli club of Doha, the first

The importance of sports is evident in the interest taken by members of the ruling family.

of seven complexes to be provided for the country's major league clubs. The contract for about \$4 million has gone to a local company, Darwish Engineering, and each complex will include an artificialturf soccer field, a swimming pool and indoor facilities.

The importance of sports in Qatar is evident in the personal interest taken by leading members of the ruling family. The Supreme Sports Council is headed by the heir apparent, Sheikh Hamad bin Khalifa al-Thani, while the National Olympic Committee is headed by the emir's third son, Sheikh Abdullah.

Major Passion

Soccer is the major passion, as it is throughout the Arab world. Considering that there is only one grass field in Doha, the Qataris have achieved considerable success in the last couple of years.

Their youth team recently won entry to the final stages of the forthcoming World Youth Cup to be held in Australia, while the senior national squad performed well in the Asia Group II qualifying rounds of the World Cup. Needing a 1-0 victory over Saudi Arabia in the final match of the round-robin tournament, they lost by a single goal and finished third in the

SPORTS ARE TAKEN very segroup behind Saudi Arabia and Iraq. But as consolation their top erument has hoped to motivate its voung athletes by improving sports

Much of the credit for the success in international competition must go to the coaches and managers. At club level, former British professional Jimmy Meadows, manager of the al-Sadd soccer club, has produced a championship side consistently during the last three seasons. At the national level, former Brazilian internationand Barcelona player Evaristo Macedo had achieved a magic understanding with the temperamental players where previous English

managers had failed.

So highly rated is Mr. Macedo that a Saudi club from Riyadh reportedly offered him \$17,000 a month plus a large villa and car to leave Qatar and join the club. But Mr. Macedo seems to have ignored the offer and intends to continue with his two-year contract.

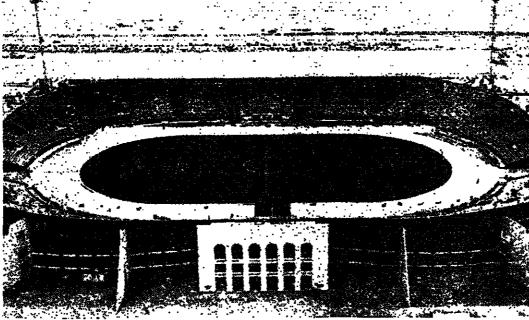
Successful Sportsman

While soccer achieves the headlines, Qatar's most successful sportsman is Saad Miflakh, a member of the armed forces and an extremely competent cross-country and middle distance runner. During the last two seasons, he has won numerous medals in competitions in the Gulf and the Arab world. He did not have a chance to test himself in international class running at the Moscow Olympics, however, because Qatar boycotted them over the Soviet intervention in Afghanistan.

One of the latest sports to win overnment recognition in Qatar is bowling. Qatar is now a full mem-ber of the international federation and takes part in the world championships. Because the first bowling center in Qatar was only introduced a few years ago, the stand-ards are not yet high, but a new six-lane facility will open at the Sheraton Hotel, allowing for more

One of the biggest problems for sports administrators in Qatar is how to motivate the young men to train to the level required for international standards. There are no professional sports - administrators believe this is not feasible until there is a real improvement in standards and in the availability of talented players.

The inducements that encourage young players elsewhere - the prospect of fame or international travel — do not really apply. Most



Soccer is the major passion in Qatar as it is throughout the Arab world. Above is the 60,000-capacity Khalifa soccer stadium in Doha. Below. Qatar's national soccer team.



of the players and potential players travel frequently at their own expense, and do not need to be part of a squad to earn a ticket abroad. And the chances of fame on an international or even regional scale are remote at this early

Coaches' Problems

Many coaches complain about players not turning up for training sessions, or arriving late for league matches. Perhaps more frustrating sport.

for the coaches is the fact that a young player will just be reaching when he decides he has had enough and settles down to business affairs. The government is hoping that

upgrading the sports facilities at the heavily used sports and social clubs will motivate the athletes. But what is probably needed is for just one Qatari athlete to make his mark in the world of international

There is an obvious parallel in the United Arab Emirates, where the success of a young man in achieving joint first place in the World Junior Championships last year led to an explosion of chess clubs throughout the region.

Perhaps if Saudi Arabia manages to survive the second Asian qualifying round of the World Cup and competes in Madrid in 1982. the impact will be felt throughout the Gulf region.

— KEN WHITTINGHAM

Medical Services Get a Boost

QATAR, WHICH HAS a free national health service but has often had to fly patients out for specialized treatment, has been moving to improve its medical facilities and to attract top quality medical personnel.

A kidney dialysis unit is the latest addition to its specialized services, and this means that a number of Qatari patients who have been obliged to reside in England can now return to their families.

While developing its medical services, Qatar has been willing to fly patients at government cost for treatment in major Western medical centers. But naturally, because of costs, the disruption of families and the resulting emotional com-plications, the Ministry of Health has done its utmost to bring top quality medical facilities to Qatar. Later this year, when the 600-bed Hamad hospital comes into service, there will be adequate provision for treating all but the most unusual cases.

The new hospital, which has cost about \$55 million, incorpo-rates seven large and four small operating theaters, a large out-pa-tient and accident unit as well as specialized departments for children: ear, nose and throat diseases; heart treatment, burns and psychological disorders. The hospital will be the fifth in Doha. There are also hospitals in the main towns of Al Khawr and Medinat al-Shemal

While the hospitals form the core of the medical services, a great deal of attention has been paid to the development of preventive medecine and health education, especially as the reconstruction of urban areas has gradually reduced health hazards in the city.

Network of Clinics

An expanding network of clinics throughout the country provides the framework for primary health care, and a nationwide campaign to vaccinate children against major diseases such as polio and di-phtheria gave health workers the opportunity to contact mothers and explain the need for careful hygiene to prevent illness. The vaccination campaign was extremely successful, and the incidence of endemic disease in Qatar is very low Children also receive health education in school, following the phi-losophy that children are the best medium for instructing parents. No less important than direct

medical services is the constant inspection and control of standards of imported foodstuffs. The recent demolition of the old fruit and vegetable market situated close to Doha port in the heart of the commercial district has improved sanitation and health standards. In the new marketolace situated outside the town, the facilities have allowed proper refuse collection and cleaning while maintaining the open character of the traditional Arab food market.

The major target at present is the eradication of the rat problem that Doha, flanked by sea and

desert, inevitably faces. The use of sophisticated poisons and other devices in the sewage systems and other potential breeding grounds should bring the problem rapidly under control.

An encouraging sign of public acceptance of the importance of health care has been the enthusias-tic, support for Qatar's recently formed branch of the Red Cres-

cent Society.

— KEN WHITTINGHAM



Shopping at a new commercial center in Doha.

Doha Is Growing

(Continued from Page 7S)

inner cities so familiar in Western capitals and slowly create a slum problem? Qatari officials say there is no cause to fear that because, as pressure decreases on the existing residential areas, they will be rede-veloped along the lines of the new model as quickly as possi-

There is no doubt that in the last three months the municipal authorities in Doha have taken great strides toward improving the appearance of the capital. Work has begun on the Corniche to provide a landscaped boulevard commensurate with the outstanding new buildings that line the seafront. Eisewhere in the town roads are

being improved, pavements fin-ished and trees planted.

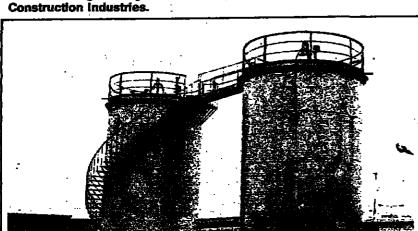
As if to prove that the older parts of the town are not being abandoned in favor of the new; a major hotel and shopping complex owned by Sheikh Jassem bin Khalid al-Thani is nearing completion in the heart of the city, and not far away the scaffolding will soon be removed from the new Siddig mosque.

Qatar seems to linger behind the rest of the Gulf in the rush for development, learning while others make costly mistakes. But there is a determination to upgrade Doha, a city that is increasingly playing the role of conference center for Gulf cooperation.

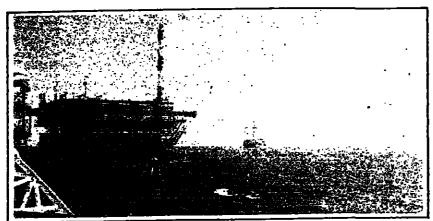
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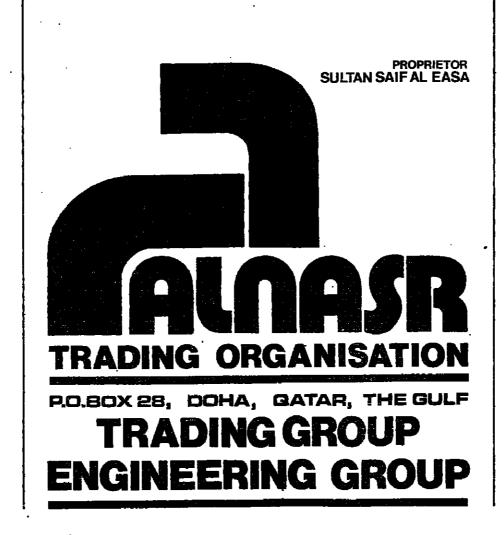


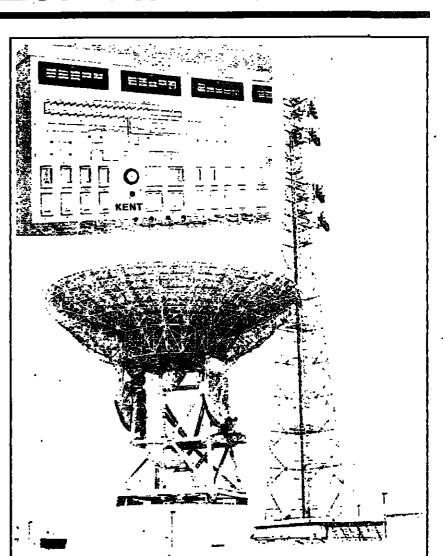
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PEARL TRADE

The pearl business, although it has declined since the 1930s, remains a speciality in Qatar. Below, an Indian craftsman uses a traditional instrument to drill pearls; above, banker and pearl trader Hussein al-Fardan shows a collec-

pansion with new, more powerful transmitters being installed so that

Government Pushes A Revival of Fishing

FISHING, WHETHER for pearls or food, used to be a substantial percentage of local deway of life for the people of Qatar mand for agricultural produce by — indeed, it was just about the only form of employment availin the summer months. In 1907, according to the estimate of the British political agent in the re-gion, there were 817 fishing boats operating from Qatar's shores, inolving almost 13,000 men.

With the collapse of the pearl trade in the 1930s, many of the boats were beached. The oil indusand better-paid form of employ-ment than the hazardous life of the pearl diver or deep-sea fisherman. By 1970, the number of fishermen operating from Qatar had de-creased to 200,

In recent years, however, the government has been encouraging the fishing trade, especially be-cause fish is the favorite element in the local diet, with an annual per capita consumption of 40 kilograms. By last year, there were an estimated 1,500 fishermen operating 300 deep-sea boats and about 100 shore boats. Although the boats are still the traditional wood-

en dhows, they are equipped with engines and modern fishing tackle. With more than 100 varieties of edible fish available in Qatar's coastal waters, the annual yield from the industry is about 10,000 metric tons a year, in addition to

400 to 500 tons of prawns. Overfishing

A problem that has emerged in the last year or so, especially with the presence of modern trawlers in the Gulf, is the danger of overfishing. Numerous meetings of Gulf states have considered the problem at some length. Following a recent meeting of Gulf ministers of agri-culture in Abu Dhabi, it was agreed to ban shrimp fishing in the region between Feb. 1 and June 30 each year. Plans are also under discussion to coordinate the marketing of each country's catch in or-der to ensure that the total region-al demand is met.

Fishing is a traditional activity in the Gulf, and what is required is merely modernization and organization. Agriculture, on the other hand, is quite a different matter. Qatar, with a negligible annual rainfall and generally salty topsoil, is not the ideal place to try one's

hand at gardening. Nevertheless, the Qatar Ministry

the year 2000. By 1979, the government's experimental farms in the north and south of the country were producing crops valued at about \$26.7 million. Of that total, 28.3 percent was vegetables, covering 70 percent of domestic consumption, according to government statistics.

ment statistics.

There are about 2,000 hectares of land under cultivation throughphase project put forward by the ministry aims to add another 1,000 hectares to the southwest of Doha to be irrigated by treated sewage.

Reclamation Projects

The project is expected to begin in 1982-1983 with the reclamation of 400 hectares where alfalfa, wheat, barley and sorghum will be grown and pasture land for sheen will be developed. A further 200 hectares by 1985 will increase the area for wheat and barley. During the following 10 years, a further 200 hectares will be devoted to alfalfa and sheep while the final 200 hectares will be ready by 1998 for rghum, wheat and barley. Experiments with farming tech-

niques for the desert also have an application in horticulture, and during the next 12 months the Doha municipal authorities plan to turn the city green with the de-velopment of about 40 parks, and the planting of 6,500 trees. The production and preservation of parks is a costly affair because per-manent irrigation is necessary. Once, the sight of tankers watering the green patches on main roads

common, but in the new plans, piped systems will be employed.

Trees have more than cosmetic value. On long, straight roads leading from the towns toward the desert, an unbroken skyline with the inevitable heat haze renders driving dangerous. The trees that line the dual highways at least give the driver some relief from the

blinding glare.
The trees being used in this major project to improve the environment of the capital city have been raised in municipal nurseries and tested for survival in the tough conditions. Even in the intense heat of summer, trees and flowers seem to thrive in the sandy conditions, provided that there is a regular water supply.



National Bank of Qatar, nation's official monetary agency.

Media Play Big Role In a Small Market

FOR A SMALL country with a population of about 250,000, concentrated in the capital of Doha, Qatar is remarkably wellserved by media.

Television broadcasting began in Qatar slightly more than 10 years ago, with color transmission since 1975. The station, which carries a limited amount of advertising, has 75 hours of programs a week; more than half are locally produced. A significant number of programs in English and Hindi ater to the expatriate audience.

In a major expansion, a second channel is shortly to be introduced that will be devoted during the afternoon to educational and cultural programs, and in the evenings to foreign-language programs. Two new studies are being prepared, one for the production of drama programs and the other for the use of the second channel.

of the second channel.

The quality of locally produced Arabic programs has greatly increased in recent years, and is assisted by the fact that the Gulf Radio and Television Training Center is based in Doha. The most marked improvement has been in documentary films, where a new, open attitude toward informing the people has allowed television teams to go out in the streets to record Qatar's daily life. A recent program offered a rare opportuni-ty to spend a day with one of the dwindling band of Bedouins who inhabit the border areas between Qatar and Saudi Arabia.

Radio is also in a phase of ex-

Qatar radio can be received clearly in the Arab world as a whole. The introduction of computerized equipment has led to 24-hour broadcasting on the English-lan-gnage channel with music through the night. That channel, QBS, one of the most popular in the Gulf, recently introduced a local phonein program.

Qatar has two daily Arabic newspapers, al-Arab and the newcomer Arrayah, both privately owned, while the English-speaking community is served by the Gulf Times, which began life as a weekly but has been produced daily since the end of February. There are more than 20 weekly

and monthly magazines, mostly in Arabic, on a variety of subjects; undoubtedly one of the most popular papers among young Qataris is a weekly sports paper, al-Dauri. The most prestigious production in the field of publishing is the Ministry of Information's monthly cultural magazine al-Doha, which has a reputation throughout the Arabic-speaking world as a leader in

The rapid growth of the media in recent years is evidence of a major change in the government's attitude toward information. In the not too-distant past, there was a general district of journalism engendered by often misinformed re-porting in the Western press, and particularly the reporting of Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries affairs. But there has been a gradual realization that the best way to counter bad reporting is to provide accurate information. The change also reflects a growing national self-confidence as the major development projects of the last decade have taken root.

No less important than the gov-ernment's attitude toward censorship is the attitude of local busi-nessmen toward advertising, which supports many of the publications. The growth of the press, in addi-tion to the establishment of a num-

ber of advertising agencies, points to an increasing awareness of so-phisticated advertising techniques that were not necessary until the great expansion of the consumer market in Qatar.

Outside the scope of commercial publishing, the Ministry of Information has a wide range of publications covering many aspects of Qatar past and present, and is attempting to ensure that every phase of this period of rapid change is recorded in words and

—KEN WHITTINGHAM



EDUCATION is a priority in Qatar. Here, school-age children show the national flag



Student pilots at the Gulf aviation school in an audio laboratory.





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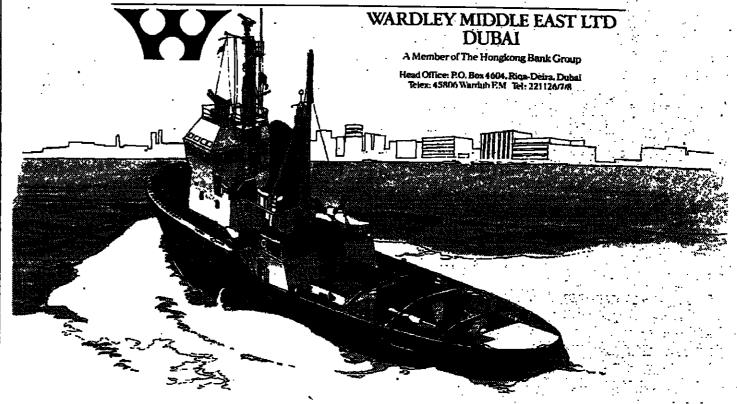
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Page 11 Wednesday, June 17, 1981 * *

BUSINESS NEWS BRIEFS U.S. Banks

Sony Expects Sales to Increase 18% This Year

TOKYO — Sony expects sales to rise about 18 percent during this business year over the 34.23 billion last year, managing director Kimio

Polish Debt Okura said, noting that net income could be the same or a little lower than last year's \$325.3 million.

Mr. Okura said that Sony benefitted greatly from cheaper yen while appreciation of the Japanese currency this year is likely to cut into profits. During the current business year which ends in October, Sony expects capital investment to reach about \$350 million.

He also said that the company will have to start manufacturing video tape recorders overseas, and noted that demand has oustripped supply of such items as VTRs, color televisions and Walkman cassette players. The company is planning to build a factory to make color TVs and VTRs in the easern United States, although a specific site has not been picked. (See Company Reports.)

Krupp Expects Losses in Steel, Shipbuilding

ESSEN. West Germany — The Krupp industrial group's steel and shipbuilding operations will report losses this year while the outlook for other sectors is unclear, managing board chairman Wilhelm Scheider said Tuesday. He declined to forecast 1981 results.

Incoming orders in the shipbuilding sector dropped to 150 million Deutsche marks in the first live months of 1981 against 200 million DM a year ago, while sales rose 62 percent in the same period. Even with the upturn, the shipping sector still needs government subsidies to remain competitive, Mr. Scheider said, adding that incoming orders for steel dropped to 2.6 billion DM from 2.9 billion while sales declined 7 per-

Overall group sales rose slightly to 5.2 billion DM in the first five months of 1981, but growth varied. The group plans fixed asset investments this year of 485 million DM and will spend 240 million on research and development, Mr. Scheider said. (See Company Reports.)

American Express Looks to Sell Banking Unit

NEW YORK -American Express Corp. said Tuesday that it has held preliminary talks on the possible sale of all or part of its wholly-owned subsidiary, American Express International Banking Corp.

The disclosure was contained in proxy materials filed for a special

shareholders meeting due June 29 to approve the acquisition of Shearson Loeb Rhoades by American Express. The company did not disclose the third parties with whom it has held talks and said "no agreements of any

American Express noted that the banking unit - which operates in 34 countries and has assets of approximately \$6.9 billion — is not a member of the Federal Reserve System and does not engage in domestic U.S. business except as is necessary for its activities outside the United States. Analysts said the most likely buyer of the unit would be a foreign bank.

Corporate Operating Profits Decline in Japan

TOKYO — The operating profit of major Japanese companies in the first quarter of 1981 fell an average 5.5 percent from a year earlier after a 3.1-percent year-on-year rise in the preceding quarter, the Finance Ministry said in a quarterly survey report.

This is the first fall of the index since the last quarter of 1977, when it fell an average 3.2 percent. The index is based on a survey of 18,463 companies, but excludes banks and insurance firms.

B.C. Hydro Requires Loans of \$18.2 Billion

VANCOUVER - British Columbia Hydro said it will have to borrow \$18.2 billion to keep afloat over the next 10 years, \$5 billion more than it

The government-owned corporation estimated expenditures over the next decade at \$22.6 billion, with about \$6.5 billion provided from operations; however, \$2.1 billion will be used to retire existing debt, leaving a shortfall of \$18.2 billion.

China to Pay Japan Cash For Petrochemical Plants

TOKYO — China has informed Japan that it will continue to pay cash for machinery and equipment imports for two planned petrochemical complexes, withdrawing a previous request for a deferred-payment formula from Japan, government sources in Tokyo said.

The notification, through diplomatic channels, means China's National Technical Import Corp. will implement its original contracts with about 10 Japanese companies, which once seemed in danger of cancellation.

The Chinese agency last January told the Japanese companies it was suspending the construction of the complexes — in Nanking and Dacing — due to shortages of for-eign exchange and energy re-sources, the sources said. But China decided to continue to import the machinery and equipment and asked for a deferred payment facil-ity of \$600 million for about five

years to finance the imports.

Toyo Engineering Corp., head
of the group of companies

which includes C. Itoh & Co., Mitsui Engineering & Shipbuilding, and IGC Corp.—said the Chinese decision to continue to pay cash would settle most of the problems between the two sides. Only minor questions, such as a change in the original plan for training Chinese experts for the construction and operation of the complexes, remain to be solved.

Details of Loan Request

Japanese companies are responsible only for exporting the machinery and equipment, with the actual construction of the complexes left to the Chinese, Toyo

complexes, government sources

A working-level mission of the Japanese government visited Pe-king last mouth to listen to the Chinese explanation of its loan request, but government sources said it was not sufficient. The requested loans will be used mainly for pay-ing wages to Chinese workers and other domestic costs of construc-

Also Tuesday, Nippon Steel said China has placed an additional steel order for 87,000 metric tons with six major Japanese steel manufactuers for July-September shipment. The order was a supplement to 482,000 tons that China ordered earlier this month.

Exports Declining

The new order brings the total amount of ordinary steel bought by China from the Japanese manufactuers for shipment in the second half of the 1981 to 567,000 tons, Nippon Steel said. China, which buys Japanese steel on a semiannual basis, bought 910,000 tons in the first half of the year.

Japan's steel exports to China have been steadily falling in recent years and Japanese industry offi-cials fear that exports may fall below the 2-million ton level this year

for the first time since 1973.

Meanwhile, the Mitsubishi
Corp. said its industrial group expects Liu Xhinghua, deputy general manager of the Chinese corporation, to visit Japan soon to talk about the problem of compensa-tion for the termination of its con-tract to build a steel rolling mill at

Baoshan, near Shanghai.

Mitsubishi is seeking cash compensation of less than 50 billion priexes left to the Chinese, Toyo said.

The Japanese government is still awaiting detailed explanations about China's request for loans totalling \$2.6 billion to raise funds. talling \$2.6 billion to raise funds propose a five-year suspension of needed for the construction of the

CURRENCY RATES

Interbank exchange rates for June 16, 1981, excluding bank service charges.

Amsterdom	24045	5.226	111.24	46.71	D. 2227	_	6.895 *	127.49	35.38 ·
Brusaels (a)	. 38.36	76,835	16.3526	6.9648	3.275 *	14.651		16.70	5.20
Frankfurt	2.245	4705		12.00	2,008 *	29.99 -	6.121 *	114.75 *	31.85 *
London (b)	13777		44925	11,1477	2.136.95	5215	74.50	4.997	14,7342
	1.148.05	2342.29	498.91	209.35		449.12	30.472	571.37	153.80
Miles	1,100.40	1,993	0.4250	0.179	0.0854 *	0.3834 4	0.2615	0.4975	1.1359
New York		11.187	738.40		4.779 z		14,5735*	272.88*	75.85
Paris	5.5825					77,0113			27,1723
Zurich	2.054	4 1058		36.8327					
ECU	1.0523	0.5367	2,5311	2170مة	1,264,17	2.8152	41_3669	<u>2.2</u> 101	7.9525
_			_						
			D	ollar V	alues				

£ Eqpiv.	CUITMACY	Per U.S.S	S Equiv.	Currency	Per U.S.S	S Squiv,	Corrency	Pt U.S
1.1464	Australian \$	0.5725	0.0973	(proell sheke)		9.4676	Singapore 3	2.12
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0.183	Home Kong S	24045	0.2941	3000 / 1701	1400			

To Meet on

60 Creditors Ponder Delay in Repayments

Reuters
NEW YORK — About 60 U.S. banks with loans outstanding to Poland will meet here Friday to discuss a proposal to delay agree-ment on rescheduling Polish debt for six months, informed banking sources reported.

Some major U.S. banks believe that European and Japanese institutions are moving too fast to-wards a rescheduling agreement without a clear idea of the outlook for Poland's economy, the sources

Banks will meet in New York, not in Chicago as had earlier been planned, to work out a coordinated stance for the next meeting of the international task force of creditor banks due to be held in

The 19-member task force, which represents 460 creditor banks, drew up a draft rescheduling agreement for the \$2.37 billion of Polish debt falling due to banks this year.

Frankfurt banking sources have said that the proposed terms of the agreement would require interest payments to begin immediately at 1% percentage points over the London interbank offered rates with the principal amount to be rescheduled over seven years. Those terms were considered too lement, U.S. banking sources said.

"We're not convinced that we have the basis for a seven-year rescheduling," one source said. "No one has a really good grasp of what their economic outlook is," the source added, noting renewed uncertainty about Poland's politi-

Accordingly, major U.S. banks on Friday will put to their col-leagues a proposal for a six-month suspension of a debt-rescheduling agreement, until the end of 1981, the sources said. During that period, banks would expect interest payments from Poland but would allow principal payments to be de-layed, they said.

Proponents of such a plan, which would be similar to that used with countries such as Bolivia, believe the six-month holdup would allow time to set up mechanisms to monitor Polish economic progress. If U.S. banks agree to back such a delay, the proposal will be put to the Paris meeting. The sources said U.S. banks would find it difficult to accept the draft accord drawn up by the task force, and have voted against it in task force meetings. If the task force again votes for the terms previously proposed, a split could emerge between international banks that could lead to two different approaches being taken to the rescheduling, the sources said.

They acknowledged this would be very complex.

EEC Steel Firms Unable to Agree On Output Cuts

BRUSSELS — The EEC's independent steelmakers have been un-able to agree on voluntary production cuts, their spokesman said Tuesday.

He said a month of negotiations between the independent steel-makers' association, which ac-counts for about 20 percent of community production, and En-rofer, the EEC steelmakers association, had produced no agreement

The EEC Commission, which has been directing the steel indus-try for nine months in an attempt to end a price war among compa-nies faced with shrinking markets, may now have to extend its system of mandatory production cuts to the main products of the independent producers, the spokesman said. These are merchant bars and reinforcing bars, widely used in the construction industry, and wire

The commission has already said it will prolong mandatory production cuts on coils, widely used in the car industry, for another year after the end of June, although it is returning control over all other products to Eurofer.

A commission decision to impose quotas on the independents' products as well as on coil would mean that it retains control over more than 50 percent of EEC steel

Commission officials said In-dustry. Commissioner Etienne Davignon would announce a decision on the possible extension of mandatory controls on the independents' products at a meeting of EEC industry ministers next week.

Foreign Exchange Problems?

Having loreign exchange problems that cannot be handled through normal banking channels? Contact Deak-Perera, Box D1776 , Herald Tribune,

92521 Neuilly Cedex, France.

U.S. Inflation Spiral Easing

pen-market operations on the

Analysts said many investors

have been hopeful the past couple

of weeks that interest rates would

come down rapidly as a result of a

steady decline in the nation's mon-

ey supply.

On the NYSE floor, oil stocks,

hurt by a trend toward lower oil

prices worldwide, were broadly lower. Conoco was off 1% at 52%,

Mobil was down 4 at 55% and

California Standard gave up % to

Some of the decline in oil stocks

is probably a result of "window

dressing," according to Harvey Deutsch of Purcell Graham. He

said institutional buyers are selling

off poor performers before the end

of the June quarter to improve the

American Telephone & Tele-

graph, the most widely held stock

in the nation, also was active. The

Minnesota Mining & Manufac-

turing was down after the compa-

ny said it expected to report lower

second-quarter earnings because of currency charges abroad.

On the Amex, Sierracin was low-

er. The company said its second-

quarter earnings would be sharply lower than those of a year ago.

In corporate news, Transameri-

ca said Tuesday that its United

Artists subsidiary had established

an additional reserve of about \$29

million against its remaining in-

vestment in the movie "Heaven's

Gate," which is expected to lose a

great deal of money.

Transamerica said United Art-,

ists will report a loss for the second

quarter, which may have an impact

company sold 18.6 million new

shares last week.

appearance of their portfolios.

federal funds rate than on any

By Kenneth H. Bacon

WASHINGTON — After two years of double-digit inflation, a sustained period of moderating prices in the United States is being predicted by

"The inflation outlook really has improved" over the past few months, said Otto Eckstein, president of Data Resources. "It's a substantial change in most economic forecasts."

Michael Evans, president of Evans Economics, another forecasting firm, said that "the rate of inflation for at least the next year and a half is likely to be quite a bit lower than generally ex-Not all analysts share the bright outlook. Henry Kaufman, the Salomon Brothers economist influ-

ential on Wall Street, believes that the administration's "exceedingly expansionary" policy of large tax cuts and higher defense spending will make it difficult to cool inflation. Some forecasters, however, see the inflation rate, as measured by the consumer price index,

falling as low as 7½ percent next year. Although still high by historical standards, that would be a substantial improvement from the 13.5 percent rise last year. Most of the new optimism reflects softer oil prices and slower increases in food and housing

prices than were anticipated several months ago. Analysts also see signs that the spiral of rising prices and catch-up wage increases may be slow-Moreover, both private and government analysts see the likelhiood that productivity will grow

this year and for at least the next several years. "What we're observing is a cyclical slowing of inflation pressures which typically occurs during the recovery phase of the business cycle — a period characterized by slack markets and cyclical efficiencies," said Aubrey Zaffuto, the economist for Schroeder Capital Management, a New York

investment-counseling firm.

At the beginning of this year, Data Resources forecast a gradual deceleration of inflation, with consumer prices rising 11.5 percent this year, 10.2 percent next year and 9.5 percent in 1983. But the firm's latest forecast is a 10 percent increase this year, followed by rates of 8.7 percent and 7.9 percent in the next two years.

NEW YORK — Prices on the New York Stock Exchange were

lower Tuesday as two major banks

lowered their prime rates, but only

The Dow Jones industrial average, which rose 5.71 points Monday to its highest level since late

April, was off 8.66 to close at 1,003.33.

Declines led advances by about a 9 to 6 margin among the 1,943 issues traded on the New York ex-

The volume on the NYSE was

Prices were lower in moderate

Larry Wachtel of Bache Halsey

trading of American Stock Ex-

Stuart Shields said traders were

disappointed that no major banks

followed Chemical Bank's Mon-

day prime rate cut to 19 percent

from 20 percent. Citibank and

Bankers Trust Tuesday moved to

191/2 percent, indicating that inter-

est rates will not fall as quickly as

originally expected.
One reason why other banks did

not follow Chemical's lead, ac-

cording to Irwin L. Kellner, senior

vice president and chief economist

of Manufacturers Hanover Trust.

was that the Fed appears willing to

allow short-term rates to remain

high despite recent declines in M-1B, the primary measure of the na-

Tuesday the rate on federal funds, overnight money that banks trade among themselves, was as

high as 19% percent, up from the 17% to 18 percent range that prevailed last week. The Fed has a

more direct impact through its

57.78 million shares, down from

the 63.35 million shares traded

by one-half percent.

change.

Monday.

change issues.

Similarly, Morgan Guaranty Trust in January predicted inflation of 11.4 percent this year. The bank's June projection sees consumer prices climbing 9.7 percent this year and 7.5 percent

The Reagan administration does not claim

credit for the recent slowdown in inflation, be-cause most of its policies have not been enacted yet. But "we're paving the way for a major decline in inflation in 1982," said Lawrence Kudlow of the Office of Management and Budget. He cited policies of budget restraint, tax-rate reductions, deregulation of business and pressure on the Federal Reserve to maintain a restrictive monetary

Benefits Predicted

Economists say the current moderation in inflation should begin to produce economic benefits. "The gap between prime interest rates and the ongoing rate of inflation is now the widest in memory and far above the general historical experience of three percentage points or so," said Al-bert Cox, president of Merrill Lynch Economics. 'Interest rates are bound to give and probably

Mr. Zaffuto thinks that the slowing inflation rate should spur consumer spending. wage increases are based on the previous year's inflation rate, real disposable income rises as inflation slows year to year," he said.

Lower inflation, analysts say, should narrow cost-of-living increases provided under union contracts and reduce catch-up wage demands next year, a big bargaining year led by auto and rubber

"If we get six to nine months of single-digit inflation, business might get wage settlements down to 7 percent," from the 10 percent average last year, said Richard Nenneman, senior vice president of Philadelphia's Girard Bank.

Additionally, the strong dollar, largely a prod-uct of high U.S. interest rates, holds down U.S. inflation by reducing the cost of imports. "The strengthening of the dollar should knock 1.5 percentage points off the inflation rate just this year," said Donald Ratjezak, the director of economic forecasting at Georgia State University. "That's one of the reasons a lot of people are revising their (inflation) rates down."

shareholders.

els, dealers said.

was "strictly an investment."

expectations of a decline in U.S.

interest rates.

Sterling, which opened at more than \$2, dropped back to \$1.9965,

though it was still higher than

Monday's closing of \$1.9887.

U.S. Industry Output Up 0.3% During May 938,000 units in May, 1980.

WASHINGTON - U.S. industrial production inched upward in May, with most of the small gain due only to auto dealers building up inventories, the Federal Re-

my inventories, the recteral Reserve Board reported Tuesday.

May's 0.3-percent rise in production followed April's downward revised 0.1 percent increase—tiny figures when compared with gains of 1 percent or more for five straight months at the close of last weer as the economy recovered. last year as the economy recovered

In related news, the Commerce Department reported that housing starts in May dropped 14 percent, after a revised 3.3-percent increase in April, to a seasonally adjusted annual rate of 1.15 million units. the lowest since a severe slump exactly a year ago. Issuance of building permits, an indication of future housing construction, were at a virtual standstill, rising only 0.3 percent to an adjusted annual rate of 1.18 million units.
The starts in May were at the

U.S. Defends Fiscal Policy

By John Bartram Reviers

PARIS — The United States Tuesday night rejected European criticism that high U.S. interest rates and the strong dollar are seriously damaging economies and putting people out of work in Eu-

rope.

After a sharp attack by France on American policies at a 24-nation Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development conference here, Myer Rashish, undersecretary of state for eco-nomic affairs, said that some coun-NYSE Prices Drop Despite Cut in Prime nomic affairs, said that some countries which criticize high U.S. inon Transamerica's second quarter their commitment to anti-inflation policies.

operating earnings.
International Business Machines "We are not pursuing a policy of said Tuesday it intends in the next high interest rates," he said. "But few days to file a 25-year, \$250 million debenture issue with the we think it's desirable for countries which face a serious problem of in-Securities and Exchange Commisflation to fight inflation. If countries have low inflation and high Posi-Seal International said unemployment then they should Tuesday an offer by a U.S. unit of combat that." Mr. Rashish was responding to

BTR of London to acquire the company at \$12 a share is inadequate. Posi-Seal said its board be-France's new Socialist foreign minister, Claude Chevsson, who earlier lieves the offer is not in the best told ministers from leading indusinterests of the company or its trial countries that U.S. economic policies were damaging trade and Amax said Tuesday it agreed to industrial investment in Europe as sell its 30 percent interest in Adobe Oil and Gas to Williams well as increasing unemployment. The foreign and finance minis-

Cos for about \$105 million.
Williams Cos said in a statement
from its Tulsa headquarters that ters who are attending the meeting are likely to disagree sharply Wednesday when they discuss its purchase of the Adobe stock ways to overcome stagnant growth, high inflation and record The dollar firmed in New York unemployment, according to during the morning Tuesday but OECD officials.

later weakened again to stand just slightly higher than overnight levof the OECD meeting, Mr. Cheys-son stepped up the Mitterrand Trading was active and nervous government's recent criticism of U.S. economic strategy: "With in-terest rates at 20 percent and the as a number of operators squared positions ahead of West German holidays Wednesday and Thursdollar floating in the stratosphere, day.
The dollar was quoted at 2.3430
Deutsche marks compared with
morning highs above 2.35 DM and employment is falling, trade suffers, no industrial investments can take place and the worst off are in the forefront of the battle Monday night's close of 2.3375 DM. In London the dollar closed at 2.3474 DM.

He said his government's priori-ty was employment, making the strong dollar and high U.S. inter-The dollar's initial firmness was a reaction to its sharp decline on Monday, which itself was based on

against inflation."

est rates intolerable.

Mr. Rashish, who is also Mr. Reagan's personal representative at major international economic meetings, said present policies were designed to restore economic growth in the United States with-

Analysts said they saw no sharp new recession looming, but neither did they predict much economic growth in the next few months. Congressional action on tax cuts for individuals and businesses probably would not bring any eco-nomic resurgence before the fourth quarter of the year, said David ross, a senior economist at Chase

Econometrics. And although interest rates have fallen a bit recently, he said rates are unlikely to fall far enough fast enough to give the economy much of a push soon.

The Fed reported May's gain "was concentrated in production of motor vehicles and parts." Auto companies increased assemblies of cars and utility vehicles 7.5 percent to an annual rate of 7.3 million units, the report said.

But Mr. Cross said, "That certainly had nothing to do with sales," which have been slow. Dealers must build inventories in the spring "in anticipation of plant closings over the summer," he noted. In addition, both he and Adren Cooper, a Commerce Department analyst, said part of the increase was due to General Motors' introduction of its new J-cars — a production expansion which Mr. Cooper said does not necessarily indicate overall consumer auto

demand. Taking the auto situation into consideration, Mr. Cross said, the May production gain "was really no growth at all, or at least no healthy growth that can be sustained over a period of time."

Mr. Cooper said the April and May production figures "are con-sistent with the theme that we're going to have - and that we're having — a very sluggish econo-my." The Reagan administration has predicted little or no growth in the April-June and July-September May's production was 6.1 per-

cent above the depressed level of a year earlier, but still slightly below the pre-recession peak level of March 1979, the Fed reported. The April gain was revised downward from the 0.4 percent originally reported The May index was 152.8 -

meaning output last month was 152.8 percent of the average level in the base year of 1967.



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NYSE Nationwide Trading Closing Prices June 16

What puts a domestic bank among the world's top 25?

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STOCK MARKET POLITICS WHATCH FOR BUY SIGNS Or, why international oil stocks

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1980 Financial Year

Annual General Meeting of shareholders of May 22nd, 1981 HIGHLIGHTS OF THE TORO FINANCIAL VEAD

- INDIFFERENCE FAR
Losses at the Thierry copper mine (Canada) and at Jersey Minière Zinc (U.S.A.).
Profits at the Tejucana diamond and gold mine (Brazil).
Resumption of research and development work by Ocean Mining Associates (deep sea nodules) and of exploration by Oracle Ridge Mining Partners (copper ore).
Negotiation of the sale of the Velardeña zinc deposit (Mexico).
Income from deposits shows marked rise but major amortisation of investments reduced.
Net dividend of 500 Francs (1) per whole share (50 Francs per tenth part of share), same as that for the 1979 francial year.

Abstracts from the Statement of Mr. Paul-Émile Corbiau, Chairman of the Board MAIN FIGURES (in Belgion Francs):

Capital subscribed, issued and fully paid up: 8,000 millions

Reduction of the Operating result: 258,7 millions (ogainst 416.6 in 1979) which is basically the autoame of a lower level of sales of Financial income rose to 1,606 millions (ogainst 1,102.6 in 1979).

Not profit for the financial year: 500,7 millions (ogainst 666 millions in 1979).

Drawing of an amount of 141 million on the reserves (that corresponds to a provision of the same amount set up to cover commitment.

Drowing or an amount of a control of the company of

Dividend maintained: 300 Francs per full share (but rones per full share).

Result corried forward: 49.9 millions (ogainst 50.9 millions in 1979).

After these informations, the President reviewed the recent developments of the various projects of the company:

Canada-Thierry Mine: Production remains stable at around 85,000 mt. of are a month to supply the concentrator that operates at about 80% of its normal copooly. The grade of the are extracted and the operating casts involved are such that no return can be expected without some improvement in the present copor prices. Prospection of the underground are body below 500 m. has confirmed the existence of mineral deposits at depths of up to 800 m. and provides evidence that it may extend to up to 1,000 m.

U.S.A.-lersey Miniter Zinc: The joint venture is nearing its financial equilibrium and it is hoped that this improving trend will be confirmed during the course of the year. A sufficient improvement of the zinc market would allow production work to begin at the Gordansville mine.

Ocean Mining Associates (O.M.A.) - (deep sea mining of polymetalic nodules) relaunching in early 1981 of the research and development program that was shelved back in 1979. Union Minière feels — as do its partners — that if it is difficult to predict what the outcome of future negotiations of the conference on the Low of the Sea will be, the publication of national legislations (as already done in the U.S.A. and in the West Germany) (including a Belgian on that is wished) would permit to anticipate industrial development of the nodules to begin in a reasonably, near future.

Oracle Ridge Mining Partners (copper deposit in Arizona): Exploration continuing exploration in the hope of shortly uncovering mineral reserves that would warrant fairly speedy development.

Bietanell Minerals colliery (Indiana): Our subsidiary Union Mines has taken over this entire holding. The 500,000 1/y, production capacity of steam coal will be increased in the coming months to 750,000 1/y. This investment

Brazzi-Tejucana (diamonis): The authors for raverage results remove a personnel of an additional site as of next year.

— Paraibuna (zinc plant): A steady level of production has been achieved. Efforts are currently aimed at getting the Brazzion Government to adjust the zinc quato and pricing systems to enable the company to meet its debt and achieve a return on its capital.

Mexico-Astumex: Sale of the Velardeña are body at satisfactory conditions. Negotiations currently under way with a Mexican company for the resumption of prospection works on the Cerre-Deferes project (zinosilver-lead ore).
 Belglum-Umipray (recovery of urassum contained in phosphotes): The plant become operational during the first half of 1980 and work is going affect according

usion, the President P.-E. Corbiau insisted that, in his point of view, there is no warrant for any scepticism or lass of heart. It is the Board's conviction that it As a conclusion, the President P.-E. Corbial insisted that, in his point of view, there is no warrant for any scepticism or loss of heart. It is the Socra's conviction that it would be a serious mistake not to continue maintaining and developing Union Minière's activities in the natural resources sector where it has enough assets to copitalize with due deference to its financial restraints and profitability objectives - on the experience and positions it has acquired within it. These are the reasons why Union Minière must, by means of a dynamic but guarded policy and strict management, sufeguard, and as for as possible, strive to strengthen the position its holds in a sector that is well known to it and represents a major link in the chain of national enterprises. For it is this clear vision and determination that will condition the company's future and success.

(inpies, in English, French, Dutch and Spanish of the 1980 Annual Report and of the Chairman's Statement to the General Assembly of Shareholders can be obtained on request from: UNION MINIÈRE

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By Wallace Turner New York Times Service ANCHORAGE - Next month, an armada of tugs and barges will leave Puget Sound for the two-and-a-half-week voyage north through the Gulf of Alaska, past the Aleutian chain, across the Bering Sea, around Point Barrow and to the docks at Prudhoe Bay. Aboard will be multimillion-dol-

lar cargoes of oilfield equipment that will permit the extraction of as much oil as possible from the rich Alaskan fields.

The prime oil formation in Prudhoe Bay is the Sadlerochit, where production started in 1977 from sandstone that begins at 9,000 feet below the frozen mud on the surface. A secondary discovery, where production is expected to start eary next year, lies slightly above, at 7,500 feet, and to the west, in the Kuparuk formation.
"We will spend \$5 billion in the

next five years in North Slope de-velopment," said Glenn Simpson, president of Arco Alaska, Alantic Richfield's operating arm here.
This will include additional oil recovery equipment in the Prudhoe Bay field as well as bringing the Kuparuk field into production early next year," he added.

The original discovery is be-

lieved to hold 30 billion barrels of oil, of which about 9 billion are said to be recoverable. The field is operated in two parts, half by Standard Oil of Ohio, which owns about 53 percent of the oil, and the other half by Atlantic Richfield, which owns about 21 percent. Exxon also owns about 21 percent, with other companies owning mi-

The Kuparuk sands are believed to hold about 4 billion barrels of oil. Geologists for the state have estimated, however, that no more-than 750 million barrels are reco-

By operating the Sadlerochit-field with present equipment and drilling in a 160-acre pattern, only 5.3 billion barrels would be recov-

Six barges of the flotilla are car-

By Jerry Knight

Washingson Post Service

that "it is only a matter of time"

before another commodity-market

bubble bursts as one did in the sil-

ver market last year, the former

chairman of the Commodity Fu-

tures Trading Commission has is-

sued his own version of what went

wrong in the silver market and

Monday endorsed a series of re-

forms pending before the federal commodity agency and added two prescriptions of his own.

He called for forcing big speculators to disclose their commodity

Suzuki, Thatcher

LONDON — Japanese Premier Zenko Suzuki arrived here Tues-

day for talks with British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher that

are expected to be strained as a re-

sult of trade and economic ten-

he had seen King Baudouin, Bel-

gian Premier Mark Eyskens and EEC President Gaston Thorn on a

12-day swing through Western Ea-

myr. Suzuki is scheduled to confer with Mrs. Thatcher Wednesday.

COMPANY

REPORTS

Revenue and profits, in millions, are in local currencies unless otherwise indicated

Fried Krupp GMBH

2,230.0 138.51

12,790.0 118,93

Mr. Suzuki and a team of 40 officials arrived from Brussels where

sions between the two countries.

To Hold Talks

CFTC member James Stone

what ought to be done about it.

WASHINGTON -- Warning



316,000 barrels a day and is now about 1.5 million barrels a day.

Analysts estimate that the Sadlero-

chit production will begin to de-

sands will begin in 1982 and grow

slowly until additional room be-

comes available in the pipeline, ei-ther through construction of new

capacity, or a decline in the output from Sadlerochit.

Atlantic Richfield spokesman said.

on exploring the Beaufort Sea offshore leases. Sohio drilled two

small exploration wells that struck

deposits. The company announced

that one indicated a flow of 4 400

barrels of oil a day, and the other,

2,700 barrels a day. Some compa-nies have spent this Arctic work season building gravel islands from which to drill next season.

now no room in the pipeline,

which is the only way to market.

There is no hurry, for there is

Elsewhere in Alaska, Atlantic

Richfield will begin drilling in

1982 on leases in the Gulf of Alaska 26 miles off Yakutat. And Rog-

er Herrera, exploration manager of

Sohio Alaska, said his company

would "continue to explore the

Lisburne formation, east of Pru-

dhoe. We will drill a test well in

the Collville River area west of the

Mr. Stone urged adoption of

the holdings of large speculators, changes in financial rules for com-

modity brokers and new rules gov-

erning foreign traders.

He also called for Congress to

give some federal agency the au-thority to control the margin on

commodity futures transactions.

The CFTC rejected that remedy

several months ago, reflecting

long-held industry opposition to federal intervention in the mar-

Mr. Stone also suggested that Congress require public disclosure

of the holdings of big speculators.

Federal law now protects the privacy of all commodity dealings by

making it illegal for the CFTC to

the public last year, the silver bub-

ble might never have been blown

Silver Sale Planned

House Armed Services Committee said Monday that in closed session

last week it approved the sale of

about 75 percent of the silver and about 1.5 million carats of dia-

monds in the defense stockpile as a

proved by the House and Senate, the announcement of the commit

tee action brought an immediate 29-cent drop in silver prices to

\$10.205 an ounce on the New

York commodities exchange Monday. On Tuesday, silver continued

to fall, with quotes by mid-day at

three-year period and lesser amounts of other stockpiled items

such as diamonds, mercuric oxide and mercury. The silver to be sold

amounts to about 75 percent of the government's entire 139.5 millionounce stockpile.

A spokesman said the commit-

Though the sales must be ap-

WASHINGTON (UPI) - The

up, Mr. Stone suggested.

disclose holdings.

budgetary step.

\$10.07 an ounce.

port said the events that inflated the approved the sale of 105.2 mil-the silver bubble "could be repeat-lion troy ounces of silver over a

The Kuparuk field is expected

produce 60,000 barrels a day at the beginning and reach a maximum of 100,000 barrels a day, an

cline in eight or nine years.

rving equipment for the second stage of recovery from the Sadlero-chit deposits. The equipment is in modules, some of which are 10 stories high and weigh 2,000 tons. The modules will be moved across the frozen plain and linked to the

The equipment in the modules will drain off gas and thus speed the flow of petroleum up the well pipe. The ratio of gas to oil be-comes higher as the oil pool lowers, and the increased gas slows the oil's flow.

This \$1.56 billion addition to field equipment will add 1.2 billion barrels to the life of the field. Installation of a gas re-injection sys-tem over the next two years will cost \$500 million and add 500 million barrels of oil recovery. Gas produced until then will be re-inected into the formation at other wells, to be preserved until a gas line is built across Canada to the United States.

Also in the next year or so, the number of wells will be doubled, to cover an additional 80-acre pat-tern, at a cost of \$960 million. This will add 800 million barrels of re-

Finally, in 1984, water injection will begin, intended to shove the remaining oil toward existing wells. That will cost \$1.9 billion

Production from the Sadlerochit sands began in mid-1977 with

Ex-Chairman of U.S. Commodity Agency

Warns of Need for Tighter Regulations

purchases and for giving the feder-

margins on commodity futures

CFTC last year when Congress or-

dered that agency to head a mas-

sive silver study in conjunction

with the Securities and Exchange

Commission, Federal Reserve

Board and Treasury Department.

The multi-agency study came out two weeks ago and was promptly disavowed by the SEC,

which said its investigations, which are still under way, tended to con-flict with the CFTC-drafted ver-

Mr. Stone prefaced his own re-

port by saying, "this is not a dis-sent," then offered 51 pages of

comment on the study produced

by the agency he headed until last

The former CFTC chairman

chided his agency for downplaying

the seriousness of the silver-market situation in which the price of the metal climbed to more than \$50 an

ounce before falling to about \$9,

for understating its impact on in-nocent bystanders and for un-derestimating the likelihood that what happened in silver will recur

over" the silver market for part of 1979 and 1980, creating what he called "a speculative bubble."

"For some reason, there has been an antipathy on the part of industry spokesmen, and even my

fellow commissioners, to the use of the word 'bubble,' " Mr. Stone said. "The staff has carefully avoided using the word."

The multiagency task force re-

But Mr. Stone said that, with no change in regulation. I believe

that the formation of another bub-

ble some day in some commodity can be predicted with near certain-ty. It is only a matter of time."

in other commodity markets. He charged that "irrational speculative expectations took

ministration's CFTC chief.

Mr. Stone was chairman of the

al government control over the several regulatory changes now be-margins on commodity futures fore the CFTC, including limits on

week, when attorney Philip Johnson took over as the Reagan adfew speculators had been known to

Alaskan Oil Search Widens Japan Trade **Posts Lower** May Surplus

Preliminary Figure Put at \$1.15 Billion

From Agency Dispatches TOKYO - Japan's trade surplus narrowed in May to \$1.15 billion from an upward-revised \$1.52-billion surplus in April, the Finance Ministry said Tuesday in a prelimi-

The current-account balance, which includes the merchandise trade figures as well as service and Pipeline System. Output began at transfer payments, posted an \$80million May deficit and the overall balance-of-payments deficit nar-rowed in the month to \$1.17 bil-Production from the Kuparuk

The trade surplus compared with a \$665-million deficit a year earlier; seasonally-adjusted, surplus decreased slightly to \$1.74 billion from an upward-revised \$1.87-billion April surplus.

Finance Ministry officials said a slow growth in import values, stemming from falling commodity prices - except crude oil - coupled with continued high exports contributed to the fairly large May trade surplus. They noted that ex-port growth slowed from a monthaverage of 30 percent in the earpart of this year. Exports rose 21 percent to

\$12.47 billion from a level of \$10.3 billion a year earlier, while imports increased 4 percent to \$11.32 bil-lion. Adjusted May exports fell 0.7 percent to \$12.76 billion from April while adjusted imports rose 0.3 percent to \$11.02 billion.

Continued Improvement

The preliminary current account figure showed a brisk improve-ment from its \$1.8-billion shortfall a year before. The current-account balance, which has been improving since the start of this year, was in surplus in April by \$474 million.

from an \$827-million surplus in he previous month.

May from an upward-revised \$2.44-billion deficit in April and compared with a \$247-million deficit a vear earlier. The adjusted overall balance-of-

payments was in deficit by \$576 ilion, down sharply from a \$2.09-billion shortfall in April.

France Reports Deficit

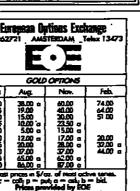
PARIS - France's trade delicit videned in May to 3.35 billion French francs (\$592 million) from a deficit of 2.18 billion francs in April, the Foreign Trade Ministry said Tuesday. In the year-ago month, France reported a deficit

BETTER THAN GOLD

tudio, apartment, chalet Little cash - large mortgages at 51/2% interest p.a.

and eajoy a anteed free holiday for 25 years are than 400 resorts

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European Gold Markets

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May 1981.

All these securities having been sold, this announcement appears as a matter of record only

New Issue



NISSAN MOTOR CO., LTD.

(Nissan Jidosha Kabushiki Kaisha)

60,000,000 Shares of Common Stock

evidenced by European Depositary Receipts

representing approximately U.S.\$ 225 million

The Nikko Securities Co., (Europe) Ltd.

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Lombard Odier International

NYSE Nationwide Trading Closing Prices June 16

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On a seasonally adjusted basis,

the current account registered a \$514-million surplus in May, down Ministry officials said that the

inflow of capital slowed in May because of higher interest rates in the United States and some other countries, and the yen's fall discouraged investment in Japanese assets.

The preliminary overall balance-

of-payments deficit narrowed in

Swiss Real Estate:

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European Options Exchange						
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BANQUE NATIONALE DE PARIS

Floating rate note issue of US \$225,000,000 1981/96

The rate of interest applicable for the periode beginning June 11th 1981 and set by the reference agent is 174% annually.

SARAKREEK HOLDING NV

free issue of

up to 1,550,000 shares

in the form of share certificates representing 1,4 and 40 shares with a nominal value of Dfls. 25, - per share. The new shares will not rank for the dividends payable on 15th June, 1981; their dividend entitlement in respect of the year to 31st December, 1981 will be one-half of that of the existing shares, including any part of this entitlement paid as an interim dividend for 1982.

subscription

310,000 of the above new shares are publicly offered by the under-signed for subscription at all their offices in the Netherlands until

Wednesday, July 1, 1981, 15.00 hrs.

issue price

U.S. \$ 32.50 per share.

payment date

Wednesday, July 15, 1981. Subscribers for the new shares have the option to make payment either in dollars or in guilders. The Dutch guilder equivalent of the

issue price for payment by subscribers who opt for payment in guilders will be announced by advertisement in the Offical Price List of the Amsterdam Stock Exchange not later than Monday, June 29, 1981.

The same announcement will, prior to the closing date for subscriptions, also be made in leading Dutch newspapers as well as in the International Herald Tribune.

further information

copies of the prospectus in the Dutch language and of resumés thereof, including a subscription form, as well as - to a limited number copies of the annual report and accounts of Sarakreek Holding N.V. for 1980, of its articles of association and of a brochure concerning its property portfolio as of December 31, 1980 are available at the headoffices of the undersigned in Amsterdam.

> Amsterdam-Rotterdam Bank N.V. Pierson, Heldring & Pierson N.V. Nederlandsche Middenstandsbank N.V.

Amsterdam, June 17, 1981.

e Board

ADVERTISEMENT THE DAI'EI, INC. (CDRs) Referring to the advertisement in this paper of 29th January, 1981 the undersigned amounces that the original shares from 10% free distribution have been

1st Half

West Germany

from June 25th, 1981 one new CDR The DaffEi, line. earn epn.no. 23 and talon will be available at Kas-Associatie N.Y., Spuistreat 172, Ameterdam, against delivery of 10 div.eps.no. 21 of CRRs The DaffEi, line.

After September 25th, 1981 the equivalent of the CDRs, wich have not been claimed by the holders of div.cp.no. 21, will be willibe held in cash at the disposal of said holders.

Furber the undersigned announces that as from June 25th, 1981 at Kas-Associatie N.V div.cp.no. 22 (accompanied by an "affigavit") of the CDRs The Dai E., Inc., each repr. 25 Shs. will be payable with Offic 1,80 net.

(div. per' record-date 28.2.1981; gross
Yen 7.50 p.ah.) after deduction of 15%
japanese tax = (= Yen 28,12 = Dfls. .

33 pr CDR. Without an Affidavit 20%

ian.tk (= Yen 37,50 = Dila .44) will be delucted. Alte: 28,9,1981 the div. will only be paid under deduction of 20% jap.tax with Dfs. 1.69 net, in accordance with the japa-

MSTERDAM DEPOSITARY COMPANY N.V. msterdam, 11th June, 1981.

Chicago Futures

-2.00 -2.40 -2.50 -2.29 -3.40 -3.00 -2.20 -2.05

London Metals Market

London Commodities

NYSE Nationwide Trading Closing Prices June 16

Miners, Processors, & Shippers

of E.P.A. Compliance and

Other Low Sulphur Steam and

Stoker Coals

Presently Shipping 1 Million Tons

With A Capacity to Ship 21/2 Million Tons

River Processing has the capacity and reserves

to ship coal 365 days a year

RIVER PROCESSING, INC.

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Teles: 218-417 Phone: 615-690-8967
M. Bowling, Sales & Marketing Randy Edgemon, Presiden

Southern Distribution Sales Office
Diversified Fuels, Inc.
Suite 504

Enquiries Invited

Main Office

28.00 28.00 27.00 28.00 27.00 **Paris Commodities**

Tokyo Exchange

Naw Index : 577.29 ; Previous : 577.29 Mikkel-DJ Index : 7.896.52 ; Previous : 7,711.73 **European Stock Markets**

295.00 285.00 174.00 3,580.00 3,501.00 900.00

June 16, 1981 (Closing prices in local currencies) Amsterdam 195.50 54.50 69.50 195.50 195.50 195.50 195.50 195.50 197.50 187.50 187.50 187.50 187.50 187.50 187.50 187.50 187.50 ACF Holding
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International Monetary **Commodity Indexes** Dividends

7-10 7-20 7-15 7-15 7-16 7-16 7-16 7-16 7-16

Market Summary NYSE Most Actives

Dow Jones Averages Dow Jones Bond Averages

Standard & Poors Clear 1215 147.90 51.47 14.42 23.82 NYSE Index

Lang 74.46 98.64 75.80 40.10 82.25 Odd-Lot Trading in N.Y.

American Most Actives

AMEX Index

House Opposes

Tuesday's New Highs and Lows

U.S. Position on **Baby Food Code**

The Associated Press
WASHINGTON — In a slap at the Reagan administration, the House voted Tuesday to condemn U.S. opposition to an international code for marketing infant formula.

The resolution, which passed 301 to 100, "expresses its dismay" at the U.S. action on May 21 in opposing the adoption of the code by the World Health Organization. The United States was the only nation to vote against the code, which was approved by 118 nations.

Supporters of the code have said substitutes for breast feeding can be danserous in underdeveloped countries because of unsanitary conditions, particularly polluted water supplies. The code proposed that infant formula manufacturers warn of health hazards in such

Rep. Clement Zablocki, Demo-crat of Wisconsin, sponsor of the House measure, said it was "a sim-ple statement of disappointment" with the administration's position.
The resolution carries no legal

The administration said it op-posed the code because it limited free speech in marketing and would violate laws if applied in the

Trade Surplus Rises in Brazil

The Associated Press

RIO DE JANEIRO — Brazil's trade surplus grew to \$21 million in May from \$7 million a year carlier, the Finance Ministry announced Tuesday. Exports totaled \$1.868 billion in May, down 3.5 percent from a year ago; imports were listed as \$1.847 billion, a 4.3percent drop from May, 1980

Petroleum again led all imports: Brazil spent \$861 million or oil about the same amount it spent in May, 1980, as oil imports for the year totaled \$3,999 billion.

Brazil's leading export product, coffee, was down sharply it May as world coffee prices slumped. Exports for the month were down 55 percent from May, 1981, and coffee exports so far this year were listed as \$865 million — a tecline of 25 percent from the same eriod last year. In 1980 Brazil coffee exports earned \$2.8 billion.



ISTITUTO FINANZIARIO INDUSTRIALE - Società per Azioni

Corporate Offices: 25, via Marenco, Turin, Italy

Capital Stock Lire 48.000.000.000 fully paid Tunn Registry of the Companies No. 327, File 2370/27

Notice to the shareholders

The extraordinary shareholders' meeting that took place on May 18th, 1981, has passed a resolution to increase the capital stock of the Company from Line 48 billion to Line 78 billion in the following manner: through a stock dividend of 3 million ordinary shares and 3 million preferred shares of Lire 1000 par value to be distributed to the shareholders of each class in the ratio of 1 new share for each 8 shares owned, with the dividend beginning to accrue on July 1st, 1980;

through a rights offering of 12 million ordinary shares and 12 million preferred shares of Lire 1000 par value to be subscribed to by the shareholders of each class in the ratio of 1 new share for each 2 shares owned (prior to the distribution of the stock dividends), at a price of Lire 2500 each with the dividend beginning to accrue on

in order to implement the resolution of the extraordinary shareholders' meeting, the capital increase will be effected as follows:

Stock dividend

The right to receive the stock dividend will be exercizable from June 17, 1981 to July 17, 1981 at the offices of the Company, via Marenco, 25, in Turin, or at any of the banks listed hereunder (after July 17, 1981 such right will only be exercizable at the offices of the Company), upon presentation of the existing share certificate from which coupon No. 22 will be detached;

The right to subscribe to the shares at Lire 2500 each will be exercizable from June 17, 1981 to July 17, 1981 at the offices of the Company in Turin, via Marenco, 25 or at any of the banks listed hereunder, upon presentation of the existing share certificate from which coupon No. 23 will be detached and simultaneous payment of Lire 2500 for each share subscribed. After July 17, the unexercised rights will be offered on the stock exchange as prescribed by section No. 3 of article 2441 of the Italian Civil Code.

Authorized banks

Banca Commerciale Italiana, Banca C. Steinhauslin & C., Banca d'Amenca e d'Italia, Banca del Monte di Credito di Pavia, Banca Lombarda di Depositi e Conti Correnti, Banca Nazionale dell'Agricoltura, Banca Nazionale del Lavoro, Banca Popolare di Novara, Banca Subalpina, Banco Ambrosiano, Banco di Napoli, Banco di Roma, Banco di Sicilia, Cassa di Risparmio delle Provincte Lombarde, Cassa di Risparmio di Torino, Credito Commerciale, Credito Italiano, Istituto Bancario Italiano, Istituto Bancario San Paolo di Torino, Itabanca, Monte del Paschi di Siena:

in Netherlands: Amsterdam Rotterdam Bank N.V.; in the Federal Republic of Germany: Commerzbani

in Switzerland: Crédit Suisse and Société de Banque Suisse; in France: Lazard Frères & C.le;

in Great Britain: Lazard Brothers & Co. and S.G. Warburg & Co. Ltd.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Toronto Stocks

AMEX Nationwide Trading Closing Prices June 16

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Italian Deficit Increases ROME — Italy's balance of pay-ments deficit rose sharply in May to 1.66 trillion lire (\$1.39 billion) lire and a shortfall of 943 billion lire in May last year, the Bank of Italy said Tuesday. 5% 15% 16% 15% 16% 16% 20% 10% 3% 13% 13% 7% 12% 7% 12% 22% 13% 22% 8% 22% 8% 24% 8% 24% 8% 574— Va 1574— 74 1574— 74 1647— 74 1574— 164 19 — 164 19 — 16 1274— Va 1374— V .49 .49 .01 wr .12r .10e 26 11 34 12 10. 8 23 17 36 10 35 7 52 7 32 28 80 29 7% TwinFr

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25 Spread for bread

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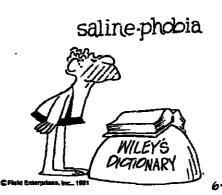
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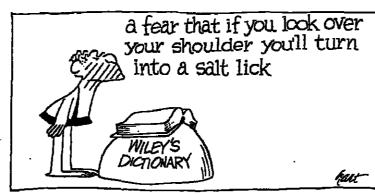
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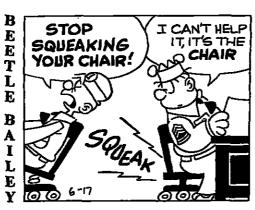






















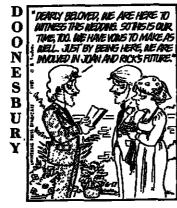


















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BUT I DIDN'T MEAN TO GET ON YOUR NERVES \dots I DIDN'T EVEN SEE 'EM!"

BOOKS.

THE BOOK OF EBENEZER LE PAGE By G.B. Edwards. Introduction by John Fowles. 400 pp. \$13.95. Knopf, 201 E. 52nd St., New York 10022. Reviewed by Doug Lang

TMAGINE a weekend spent in deep conversation with a superb old man, a crusty, intelligent passionate and individualistic character at the peak of his powers as a raconteur, and you will have a very good idea of the impact of "The Book of Ebenezer Le Page." The narrative thrust of this extraordinary novel depends much less on the conventional strategies of fiction than it does on the compelling nature of the voice of its narrator, Ebenezer himself, a man of the Channel Islands, whose life traverses the first three quarters of this century.

This is Ebenezer's story, from childhood to old age; from the time of the Boer War, in which Ebenezer's father dies, through World War I, in which Ebenezer's best friend, Jim Mahy, is killed, and World War II, during which Ebenezer's homeland, the island of Guernsey, is occupied by German troops, to the days of the proliferation of television, which Ebenezer deplores, and mass tourism. It is Ebenezer's story and it is the story of Guernsey, which lies 30 miles west of the Normandy coast and is best known for its cattle and its market gardening and, more recently, along with the island of Jersey, as a popular vacation resort.

Ebenezer Le Page is a Guernseyman first and foremost:

"Guernsey, Guernesey, Garnsai, Sarnia; so they say. Well, I don't know, I'm sure. The older I get and the more I learn, the more I don't know nothing, me. I am the oldest on the island, I think. Liza Queripel from Pleinmont says she is older, but I reckon she is putting it on."

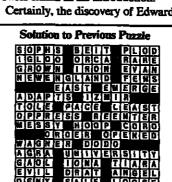
These are the novel's first five sentences and they give us a taste of what is to follow: the continuing emphasis on locale, the quirky, near hypnotic rhythms of Ebenezer's speech, and the high level of attitude that is present in all that Ebenezer tells us. It also gives us Lizz Queripel, the woman with whom Ebenezer enjoys and suffers a lifelong on-again-off-again love affair that runs as much on conflict and contradiction as it does on attraction and devotion.

The story of Liza and Ebenezer is one of the very many threads stitched into the fabric of this novel; there is the story of Ebenezer's aunts. La Prissy and La Hetty, who marry the Mar-tel brothers, Harold and Percy; and the story of Ebenezer's cousins, Horace and Raymond and of the latter's marriage to Jim Mahy's cousin, Christine; there is the story of Jimy Mahy and his unhappy marriage to unctuous Phoebe and of Jim's death in the Great War; there is the story of Ebenezer's sister, Tabitha, and her marriage to the ill-fated Jean; and many others. But it is Ebenezer's voice, more than the stories themselves, that sustains our interest so thoroughly. Ebenezer's voice presides over all and its creation is a tremendous achievement. It allows the novel's form (prolonged reminiscence) to work perfectly; it amuses, it enterpain to bawdy humor and back again, effortlessly, as convincing in its tones and shifts as the voice of a worldly, cunning and soulful old blues singer. It enables us to know Ebenezer Le Page so well that he becomes a universal figure and his story becomes the story of our century and our response to his story puts us in touch with our collective past

Lost Masterwork

The publishers of "The Book of Ebenezer Le Page" have announced it as, "A lost masterwork of English fiction," and this might well be true. Very little is known of its author, G.B. Edwards, a Guernseyman who died in England at the age of 80 in 1976. We know that he was very much a recluse; that he lectured at a workingman's college in Chelsea and became friendly with Frieda and D.H. Law rence; and that "The Book of Ebenezer Le Page," his first and only novel, was discovered among his papers after his death. He had spent most of his adult life working on the manuscript, apparently. The novel is "a remarkable achievement," as John Fowles claims in his introduction.

Certainly, the discovery of Edwards



and this work is the most significant event of this kind in English fiction since Jean Rhys emerged from two decades of oblivion with "Wide Sar-gasso Sea" in the mid-1960s, when everyone who had known of her had assumed she was long since dead. Unfortunately, we shall never know whether G.B. Edwards was simply the author of an eccentric masterpiece of autobiographical fiction or, potentially, at least, the possessor of a genius for creating fictional voice. Book of Ebenezer Le Page" was intended to form the first part of a trilogy, the second and third parts were to be called "The Puppet: The Book of Philip the Amputated" and "The Grandmother of the Cemetery: The Book of John the Sluggard." If even a significant fragment of one of these had come into being, we would be better equipped to evaluate the full weight of Edward's impact.

It is a pity, too, that we shall never have the pleasure of reading the other two books. Actually, Fowles would be the perfect candidate to pick up the trilogy where Edwards left it. Fowles studied French at Oxford, so he would be capable or dealing with the paiois peculiar to Guernsey that adds spice to so much of the narrative (there is a glossary of terms at the end of the text). Fowles is familiar with the use of an island as a general fic-tional metaphor; he used it himself in "The Magus." The relationships between men and women in Edwards' book are as complicated and as full of conflict as are the relationships between men and women in all of Fowles' novels. Fowles is experienced in the field of researched, historical fiction: he gave us "The French Lientenant's Woman." And Fowles' public persona has been as salty at times as Ebenezer Le Page's fictional one: 1 lived in Greece for a long time and grew to hate it, that interminable sunshine, he stated (for example) in an interview in 1976. Fowles has a predilection for placing his characters in situations where their actions are very much determined by the force of history, too, and this is also a prominent factor in G.B. Edwards' work

This coincidence of literary doncems and tendencies makes John Fowles an appropriate heir to the Ed-wards legacy: Fowles could have writ-ten "The Book of Ebenezer Le Page" himself. If he isn't too busy revising one of his own earlier works, perhaps he could bring Philip the Amputated and John the Sluggard to life for us. It would make for a fascinating literary ploy on his part.

Doug Lang teaches writing at the Corcoran School of Art. He wrote this review for The Washington Post.

Best Sellers

The New York Times This list is based on reports from more than 1,400 bookstores throughout the United States. Weeks on list are not necessarily consecutive. nni-

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	<u>.</u>		Works on Les
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	John D. MacDonald	3	8
3	THE COVENANT, by James A.	_	•
	Michener	_5	34
9	XPD, by Len Deighton	11	5
′	MASQUERADE, by Kit Williams	9	22
8	THE WHITE HOTEL, by D.M.		_
	Thomas	10	8
7	CREATION, by Gore Vidal	7	17
Ÿ	REFLEX, by Dick Francis	8	10
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MONEY DYNAMICS FOR THE
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By Alan Truscott

Warned about the bad trump break

by the final double, South was not in-

terested in drawing trumps. At the

third trick he led to the heart king.

and when this won he continued the

suit. When the defense played a third

round of hearts, he ruffed in dummy

and ruffed another diamond in his

BRIDGE

SOUTH took advantage of a slight-ly greedy double on the di-agramed deal. West passed originally with a borderline hand and then made a take-out double on the next round.

When North-South then continued to four spades, East believed that his diamond king would be a safe defensive trick and ventured a double. He was distillusioned when the opening diamond lead was won with the ace in dummy and South ruffed a diamond.

NORTH ♠K952 **⊽K**7 ♦A8643 **♣**∧2 • WEST (D) EAST **♠**AJ106 ♥AQ962 ♦QJ95 **∇1084 ♣**Q954 SOUTH **♦**Q8743 **♥**J53 O 10 ♣KJ86

ding:

West

Pass

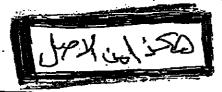
Dbi.

Both sides were vulnerable. The bid-10 1 Dbl. Pass 44 Pags Pags Pass Pass West led the diamond queen.

hand. After two rounds of clubs and a club ruff in the dummy, South reached this position: NORTH **+K9 08** WEST EAST. **♣**AJ 106 Q A 9 SOUTH **♦**Q87 48

When a diamond was led from dummy, East could not prevent South from scoring two trump tricks. A ruff with the ace would give away an overtrick, and after any other ruff South could overruff and ruff his club with the spade king to make his doubled

GLOBON



Trevino, a Famous Unknown, Stalks 3d Open

By Thomas Boswell Vashington Post Service

LE PAGE

Wie Wast Barry

ASHINGTON — Ten years ago this month, when he w a rubber snake at Jack Nicklaus on the first tee and beat him in a playoff at Merion to win his second U.S. en. Lee Trevino became famous.

ut now, as he returns to Philadelphia and another Mer-U.S. Open Thursday, many in golf, including Trevino self, say he barely became known at all.

June, 1971, Trevino became bona fide — a second en is considered proof of golf bloodlines. That thunderof success brought Trevino into the glare of publicity.
Try corner of his Dickensian life was lit.

is early sufferings were considered uplifting, amusing, is. Quickly, the myth of the funny man was profitably lace. Anything at odds with that role was left in shadow.

In the years have the other parts of golf's leastlomed superstar come to light, giving balance and hunity to what we knew and appreciated all along.

It is a melodramatic example, it's been a tour whisper for

rs that when Trevino began his comeback in '78 after ng struck by lightning and undergoing back surgery for a nured disc, the second-leading money winner in golf his-

'I didn't want to make a comeback," says Trevino now. had to make one. It got to a point where I was scared that rything I'd worked for would be gone.

Sure --- You Know

i'l'd invested badly. I had almost everything tied up in [failed] project and, until I got out of it, it was drawing arything. I still had our \$300,000 home, but it had a 40,000 mortgage. I had eight [antique] cars, but that san't amount to too much. And I had one piece of comrcial property all paid for that was worth maybe

Other than that, all I had was the rainbow." The rainyou know, the pot of gold that's buried under

end of the rainbow. I've always believed in that. But I . I to get my old tools out and dig for it again." . r's hard to find any aspect of Trevino that is not, at best,

ry half-understood. Trevino needs to be read like some of late works of Mark Twain - with trepidation lest we d the joke is on ourselves. People think Trevino's loosey-goosey," says Dale An-m, the PGA tour's public relations director. "In fact, he's

ht as a drum - so intense he has to talk and joke conntly to relieve the tension. "The reason he plays so fast is he has to. Trevino goes

solutely nuts if play is slow. It can destroy his game and 🜫 ier players know it." Says Trevino: "There ain't nothin' relaxed about me on a self course. All that jabbering is a pressure valve. If the me doesn't eat you up inside, you can't possibly be a great

Fans think Trevino is naturally gregarious. "Once he exps off the course, he's one of the least sociable, least nigoing guys on the tour." says Antrum. "He never, and I

ean never, eats outside his room."

Trevino, taking pleasure in being found out, says, "I never end any time with golfers away from the course. I don't ant to hear, 'At seven, I hit over the green...' After 6

in. I charge caddy fees to listen. "In a way, my personality is like [Muhammad] Ali's. In ont of a camera or a group, he's loud. But if you catch him one in a room, it's very difficult to hear a word he says." Even in the arcane technical debates of golf theory, Trevi-

"People think Lee's got a bad swing," says Antrum. "The nih is he might have the best swing. He is the only guy out ere who has every shot and will play 'em under pressure."
"Yes, I think I have the best swing on the tour," Trevino
19s. "Why have scores come down in the last 10 years? artly because they're imitating me — open position, fade, its of power and control from the right side. In the evolu-

on of the game, who says they invented the swing right ack then? Maybe it's supposed to be flat like mine.

Lee Trevino ... Rubber friend had Nicklaus snake-bitten.

"The best swing is the one that repeats. And that's what I have. Years ago, I had a 1-iron that I could hit 260 yards through a doorway. Now, I can hit it through the keyhole The bare bones of Trevino's life have a chilling quality. Like a magic lantern, they throw fascinating, sometimes frightening skeletal shadows. That he is as biting as he is facile, as philosophical as he is funny, should be no surprise.

This is a man, totally a creature of his past, who has forgotten nothing, forgiven little, learned from everything and always looked for a way to reconcile a good heart with a smart percentage play.

Trevino never has known his father or wanted to. His mother was a maid and his maternal grandfather, who was all the father he had, was a hard-drinking, itinerant gravedigger. Trevino grew up in a rural maintenance shack near Dallas with no electricity or plumbing. It wasn't degradation, but it was poverty.

A Messed-Up Kid

He dropped out of school in the eighth grade to earn money for the family. He took the closest job at hand—doing maintenance at the golf course vards from home. A solitary child, he was given to hunting rabbits or fishing alone ("I was a messed-up kid. I'd fall in love with a fence post"). He joined the Marines.

The Corps taught him responsibility, pride, hard-drinking and carousing. In his first tour of duty, he mastered the machine gun, setting a speed and accuracy record that still stands. In his re-up tour, he mastered golf, turning a childhood hobby (he was a caddy) into a vocation. He left the marines in 1960 with one fixed idea: to become a pro golfer.

For years, Trevino denied his seriousness of purpose, telling tales about simply being a public course hustler who played all comers with a 26-ounce Dr. Pepper bottle. Now, he admits, "From '60 to '67, I did nothing but play golf 15 hours a day. You don't start playing at 5 a.m. every morning and hit a thousand practice balls a day for seven years just to win some \$2 bet."

But while he found order on the course, Trevino found chaos off it. His first marriage ended, he says, because of his immaturity and drinking. His wife and son moved to Ohio.

Within months, he had married a 17-year-old girl who was a ticket-taker at the local movie house.

At every turn, his golf dreams were stymied. For four years, he worked at a rinky-dink par-3 course on the theory that it was a back door to getting a PGA tour eard. Then, after those four years, the range owner — the man Trevino considered a surrogate father — refused to sign papers validating his term of indentured servitude.

It took three more years, until he was 27, for Trevino to make the tour. Then, he played the rube, making fun of his own unorthodox swing, claiming it was all luck. But he won the 1968 Open. Says Trevino now: "When I came out here, my game was ready. From the first year, I did nothing but win tournaments and money."

And, from that first year, he has kept past and present separate in his mind. Trevino has never forgotten several personal slights at his first Masters; he has never set foot inside the Augusta National clubhouse. "For me," said Trevino recently, "the first major tournament of the year will be the Open at Merion. I don't count the Masters."

His refusal to pity himself may be the hole card that Trevino has been forced to play more than any other. His ill-fortune everywhere but on a golf course has never changed. He's working on his third fortune — having lost

Maxim for Life

"Everything's OK now," says Trevino. But he and business seem to be a tragic mix. Three days before this year's Masters, the largest investor in their Titusville, Fla., golf course-and-condominium project died of a heart attack. A few days later, so did the project's general manager.

Still, Titusville is working out, he says. "I've learned what to do and what not to do in business. The hard way. He has always maintained that hard work would see him through — and that the loss of that insight would undo him. Trevino's grandfather, the gravedigger who could drink "from 9 in the morning until dark and still drive away" and who lived just long enough to see him win an Open, was a man of one maxim: "You want a life, you work for it."

"A few years ago, I got to the point where I forgot that." says Trevino. "I got it all too fast. Stardom, recognition, whatever. It went to my head. I was neglecting practice,

making excuses, turning into a give-up artist.

"When I got hit by lightning [in 1975] and then had the back surgery [in 1976], it gave me almost a whole year to take a good look at myself. I realized that for years I'd felt myself floating away from hard work. I was getting away from the one thing I believe in. Pride in what you do well is what makes a man

At the age of 38, after falling to 33d place on the money list and battling a precarious back problem ("If somebody don't lift the bag out of the car for me, I don't play"), Trevino started to climb back to the summit.

In the morning, he hung upside down on a trapeze apparatus, then exercised for an hour to limber his back. More of the same at night. And he followed the law he had laid down to young pros for years: "If the sun is up, why aren't you playing golf?

Last season, at 40, Trevino won three tournaments and \$385,814 - more than \$150,000 more than ever before. And, for the fifth time, he won the Vardon Trophy for lowest stroke average on tour,

He lacked only one thing — a centerpiece, a major cham-pionship to call attention to all that had happened to him since his last major, the 1974 PGA. "I know what you're talking about," says Trevino, "I could still do it. The No. 1 goal is still the same — to win the big one, the Open.

"I may have spent a lot of time trying to find my game, but I haven't had to try to find myself," said Trevino during his troubles a couple of years ago. "I've known who I was all along. If I forget, I look at my driver's license." "I'm not one of those freaky cats sayin', 'Hey, man, where

you coming from?' and 'Where's it at?' I've always been 'at' the same place."

"Right here," said Lee Buck Trevino, stomping his proud

The Soccer Scene

A Rule-Proving Exception

Woodcock \$25,000, which could

pre-empt a transfer from his German club, FC Cologne.

The Krankls, the Cruyffs, the

Woodcocks — utterly differing

personalities and talents - have

one thing in common: Their skill is

in their boots and the fame and

fortune they pick up now may

Sturdy, left-footed and with the

acceleration to devastate England.

as in Basel, Switzerland, three

weeks ago, he has been arousing

Italian interests for three years. Sulser, 26, saw his clubmate

Raimondo leave and join then-Eu-

ropean champion Nottingham

Forest — and saw Raimondo

struggle for a first-team place,

struggle to retain any kind of grip

Yet it is not fear of failure that set Sulser back. Nor is he unin-

terested in playing for a foreign club. Says he: "I'd like to play abroad. It would be very interest-

ing both from a personal and play-

on his international status.

have to last a lifetime.

Sulser is different.

By Rob Hughes

International Herald Tribune LONDON — The last of the summer World Cup matches in Europe — Austria vs. Finland, Norway vs. Switzerland and Sweden vs. Portugal - offer more than anything else a belated chance for the greedy to hone in on cheap tal-

Most goalscorers from the little countries have by now become mercenaries to Italian, Spanish or West German paymasters. Indeed while clubs may have been robbed of their skills, agents and lawyers representing the players have become adept at insuring that if any-

one is exploited it is the paymaster. Curiously, however, this week's matches contain two proven international strikers who still operate from their homelands. The reasons that Claudio Sulser plays for Zurich and Hans Krankl for Rapid Vienna are virtually opposite.

Polarity

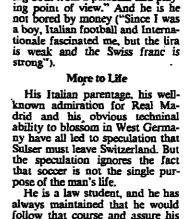
Krankl is a champion of the have-boots-will-travel breed. He sells his wares with the singlemindedness of a man who knows he is, at 27, well into the middle age of his high earning capacity. He will shoot left-footed goals for anyone. At the moment it happens to be Rapid Vienna, which has taken over his huge per-match fee while Barcelona, which holds his registration, searches for a buyer. As usual, the Italian purse

Milan is paying John Cruyff, the Dutchman, \$100,000 to guest for it in another concocted tournament among former "Super Cup" winners. Milan, like many a club, would mortgage its stadium to sign Cruyff — and Levante of Spain almost did so The little second did most did so. That little second division club hired Cruyff's nomadic services for a couple of months and ended up with players picketing the offices because they had not been paid.

Milan, meanwhile, should it be unable to tempt Cruyff to stay, is watching Krankl, whose lawyers have never shown aversion to talking money in anyone's language.

And in the same fake "Super

Cup" tournament in Italy, Inter Milan is paying Englishman Tony



follow that course and assure his future. The more goals he scores and the more thrills he so visibly draws from the game, the more the Italians in particular try to find his

Every soccer player may have one but, baffling as it may seem the moguls, the quality of life and the quest for qualifications beyond the playing field are, thankfully. still in existence.

As if to emphasize the point of soccer's insular demands, Manchester United has run into problems with three of its internationals. Irishmen Sammy McIlroy and Jimmy Nicholl and Welshman Mickey Thomas managed to miss the plane for the club's tour of the Far East.
"I was jadêd after playing for

Northern Ireland in Sweden." plained McIlroy, "and my little boy was ill with asthma. My family need me, and I realized I'd be no

NASL Standings



good to anyone, so I got off the plane and went home and phoned

the chairman Ducking off a plane bound for Malaysia looks suspiciously like professional players relieved of managerial restraint (Manchester

had sacked its manager) running off like spoiled truants. Yet there is no question that the clubs' greed is pushing players too far. One minute clubs, particularly in England, moan about being ferociously overburdened and the next minute they squeeze in trips across the world. There can be

only one reason: cash. And finally, for the record, here are some of the national champions - the big draws when it comes arranging lucrative friendly matches:

Anderlecht (Belgium), Gremio (Brazil), Aston Villa (England), St.-Etienne (France), Bayern Munich (West Germany), AZ67 Alkmaar (Holland), Juventus (Italy). Benfica (Portugal), Celtic (Scot-land), Real Sociedad de San Sebas-tian (Spain), Zurich (Switzerland), Trabzonspor (Turkey), Red Star

Belgrade (Yugoslavia). Major European honors went to Liverpool (Champions Cup), Dy-namo Tbilisi (Cup Winners Cup) and Ipswich (UEFA Cup).

Transactions

BASE BALL
American Leegue
CLEVELAND—Asslaned Dove Garcia, manaser, la Charlesten of the International Leogue;
Dove Duncon, coach, to Chattanoopa of the
Southern Leogue; Tom McCraw, coach, to
Wateriou of the Aldwest Leogue, and Joe Nossek
and Dennis Sommers, coaches, to the Batavio
Trotans of the New York-Penn Leogue during
the malor teogue strike.

he major league strike.

MILWAUKEE—Signed Dan Davidmeler.

Shortstop: Bill Weaman, Bryan Clutherbuck, Bill
Hoff, Mike Villagos, Mike Myerchin, Charles
Diakins and Bruce Williams, pitchers; Bart
Brainard and Colin Tonobe, calchers, and Eric

Brainard and Colin Tonobe, catchers, and Eric Pevion, outlielder, to tree-opent contracts. Assigned Villages to their Burlington farm club. Brainard to their Stockton term team, and the others to their Butte, Mont., form club.

Noticed Leepue

CINCINNAT—Signed Guy Findelson, pitcher: Terrance McGriff, catcher; Charles Jennings, second baseman; Jeff Rhodes, outlielder; Thomas Riley, sturfistap, and Gary DeSa, short-stop-second baseman, Assigned Rilley to Eupene, Ore, of the Northwest League, and the others to Billings, Mont. of the Planeer League.

NEW YORK—Signed Ken Harris and Bruce NEW YORK—Signed Ken Harris and Bruci

Kastelic shortstops: Richard Web Staten, pitchers: Larry McNutt, first ba Stater, bitchers; Larry McNutt, first baseman; Edward Gorten, third baseman; Russell Ortick, Scott Holidov and Alike Harlander, auffielders, and Larry Casszewski. Catcher, to Irre-assent contracts. Assigned Harris, Gorten, Staton, Casszewski, Holidov and Harlander to Little Falls of the New York-Penn League. Assigned Webster. McNutt and Ortick to Kingsport in the Appolachian League, and Kastellic to the Shelby of the South Atlantic League. PHILADELPHIA—Staned Johnny Abreso. pitcher; Charles Penlagar, auffielder, and Vince

PHILADELPHIA—Issued Johanny Agreeo, plicher: Charles Penjagn outlieder, and Vince Soreco, cotcher, to tree open! contracts. As-signed Soreco to Reading of the Eastern Leopus. and Abrego and Penjagn is Helena, Mant. of the Ploneer Rookle Leopus. BASKETBALL National Basketbuil Association
DETROIT—Signed Richard Johnson.

o a multiyear, free-assat controct. FOOTBALL Casadian Football League MONTREAL—Traded Gree Barrow, offi

lineman, to Hamilton for Jim Heighton, defen sive tackle. Obtained Randy Fournier, oftensys

drefi choics.

Notional Football League
BUFFALD—Signed Booker Moore, fullback to a series of five one-year contracts.
CLEVELAND—Signed Kevin Accilii, offersive tackle, claimed Hector Gray, cornerback, as procedural walvers from the Defroit Lions.
DETROIT—Signed Mark Nichols, wide receiver, and Don Graco, offersive guard, to multivear

NEW ENGLAND-Signed Cris Crissy, tree N.Y. JETS--Acquired Kyle Grossort, quarter

N.Y. JETS—Acculred Kvie Grossert, awarterback, on wolvers from Ookland. Released Craig
Penrasa, quarterback, Sisned Horner Jones, running back, and Kurl Sohn, wide receiver, to treetigent confracts.
PHILADELPHIA—Signed Dean Airottal,
suard. Signed John Scierra, free safety-kick rehurner, to a two-vear confract.
HOCKEY
Retional Hockey League
HARTFORD—Signed Greg Millen, goalie, to a
multivear contract.

GEORGIA-Named Ray Goff director of foot

igit recruiting. SLIPPERY ROCK—Named Fred Goldsmitt

Tennis Seems Odds-On for Olympic Reinstatement Who would be allowed to play in an Olympic tournament? That over all their prize money to their agreements on what constituted an the Olympics will not be for Bjorn By Geoffrey Miller Borg and John McEnroe and Jimin an Olympic tournament? That my Connors, the big-money pros. will be a tricky problem for the The Associated Press national federations. It could be for up-and-coming ITF. "Our rules are quite clear," gray was poor. The word "amateur," once the said. "A player is a professional if

barred from the Games.

tion is free to decide for itself who

David Gray, secretary of the

ITF, said there is no question of

players from Communist countries

who compete on the pro circuit

LONDON — Odds are better han all of Wimbledon's prize noney to a plate of strawberries nd cream that tennis will soon be ack in the Olympic Games.

It has been confirmed as an exibition sport for the 1984 Games n Los Angeles, with nobody win-ing any medals. The next step probably at the session of the Inernational Olympic Committee in september — will be to give tennis I full place in the Olympic proram.

No Objections Juan Antonio Samaranch, presi-ient of the IOC, has spoken in favor of it. The IOC program commission has recommended it. Nobody in the Olympic world has of-

fered serious objections. If the IOC gives its approval, tennis will be in the Games of 1988 after a lapse of 64 years. It will be up to the International Tennis Federation to decide how the Olympic tournament will be run, how many plyers will compete and how they will be chosen.

One thing is certain. Tennis in

Poles Enter World Games The Associated Press

SANTA CLARA, Calif. — Poland has become the latest country to enter the World Games, the 17sport event scheduled here July 24-Aug. 2. Poland will send a trampoline contingent to the games.

Fighter Mattioli Retires

The Associated Press MILAN - Former world junior middleweight champion Rocky Mattioli has announced he was quitting boxing following his loss Thursday to Clement Tshinza of Zaire. Mattioli ended his career with a record of 55 wins, 2 draws youngsters like Kathy Rinaldi, the 14-year-old U.S. schoolgirl who

She would be eligible under the Olympic charter, if an Olympic tournament were being planned right now. Wimbledon champions

On the pro circuit, where tennis has become part sport and part show business, cynics have suggested there is no point in putting the sport back in the Olympics. Philippe Chatrier, president of the ITF, takes a different view.

"It is not fully appreciated how much this would mean to the grass roots of tennis around the world," said Chatrier. "In many countries governments will give tennis much bigger financial grants if it becomes an Olympic sport. There are still parts of the world where the Olympics are rated above everything else in sport.

"And there's another thing. Young players might stay out of the professional ranks a little longer if they thought they could win Olympic medals. We think it

would be good for the game."

Samaranch has said he favors pools of 32 players each in men's singles and women's singles. He does not want doubles because he wants to avoid adding too many competitors to Olympic village, already considered by many to be over-populated.

Garden's Clancy Resigns The Associated Press NEW YORK - Gil Clancy will resign his position as boxing matchmaker as Madison Square Garden July 1 to become a full-time television commentator, the

Garden has announced.



Kathy Rinaldi

... Olympic prototype.

Commentary

Cold-Stove League's Ashes

"On Friday," writes a man we know who likes his baseball, "I would have gone home after work, had dinner and then settled down to watch the Yankees "The rules are known to all, and the unending varion TV. But since there was no game, I grabbed a sandwich at the deli and went to see 'Raiders of the Lost Ark.' Entertaining, but I went home in a sour mood nevertheless.

Early Arrival

"On Saturday, when I might have watched part of the game before going to a party, I finished Gorky Park and still got to the party too early.

"On Sunday, I got into an argument with a friend who's delighted with the strike. He thinks baseball is the most boring sport ever invented. Normally, I'm patient with baseball critics. If they can't appreciate its constant potential for the heroic, the sly and the impredictable, that's their loss. This time, I was

surprised by my passion. Why so short-tempered, I wondered? I think it's

because I'm afraid of something.
"Deep down, I know baseball is just as crass and unruly as the real world, but I prefer the illusion baseball as an amiable, ordered world contained within the neat geometry of a stadium. Colonel and cab

ations are available to all for interpretation. "Strike or no strike, the need for the small change of conversation persists. Already I hear people talking in the corridors the way they do in the wintertime, in what the sports writers call the hot-stove league.

"The strike, says a Baltimore Oriole rooter, is a hidden blessing to the Yankees, giving its injured pitchers time to heal. Perhaps not, says a Yankee fan; it may be a curse, cooling off the intensity that produced 9 wins in their last I! games.

Messily Mundane

"But soon the speculation will turn stale. The longer the strike lasts, the more games that are wiped out and the more statistics that are defiled, the more the illusion of shared order will be defiled as well. Then baseball will look just as messy as the world outside the stadium. What I wonder is: Do the owners and the players

understand that? What I'm afraid of is that illusions only die once." THE NEW YORK TIMES.

core of Olympic thinking, no longhe plays for prize money, whether has burst onto the world tennis cir- er appears in the Olympic charter. he keeps the money himself or Emerging Czech stars like Ivan Lendi and Hana Mandlikova do is a professional and should be not even pretend to be amateurs.

They hand over percentages of their winnings but are allowed to keep some of it. The Russians are in a different league. They pulled their players out of the professional circuit in 1977, apparently because they foresaw Olympic tennis and want-

ed to preserve their players' eligi-Such stars as Alex Metreveli and Olga Morozova, who used to hand over their prize money to the Soviet Tennis Federation, would be considered ineligible for the Olympics, according to Gray's assess-

Who Knows?

ment.

But nobody knows what has been happening in Soviet tennis in the last four years.

Young players developing in the Soviet Union right now, unknown to the rest of the world, could become Olympic medalists in 1988. The charter says simply that to qualify for the Olympics a sport must be practiced on at least three continents and in 40 countries. A recent Unesco survey said 135 mil-

lion people worldwide play tennis.

Gray thinks the Unesco figures are

on the high side. Tennis was a regular Olympic sport from 1900 to 1924. It dropped out partly because of dis-

Wrigley to Sell Cubs to Tribune For \$20 Million

The Associated Press CHICAGO - William Wrigley said Tuesday he will sell the Chicago Cub baseball team to the parent company of The Chicago Tribune for \$20.5 mil-lion. Wrigley owns 81 percent of the National League club's outstanding stock.

The sale is subject to the approval of the league and the team's board of directors and stockholders.

Stanton R. Cook, president

and chief executive office of the

Tribune Co., confirmed the transaction and said the purchase is expected to be accomplished promptly. He noted that the Cubs and Tribune broadcasting properties have been associated for many years. The first WGN ra-

dio broadcast of Cub baseball

was in 1924 and WGN-TV be-

gan its television coverage in 1948. The Tribune Co. owns

both.

amateur and partly, according to Gray, because the organization At the 1912 Games in Stock-

holm, one match lasted nearly six

hours because the ballboys walked

off for a long lunch break and the players had to retrieve the balls themselves. The first woman to win an Olympic gold medal was a tennis player, Charlotte Cooper of Britain, who won Wimbledon five times between 1895 and 1908. She

won her gold in 1900, the first year

women were admitted to Olympic

competition. Her son, Rex Sterry, now a senior member of the All-England Club at Wimbledon, said she had her gold medal melted and gave the proceeds to hospital charities.

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Observer Flicking the Dial

By Russell Baker

NEW YORK — Saturday afternoon with the TV set:

. and that's the scene here at the 12th hole in Dubrovnik, where Watson has just birdied his five iron to fall two runs behind Mario Andretti. Now we go to Lake Ladoga for the quarterfinal competition in water skiing

where . . . "Is that why you lied when you told O'Toole you felt a giant turkey brush past you after the lights went out

for the seance?" "You can't pin this rap on me, shamus. Myra

Summers was killed by a peck from a giant turkey. What's more . bases loaded and two out

here in the seventh inning. Look at that little fellow sleeping, Wally." . . so don't wait another second. Rush right out and tell your hardware salesman Pete Petcock sent you, and he'll give you a

. . . and lots more on Eyeball to Eyeball News at 6 o'clock with anchorman Ernie . . "Do you see the same thing I

see, Speedy?" "It's a mummy, all right, and it's walking."

". . . from my fresh youthful skin that I am 57 years old, would you? The secret of eternally youthful skin is right here

... scoring two runs ahead of him! Look at his teammates pour out of the dugout to congratulate

"Speaking of dugouts, Wally, that plane they flew us out here on yesterday smelled like a . . ." big heaping plate of fried chicken and a mountain of cole

slaw that'll make the whole family lick their chops and shout for . . ." "... and you were lying when you told O'Toole that Mrs. Danvers had been secretly breed-

"Just a minute, shamus. Have you seen this coroner's report? Myra Summers may have been

pecked by a giant turkey, but the

peck didn't kill her. Examination

ing giant turkeys."

inhaled lethal mummy dust. You

know what that means?" "Of course, somebody lied to O Toole when they said there were no mummies in the room during the seance. Now we're

" crispy, crunchy, yummy, chunky goodies for gluttonous kiddies. Good for Fido, too, with twice as much tailwagging, meaty-tasting heartiness and codles and oodles of . . ."

". . . international summer skijumping competition here in Marrakesh. Now we switch you to Munich for the semifinals in the Bavarian Cosmic Tennis Tournament for a purse of \$750,000. Bjorn Borg

is seeded with this unique roach poison. See how Mr. Cockroach walks right in and then . . . "

... turns into a giant turkey under the power of the full moon? But where does he get the mummy dust that he forces his victims to

"Fil ask the questions, Hoskins. Why did you lie to O'Toole when you told him Mrs. Danvers hadn't imported any mummies from Egypt during the past six weeks?"

Because ..."

. . I need something to re-lieve the painful symptoms of hemorrhoids doc."

"Well, why don't you try . . ."
". . . your New York Yankee
baseball cap. Offer good

. we get this mummy off Jupiter and get him back to Earth where Doctor Kinsolving can subject the wrappings to ionic scan." You mean we're gonna be locked into this spaceship with that mummy all the way back to Earth? I don't like it, Speedy. That thing looks . . uncanny like . . like . . .

". . . a grant from the Exxon Corporation. This afternoon our guests will discuss the evolution of lute music. Did you know that in ancient China . . .

". . . they play this unique version of golf with pole-vaulting sticks, and we will bring it to you from Spokane next Saturday afternoon. Now, this word from Mario

 Round up the usual Is that why you lied when you told O'Toole . . . ?"
New York Times Service

Lisa Lyon: Lady in Weighting

Giving a Lift to Bodybuilding Feminine Style

By Tony Komheiser Washington Post Service

WASHINGTON — Lisa Lyon works out with weights 21/2 hours a day, six days a week, but when you meet her you see that the veins in her arms don't stick out like worms marching to Pretoria, and her pecs and her lats aren't the size of Utah. She was the first World Women's Bodybuilding champion, but she can't crack a walnut with her biceps and she doesn't use testosterone so she doesn't need a shave.

The eyelashes flutter and the voice is soft, and the words come out like so: "You're not condemned to develop some gross, caricatured body just because you work out with weights. . . . People who get to that massive bulky state have made a conscious decision to do it. It's not something that happens overnight - you have to work hard at it. I don't want to criticize them if that's their idea of beauty; beauty is a subjective evaluation. But I don't want that. So it's a matter of

stopping."
And then she strikes a pose. Not a competitive bodybuilding pose as much as a check-it-out kind of pose. No matter how you stack 105 pounds on a 5-foot-3 frame, it isn't going

to bulge like a cheap canvas bag.

"Jesus, look at me. People don't look at
my body and get intimidated."

Lyon was a graduate student at UCLA (after a bachelor's degree, cum laude, in anthropology) when she started lifting. She says she did it to "get a little more upper-body strength," but after a while she began to see was creating a new aesthetic and a new standard of beauty — a high-tech body." Bo-dybuilders work in front of mirrors, forging their fearful symmetry; they stare so much at themselves that their eyes ought to be eligible for Medicare. And the more she stared at it, the more she liked it, so she began going to Gold's Gym, the Versailles of the Beefcake Palaces, and pumping iron with a vengeance, seeking perfection.

Resented by Male Bodybuilders

"A lot of the men bodybuilders there resented being invaded by a woman. They thought I'd be in the way, and they thought I wasn't serious. Some, I'm sure, thought I was there to pick up guys, not weights. And some just wanted to watch me in a sexual way. . . . But after a while they realized that I was serious about bodybuilding, and they became very helpful, although I must admit that there was a significant amount of jealousy when the camera crews and the television stations started coming around to film me that's why I've always been very careful to give them the respect they deserve.

Not that the acceptance came easily. There are still millions of women seeking that macrobiotic nirvana, trying to pour themselves



Lyon: "People don't get intimidated."

into Calvin Klein jeans, who would take one look at Lisa Lyon's lats and yelp in horror. Lyon's own mother, when she found out that her daughter was training with Arnold (That Was No Beachball, That Was My Bicep) Schwarzenegger, suggested — only half-jok-ingly — that Lisa change her name to avoid embarrassing the family.

Posed in Nude

But now, at 27, after five years of training and a self-help book called "Lisa Lyon's Body Magic" in which Lyon occasionally poses nude, giving the book a soft-core porn quality, Lyon is built like a jaguar, and mom is putting the copy of Playboy for which Lisa posed on the coffee table.

"In the '50s you had women like Marilyn Monroe who were strictly sex objects," Lyon says. "In the '60s you had Twiggy, who started the undernourished, androgynous style. In the '70s there was Farrah. Now, in the '80s, health is a reality. Women are building up their bodies without sacrificing beauty or feminimity. . . . Vogue this month is all about the active body. It's talking about optimum weight for health — not skinningss. I feel I represent a trend. And this isn't just some vain, vapid thing I've done. This isn't. Ladies, want to get in shape for the summer?" — Give me a break."

Ask Lyon how she'd like to look and she says, "Like an animal, a sleek, feline animal." Ask her what the ultimate compliment to her look would be and she says, "If someone saw me and asked, "What planet did SHE come from?" "

She is highly articulate, no question about that. And she has a good sense of humor, telling a radio interviewer. "... just introduce me as one of the most talented and beautiful women on the planet, and it's an honor to sit across the table from me . . . A self-promoter of the first order, Lyon realizes that bodybuilding is not yet baseball (or even box lacrosse) in the U.S. national mindset, and that already a legion of women lifters, eating steroids and injecting testosterone, have bulked up so fast as to make her look-like a Before rather than an After. "I've made my contribution," Lyon says. "I started this sport. It's not my fault other women want to take it farther."

Well, You Can't Stop It'

But she knows, as far as cashing in is concerned, it's now or never. She says "a pretty girl can sell anything," but if the trend in women's bodybuilding continues the next flight of champions will look like refugees from a Lon Chaney film festival.

"You can't say it's not beauty," Lyon says. Then, rearticulating, "Well, you can't stop

She was in Washington recently, accompanied by her husband of three months, Bernard Lavilliers, a French rock star, and together the two of them looked like unimpeachable sources from the counterculture. For reasons known only to her (and perhaps a punk-rock group like The Dead Boys) she was wearing black mesh stockings, a black leather skirt, a thin, white Saran Wrap shirt, heavy eye shadow and three earrings in each ear. Let's say that you wouldn't have mistaken her for the star of "Little Miss Muffet Goes to the Convent." Maybe the best way to describe her look is to say that she could be a bouncer-bunny at a Playboy

No More Muscle Magazine Photos

Speaking of Playboy, Lyon says she posed because "if I didn't do it, someone else would have, and they would have trashed her." She says she had full photo control of the layout. The fact is, I didn't need another picture in Muscle Magazine — the people who read Playboy are the ones that need to be educat-

ed to this concept of femininity."

Speaking of bouncing, Lyon says she hasn't yet been challenged to fight by some bozo on a barstool who knew she was a bodybuilder. "But some guys have asked me to arm wrestle."

Could she . Deck somebody?"

"Probably. But I won't be put in that situation - I just don't read Victim."

Two 15th-century paintings by Albrecht Dürer that were stolen the secrecy surrounding what the bride of the year will wear when from a German castle occupied by she walks down the aisle of St. U.S. troops in 1945 must be returned by a New York lawyer and Paul's Cathedral. The villagers of art collector to an East German museum, a federal judge ruled. The lawyer, Edward L Elicofon, said he had bought the two 11-by-91/2-inch oil-on-wood portraits by the German Renaissance master in 1946 for \$450 from a "young American ex-serviceman" whose name he had since forgotten. An attorney for the East German mu-

The announcement lifted a little of

PEOPLE: Judge Orders Return
Of 2 Dürers to Weimar

entitled, as owner, to possession."

Elicofon said he would appeal.

Since 1969, when the legal skir-mishing began, the works have

Weimar. The two works were

painted in 1499 and were color portraits of Hans Tucher and his

wife. Felicitas, members of a prom-

inent Nuremberg family. The por-

traits disappeared from the castle

at Schwarzburg, near Weimar,

shortly after the Nazi surrender in May, 1945. Until 1927 the por-

traits were part of the private art

collection of the Grand Dake of

Saxe-Weimar-Eisenach. In 1927

title to the grand duke's art collec-

tion passed to the government of

the state of Thuringia. Until 1943

the paintings were on exhibition in

the Staatliche Kunstsammlungen

zu Weimar, the predecessor to the

present museum. Officials of the

museum, fearing that Weimar would be bombed, had the Dürer

portraits moved to the castle at

Schwarzburg. In June, 1945, a U.S.

Army regiment was stationed at the castle. Mishler cited an ac-

count by Dr. Walter Scheidig, then director of the Staatliche Kunst-

sammlungen, that the "disappear-ance of the Dürer portraits from Schwarzburg Castle coincided in

time with the departure of the

American troops from the castle"

Lady Diana Spencer will wear a

silk dress made from material pro-

duced by Britain's only silk farm for her July 29 wedding to Prince

Charles, heir to the British throne,

Buckingham Palace has disclosed.

on July 2, 1945.

Lullingstone, in Dorset, south of London, have been gathering tons of mulberry leaves to fatten their silkworms to produce the thread. Lady Diana's gown will continue a 45-year-old tradition of using Lullingstone silk at royal occasions. Queen Mary, Queen Elizabeth IPs grandmother, began it in 1936 by having her coronation robes made from it. The present queen chose it seum, Kunstsammlungen zu for her wedding dress when she Weimar, said the paintings were worth "millions of dollars." Judge married Prince Philip Nov. 20, 1947, and for her coronation robes Jacob Mishler of Federal District Court in Brooklyn, ruling in a suit that began in 1969, said that "the in 1953. Details of the processing of the Lullingstone silk thread weaving it into cloth, dying and Kunstsammlungen, as a matter of the final assembly into Lady Dialaw, has demonstrated that the na's dress - are still a secret. Dürers were stolen and that it is

The U.S. State Department concedes there "may well have been held under court order in a New York City bank vault. Mishler's ruling did not say when the paintings had to be returned to been some lapses" in communicating with families of the Iran hostages during the long crisis, but rejected complaints that it "didn't give a damn" about their welfare. Dorothea Morefield of San Diego, in a weekend interview with United Press International, accused the department of failing to provide information and support the families' needs during their 444-day ordeal. Mrs. Morefield is the wife of Richard Morefield, former U.S. consul general in Tehran. Morefield, who plans to continue his 25year career in the Foreign Service, described some of the problems as the result of "bureaucratic ineptness." Department spokesman Da-vid Passage said: "I don't really know what the precise facts are, but I regret she holds the views that she does and that she has expressed. Everybody in this building who was working on the hostage crisis was working on it as hard as they could. At the time, there may well have been some

> He's the first American artist ever given a major one-man show in China and, according to Oakland-born Dong Kingman, the exhibition of 103 of his paintings has been packing them in in Peking. "To my astonishment, about 5,000 people came the opening day," said Kingman, who has just re-turned from China, where his paintings are still on a tour that began May 27.

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